

A detailed picture of Higgs boson interactions from the ATLAS experiment

中国科学技术大学 学术报告

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- Introduced a field with *a special potential*

$$V = \mu^2 \Phi^\dagger \Phi + \lambda (\Phi^\dagger \Phi)^2$$

- Lagrangian of the field has same symmetry as gauge theory

$$\mathcal{L} = T - V = (D_\mu \Phi)^\dagger (D^\mu \Phi) - V(\Phi)$$

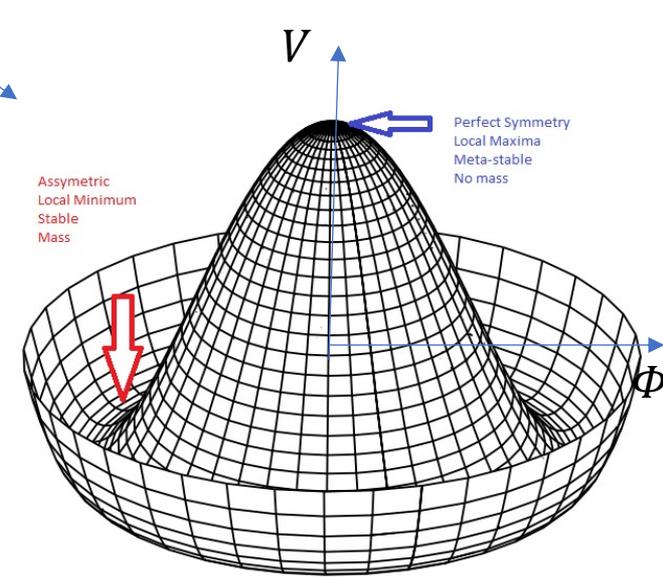
$$\text{where } D_\mu = \partial_\mu - ig \vec{W}_\mu \cdot \vec{\sigma} - ig' \frac{Y}{2} B_\mu$$

(\vec{W}_μ & B_μ are gauge fields)

- If $\mu^2 < 0$, then spontaneous symmetry breaking
→ continuously degenerate ground state at non-zero field. The minimum of potential at

$$\langle \Phi \rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ v \end{pmatrix}$$

Spontaneous Symmetry Breaking



Every ground state breaks the symmetry!

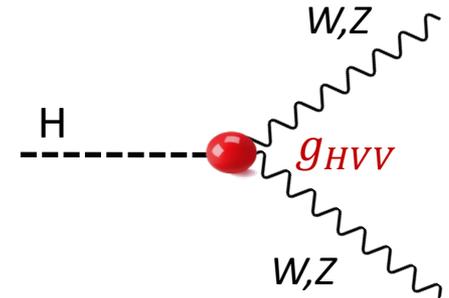
Expanding the Φ field around vacuum:

$$\phi(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ v + H(x) \end{pmatrix}$$

Higgs Potential $V = \mu^2 \Phi^\dagger \Phi + \lambda (\Phi^\dagger \Phi)^2$

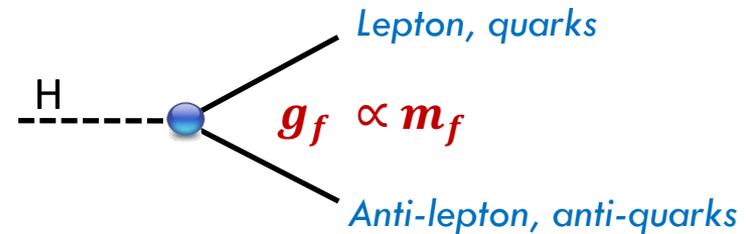
→ **W & Z become massive & interacting with H**

$$\begin{aligned} (D^\mu \phi)^\dagger D_\mu \phi &= \frac{1}{2} (\partial_\mu H)^2 + M_W^2 W^{\mu+} W_\mu^- \left(1 + \frac{H}{\nu}\right)^2 + \frac{1}{2} M_Z^2 Z^\mu Z_\mu \left(1 + \frac{H}{\nu}\right)^2 \\ &= \frac{1}{2} (\partial_\mu H)^2 + M_W^2 W^{\mu+} W_\mu^- + \frac{2M_W^2}{\nu} W^{\mu+} W_\mu^- H + \frac{M_W^2}{\nu^2} W^{\mu+} W_\mu^- H^2 \\ &\quad + \frac{1}{2} M_Z^2 Z^\mu Z_\mu + \frac{M_Z^2}{\nu} Z^\mu Z_\mu H + \frac{M_Z^2}{2\nu^2} Z^\mu Z_\mu H^2 \end{aligned}$$



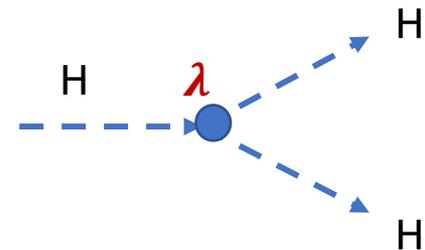
→ **Generate Fermion Mass**

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{Yukawa}}^f = g_f (\bar{L}_f \Phi f_R^- + \Phi^\dagger \bar{f}_R^- L_f)$$

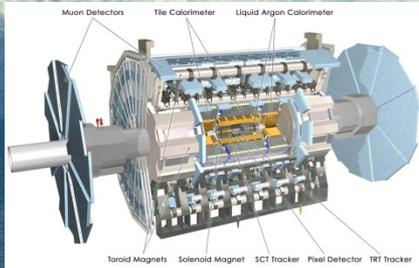


→ **Higgs boson massive; self-interactions**

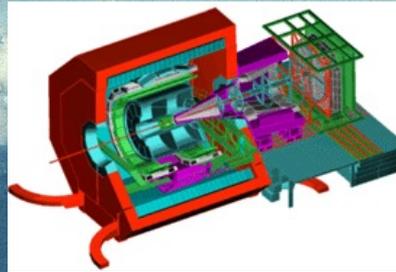
$$V(\phi) = -\frac{\mu^4}{4\lambda} - \mu^2 H^2 + \lambda \nu H^3 + \frac{\lambda}{4} H^4$$



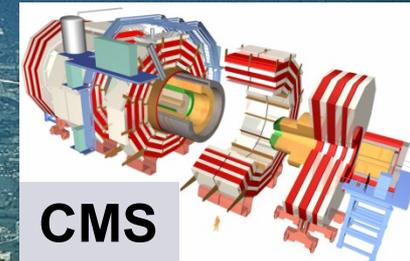
Large Hadron Collider at CERN



ATLAS

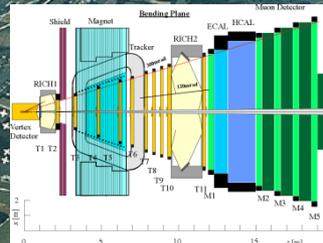


ALICE



CMS

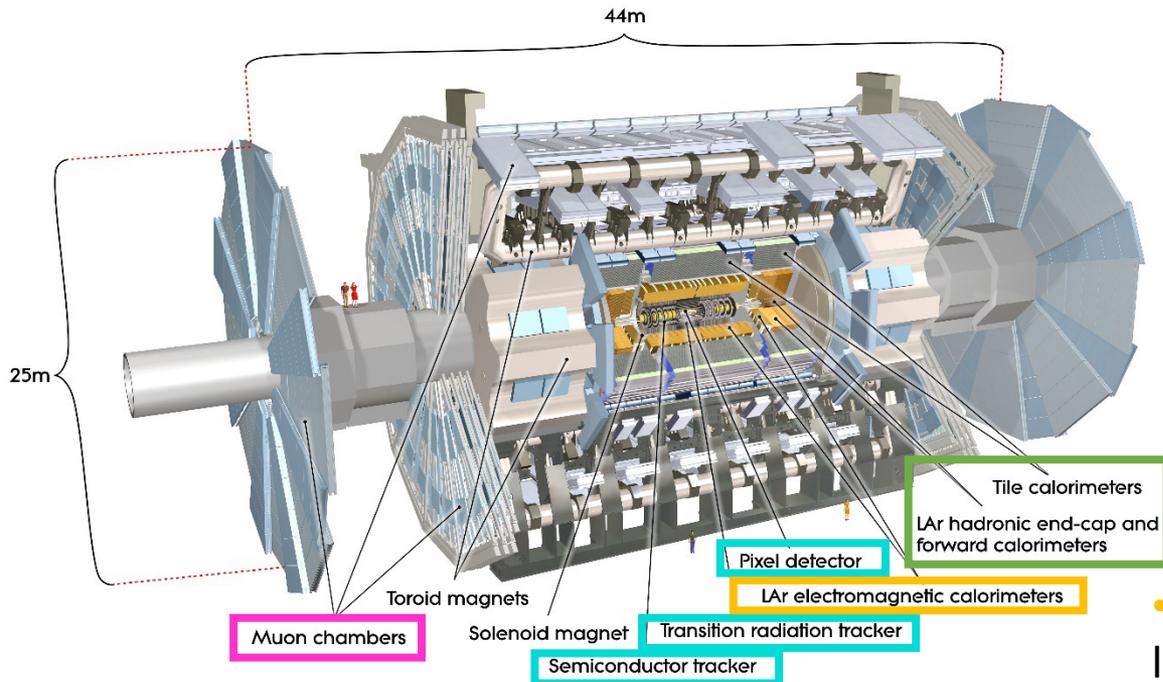
CERN



LHCb

LHC: 27 km, the world's largest proton-proton collider (7-14 TeV)

- **Solenoid Magnet: 2T**
- **Toroid Magnets: 0.5-1T**



- **Hadronic calorimeter** ($|\eta| < 4.9$):
Fe/scintillator Tiles (central)
Cu/W-LAr (forward)
Trigger and measurement of jets and E_T^{miss} .

- **EM calorimeter** ($|\eta| < 3.2$):
liquid-argon
e/ γ trigger, identification and measurement.

- **Muon Spectrometer** ($|\eta| < 2.7$):
Monitored Drift Tubes, Cathode Strip Chambers, Resistive Plate Chambers, Thin Gap Chamber
Muon trigger and tracking.

- **Inner detector** ($|\eta| < 2.5$):
Si Pixels, Si strips, Transition Radiation detector (straws),
Precise tracking and vertexing, e/ π separation.

At Large Hadron Collider

Discovery of Higgs Boson



Discovery production & decay modes



Cross-section, coupling,
property measurements

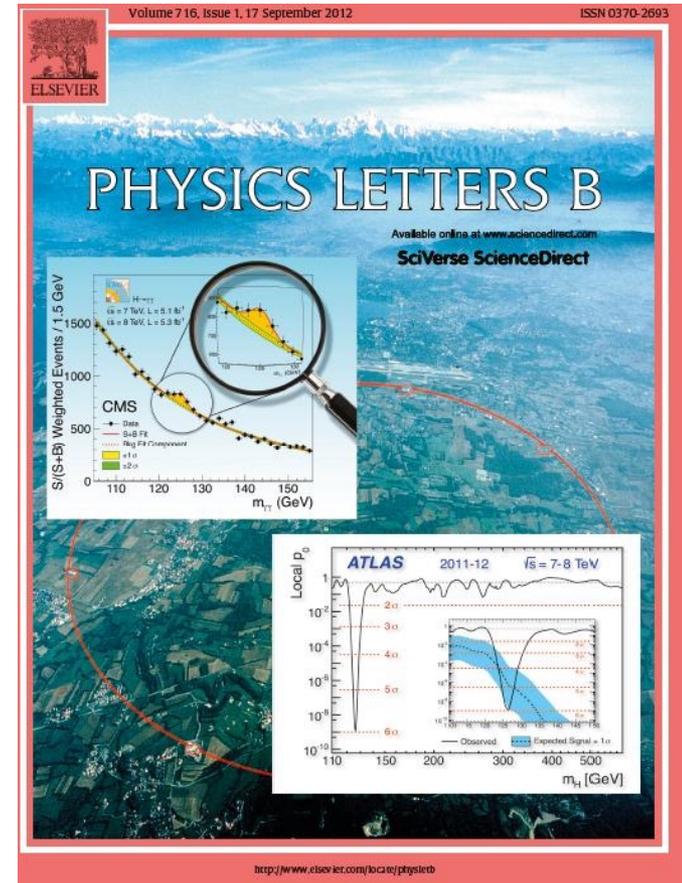
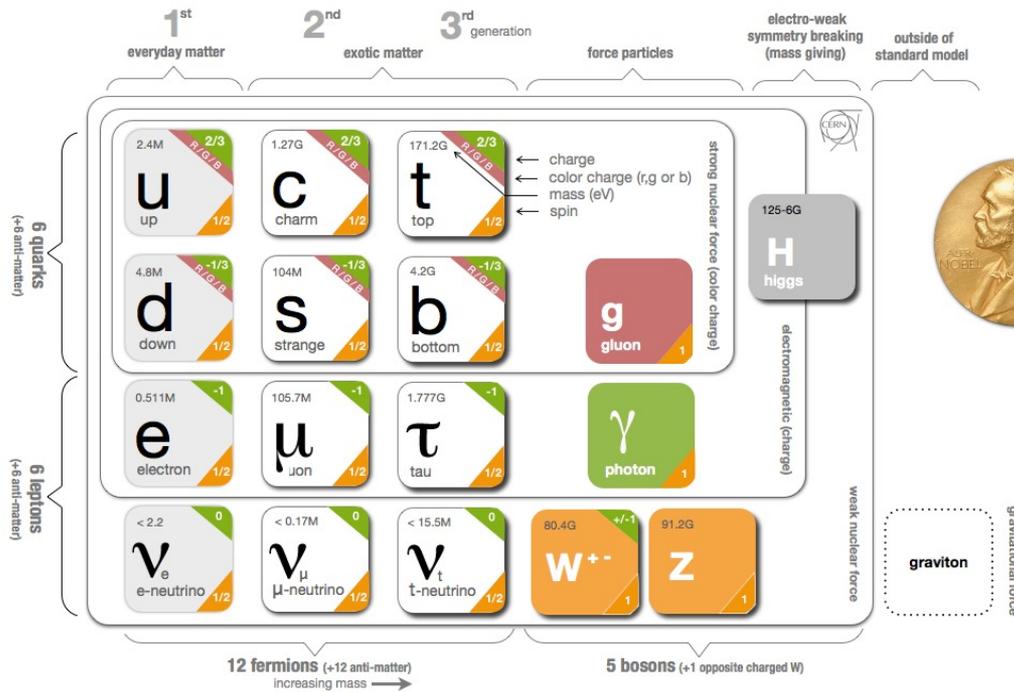


Explore the Higgs **self-interactions**



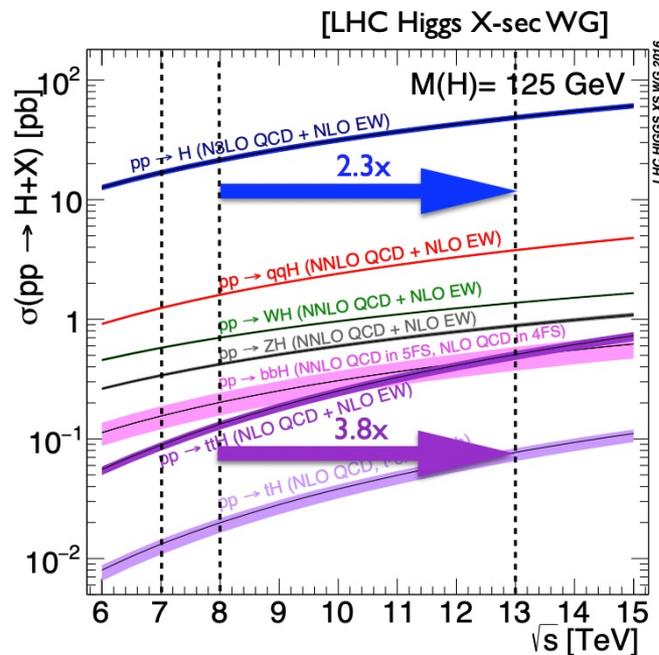
Use Higgs as a tool to **search for new physics**

- **Mass** 0.09% precision:
 125.11 ± 0.11 GeV
- **Width** closing in on
SM $4.6_{-2.5}^{+2.6}$ MeV
- Spin 1 and 2 excluded
> 99.99%
- pure CP odd state
excluded > 3σ

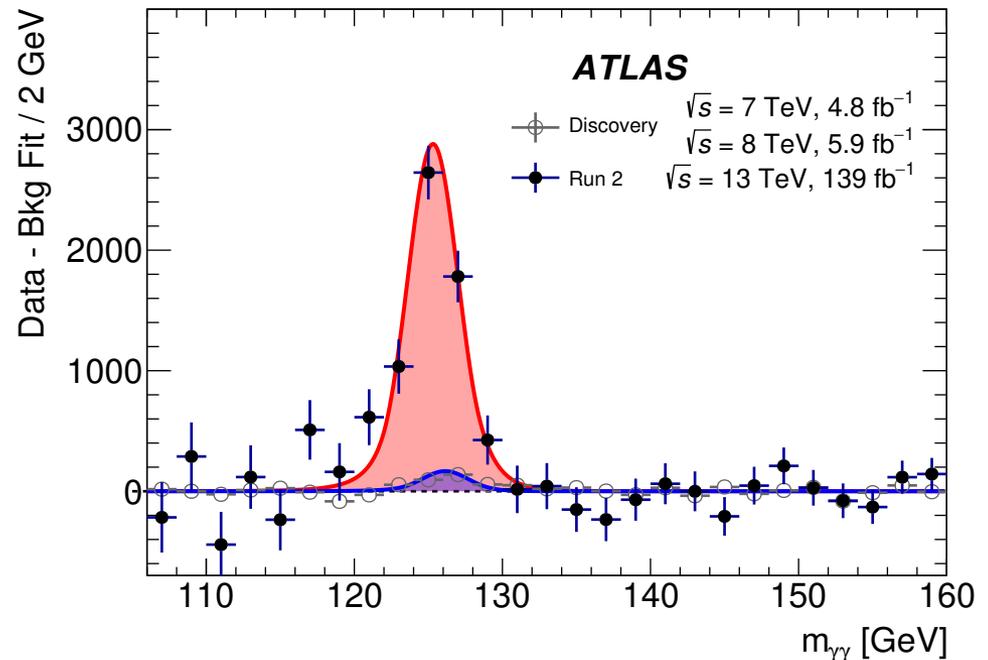


- July 4th 2012, **Discovery of Higgs boson** → ATLAS and CMS [[PLB paper](#)]
- Nobel Prize in Physics in 2013 → Peter Higgs and François Englert

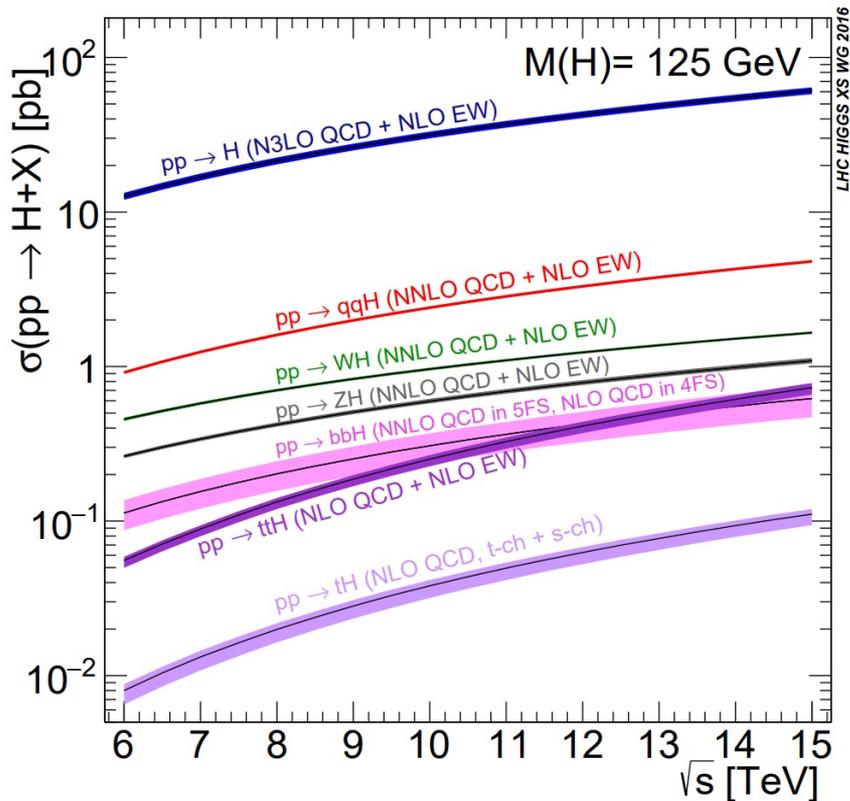
- In LHC Run-2, **30x** more Higgs recorded by the ATLAS detector, allows for **precise measurements** of **cross-sections**, **couplings** and **properties**, **search for rare decay modes**, and test **phase space** hasn't been probed before.



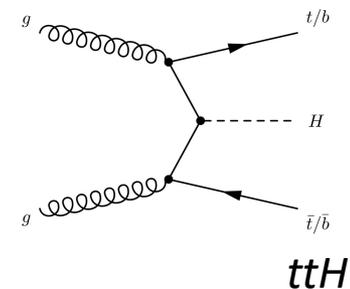
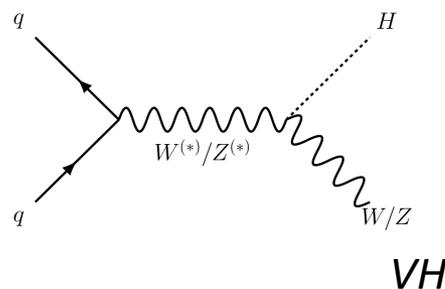
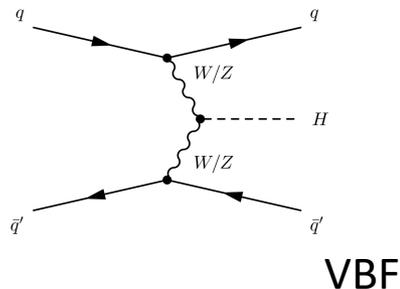
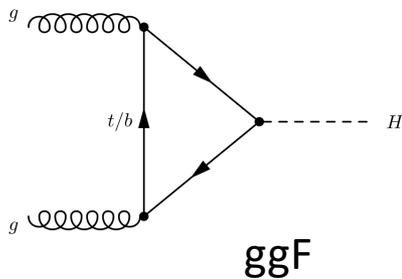
Significant increase in production rate from Run-1 to Run-2

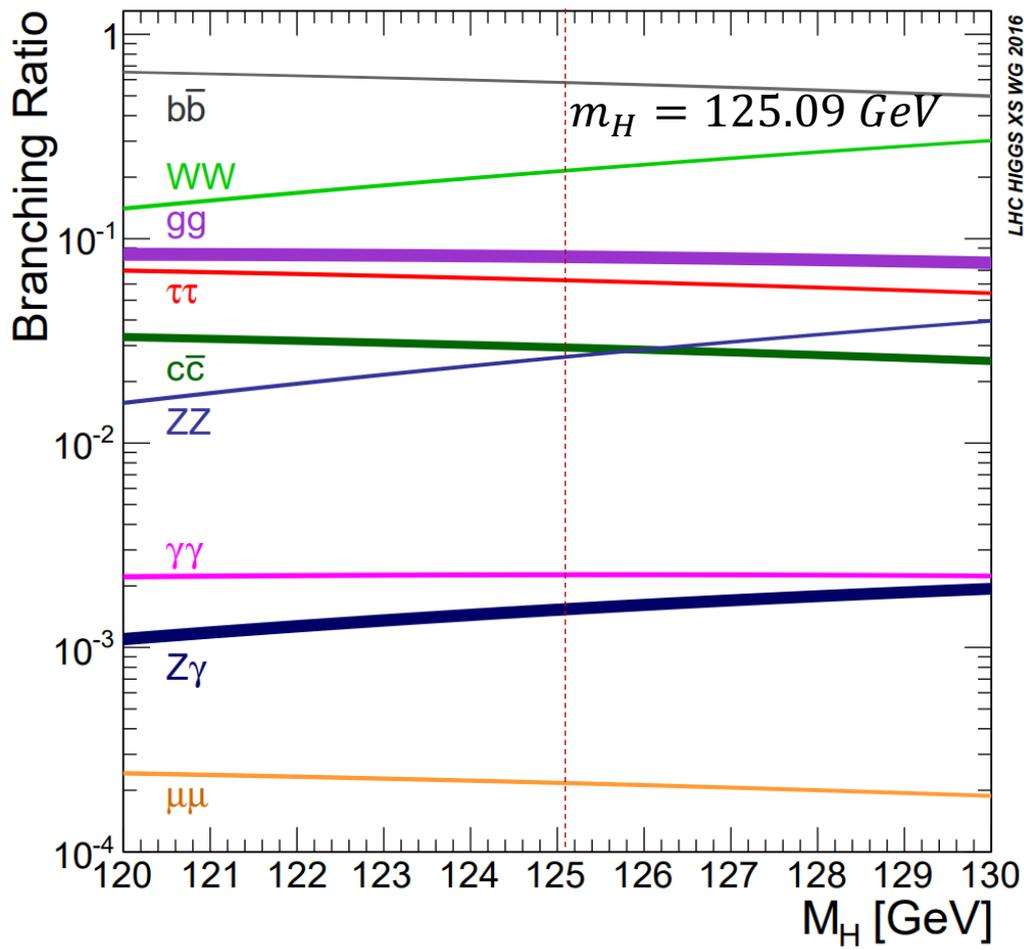


Comparison of $m_{\gamma\gamma}$ spectrum between discovery and full Run-2 datasets



XS in pb	13 TeV	8 TeV	σ_{13}/σ_8
ggF	48.5	21.4	2.3
VBF	3.78	1.60	2.4
WH	1.37	0.70	2.0
ZH	0.88	0.42	2.1
bbH	0.49	0.20	2.4
ttH	0.51	0.13	3.8
tH	0.09	0.02	3.9

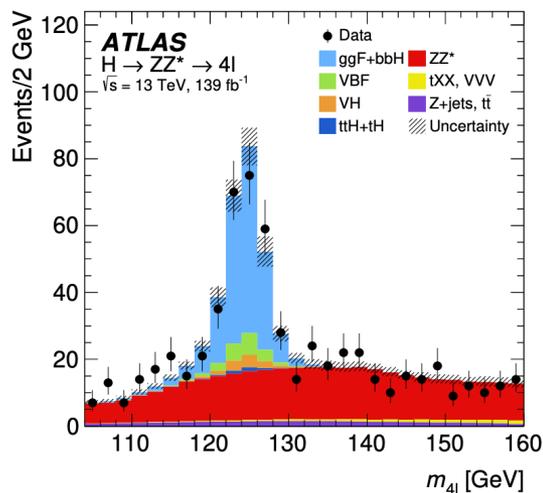




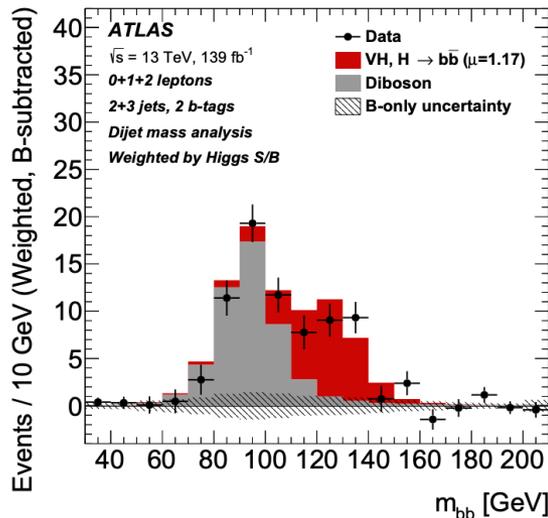
Decay channel	Branching Ratio[%]
$H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$	58
$H \rightarrow WW^*$	22
$H \rightarrow gg$	8.2
$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$	6.3
$H \rightarrow c\bar{c}$	2.9
$H \rightarrow ZZ^*$	2.6
$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	0.23
$H \rightarrow Z\gamma$	0.15
$H \rightarrow \mu\mu$	0.02

- $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l$ ($l=e, \mu$) and $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$: **low BR but clean signature, excellent mass resolution**
- $H \rightarrow WW^*$: high BR but low mass resolution.
- $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ and $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$: high BR, low S/B and low mass resolution at LHC.

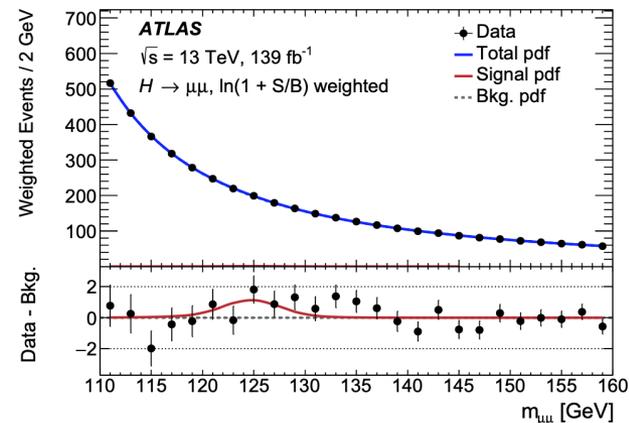
H → ZZ



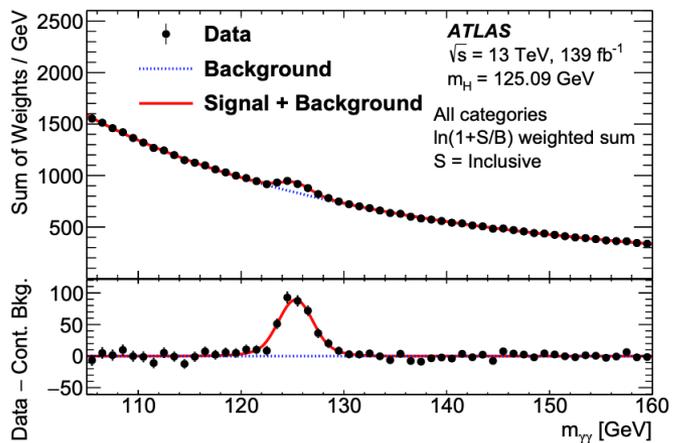
H → bb



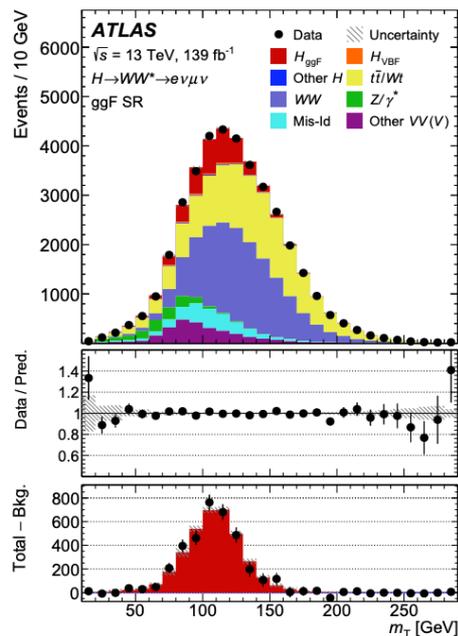
H → μμ



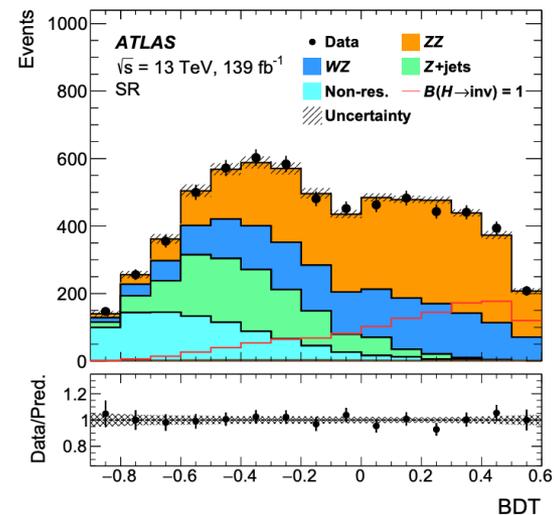
H → γγ



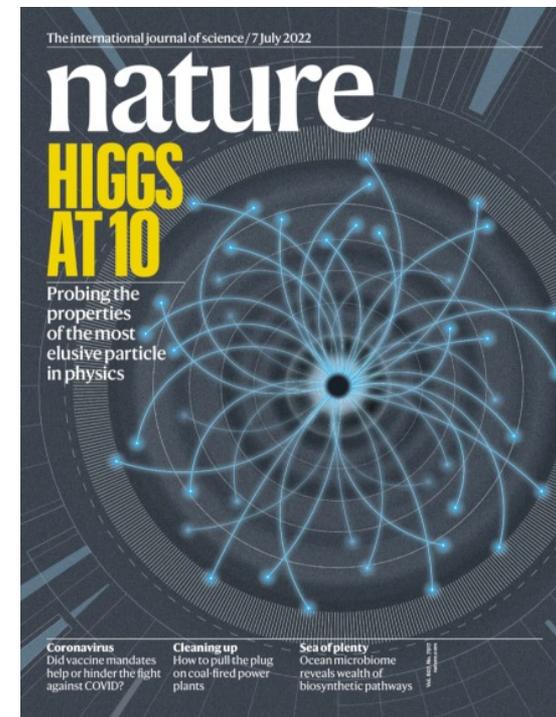
H → WW



H → invisible



Decay mode	Targeted production processes	\mathcal{L} [fb^{-1}]	Fits deployed in
$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	ggF, VBF, WH , ZH , $t\bar{t}H$, tH	139	All
$H \rightarrow ZZ$	ggF, VBF, $WH + ZH$, $t\bar{t}H + tH$	139	All
	$t\bar{t}H + tH$ (multilepton)	36.1	All but fit of kinematics
$H \rightarrow WW$	ggF, VBF	139	All
	WH, ZH	36.1	All but fit of kinematics
	$t\bar{t}H + tH$ (multilepton)	36.1	All but fit of kinematics
$H \rightarrow Z\gamma$	inclusive	139	All but fit of kinematics
$H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$	WH, ZH	139	All
	VBF	126	All
	$t\bar{t}H + tH$	139	All
	inclusive	139	Only for fit of kinematics
$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$	ggF, VBF, $WH + ZH$, $t\bar{t}H + tH$	139	All
	$t\bar{t}H + tH$ (multilepton)	36.1	All but fit of kinematics
$H \rightarrow \mu\mu$	ggF + $t\bar{t}H + tH$, VBF + $WH + ZH$	139	All but fit of kinematics
$H \rightarrow c\bar{c}$	$WH + ZH$	139	Only for free-floating κ_c
$H \rightarrow \text{invisible}$	VBF	139	κ models with B_u & B_{inv} .
	ZH	139	κ models with B_u & B_{inv} .



[Nature 607, 52–59 \(2022\)](#)

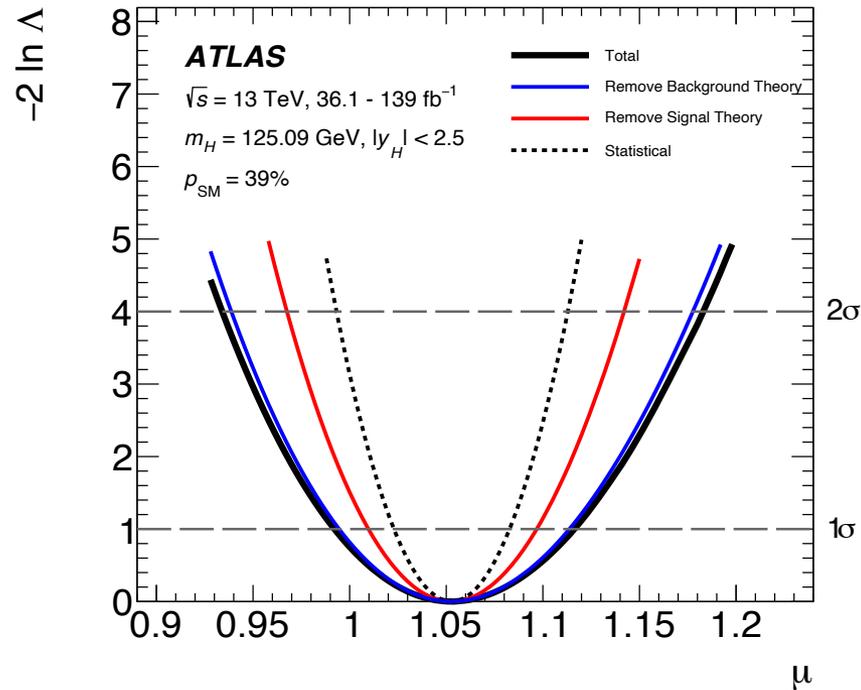
A measurement based on a **combined likelihood** constructed from **all major ATLAS Higgs analyses**, to get **more sensitive** and **less model-dependent** results on Higgs interactions:

- Almost all measurements updated with the **LHC full Run-2** dataset

- Considering all production and decay modes together:
$$\mu = \frac{\sigma \times B}{(\sigma \times B)_{SM}}$$

$$\mu = 1.05 \pm 0.06 = 1.05 \pm 0.03 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.03 \text{ (exp.)} \pm 0.04 \text{ (sig. th.)} \pm 0.02 \text{ (bkg. th.)}$$

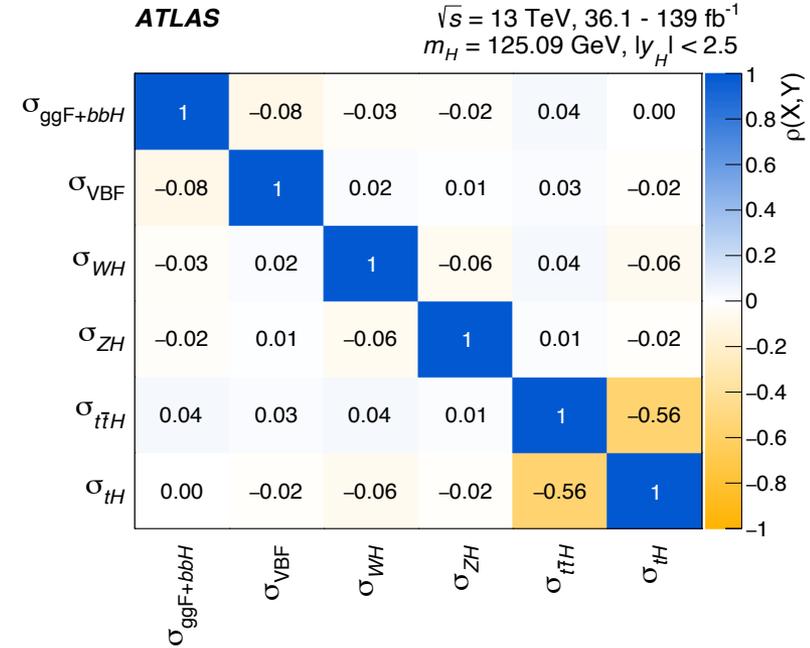
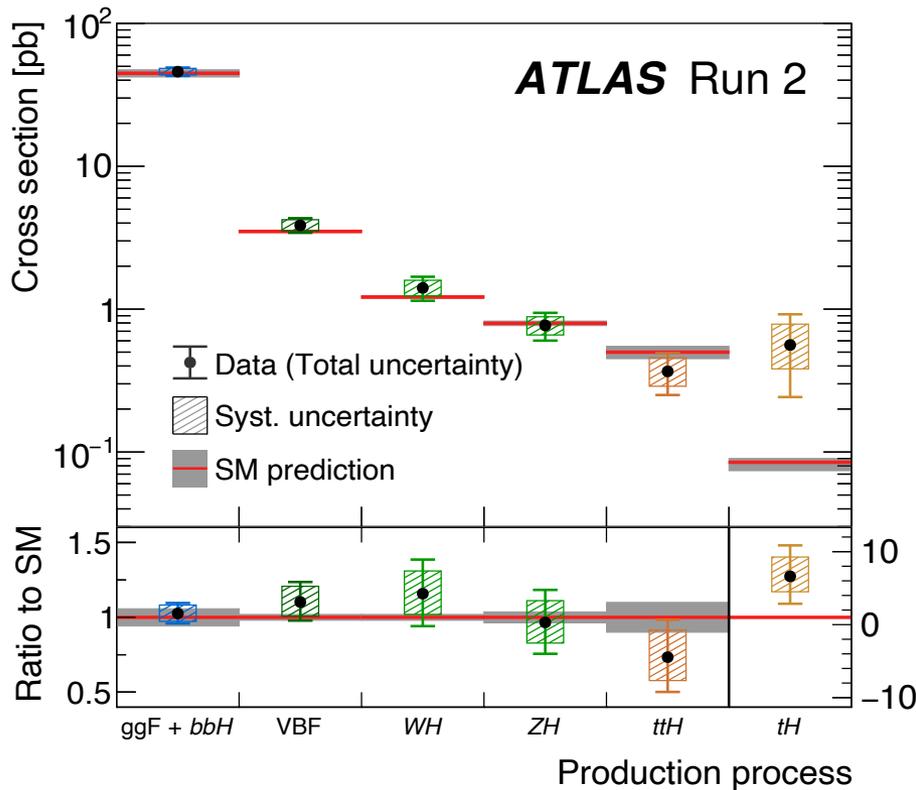
- Experimental and theory uncertainties **reduced by a factor of 2** wrt Run 1 result
- SM compatibility (p-value): 39%



Previous results:

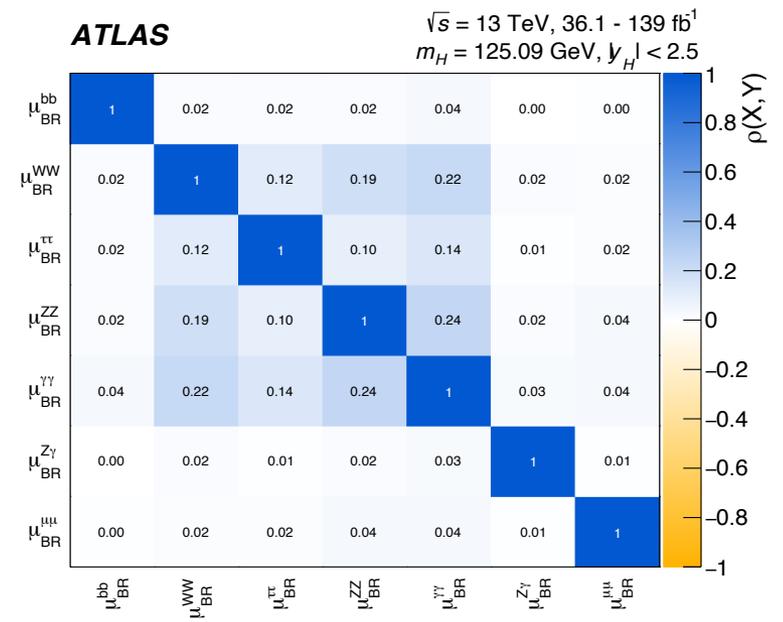
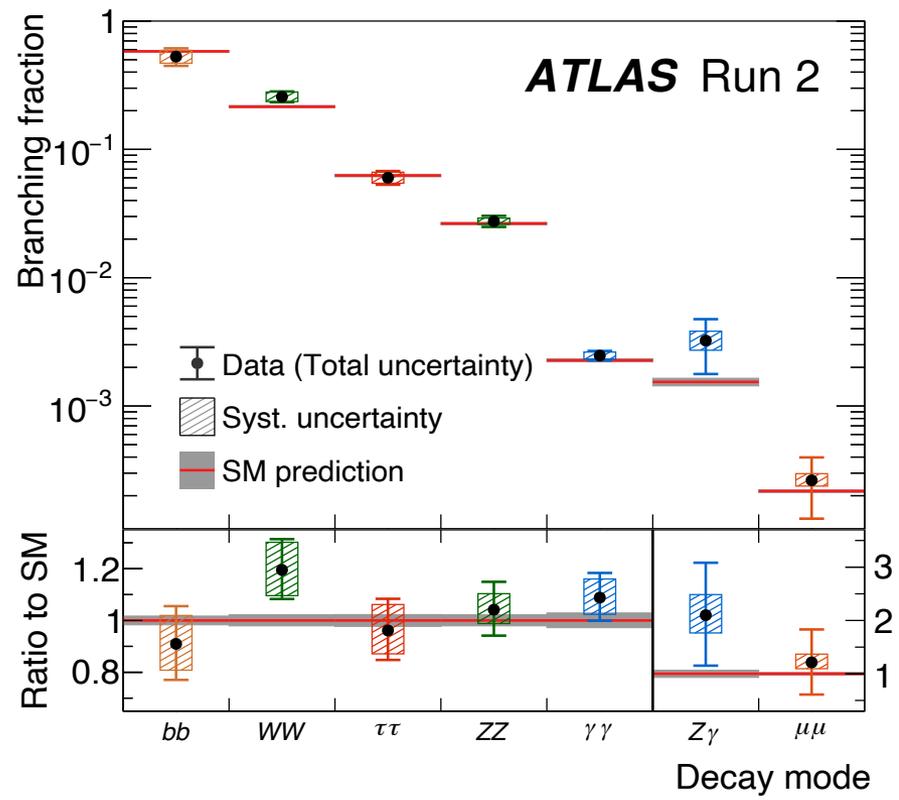
ATLAS+CMS (Run 1 combination): $1.09^{+0.11}_{-0.10} = 1.09^{+0.07}_{-0.07} \text{ (stat.)}^{+0.04}_{-0.04} \text{ (exp.)}^{+0.07}_{-0.06} \text{ (sig. th.)}^{+0.03}_{-0.03} \text{ (bkg. th.)}$

- **Branching ratios are assumed to be SM-like** when combining processes and measurements
- SM compatibility (p-value): 65%



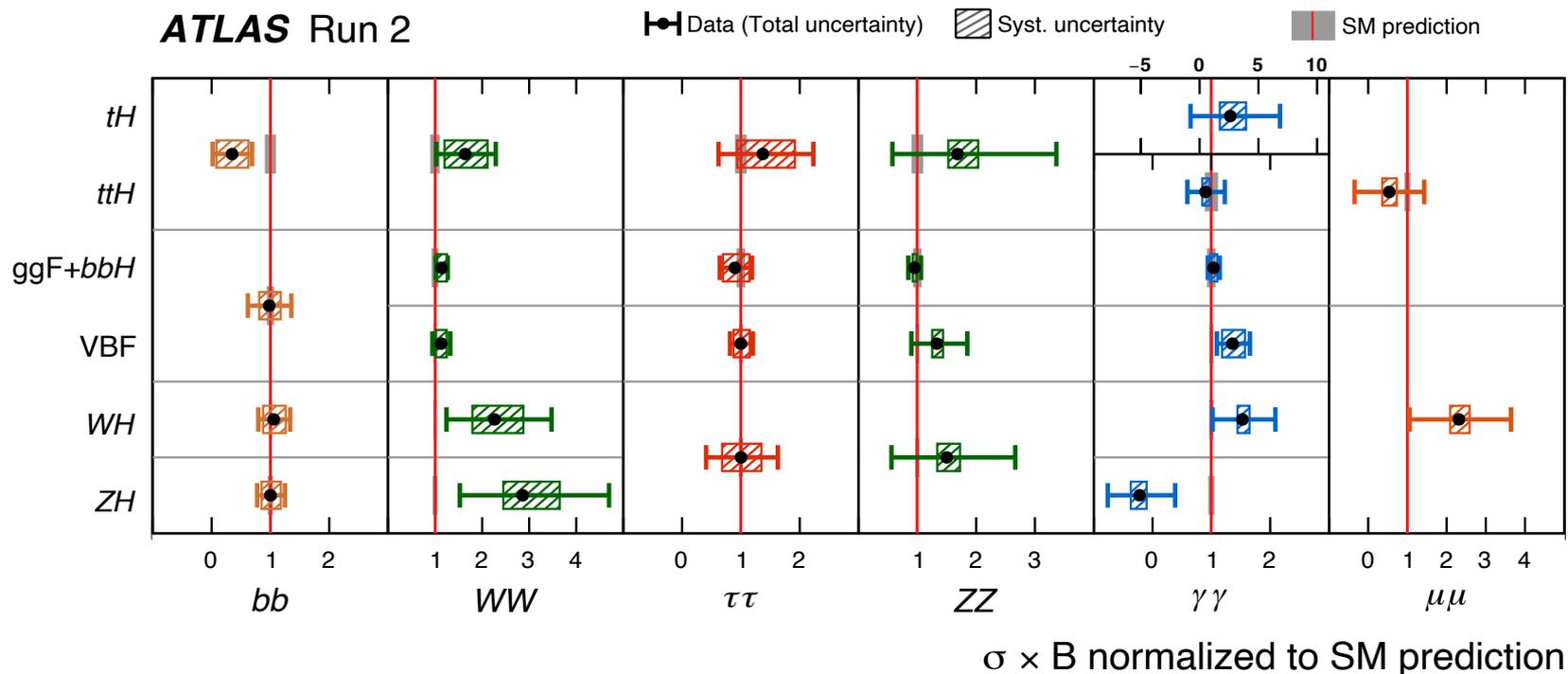
- **Better precision:**
 - **ggF** now at precision of **7%**
 - **VBF** now at precision of **12%**
- **All major production have been observed:**
 - **WH** is observed with **5.8 σ (5.1 σ)**, **ZH** with **5.0 σ (5.5 σ)** and **ttH+tH** with **6.4 σ (6.6 σ)**
- **Rare production mode:**
 - Upper limit on **tH** of **15(7) x SM** at 95% C.L.
 - Strong correlation with **ttH**

- Branching ratios:
 - **Production cross sections are assumed to be SM-like** when combining processes/measurements
 - SM compatibility (p-value): 56%



- **For decay BR:**
 - $H \rightarrow WW, \tau\tau, ZZ, \gamma\gamma$ now all at precisions between **10% and 12%**
 - $H \rightarrow bb$ observed with **7.0 σ (7.7 σ)**
 - $H \rightarrow \mu\mu$ with significances of **2.0 σ (1.7 σ)** and $Z\gamma$ with **2.3 σ (1.1 σ)**

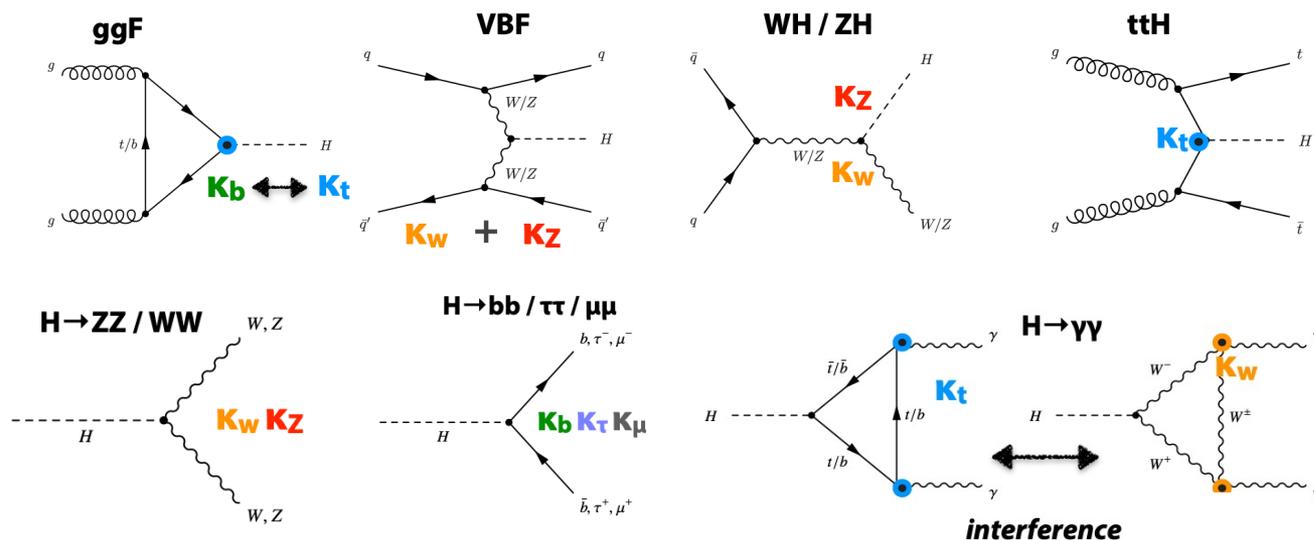
- Cross sections times branching ratios:
 - Measurements for all available cross sections and branching ratios
 - **Assumptions on SM-BR relaxed**
 - SM compatibility (p-value): 72%



- With known Higgs boson mass, the SM Higgs sector is fixed.
- Use the **LO** coupling modifier to **probe for rate deviations from the SM**.
- Introduce **one scale factor κ per SM particle** with observable “Higgs coupling” at the LHC: $\kappa_W, \kappa_Z, \kappa_t, \kappa_b, \kappa_\tau, \kappa_\mu, \kappa_\gamma, \kappa_g$, etc.

$$(\sigma \cdot BR)(i \rightarrow H \rightarrow f) \sim \frac{\sigma_i \cdot \Gamma_f}{\Gamma_H} = \frac{\sigma_i^{SM} \cdot \Gamma_f^{SM}}{\Gamma_H^{SM}} \cdot \left(\frac{\kappa_i^2 \cdot \kappa_f^2}{\kappa_H^2} \right)$$

- E.g.:



- Can handle other rare production and decay vertices in a similar way.

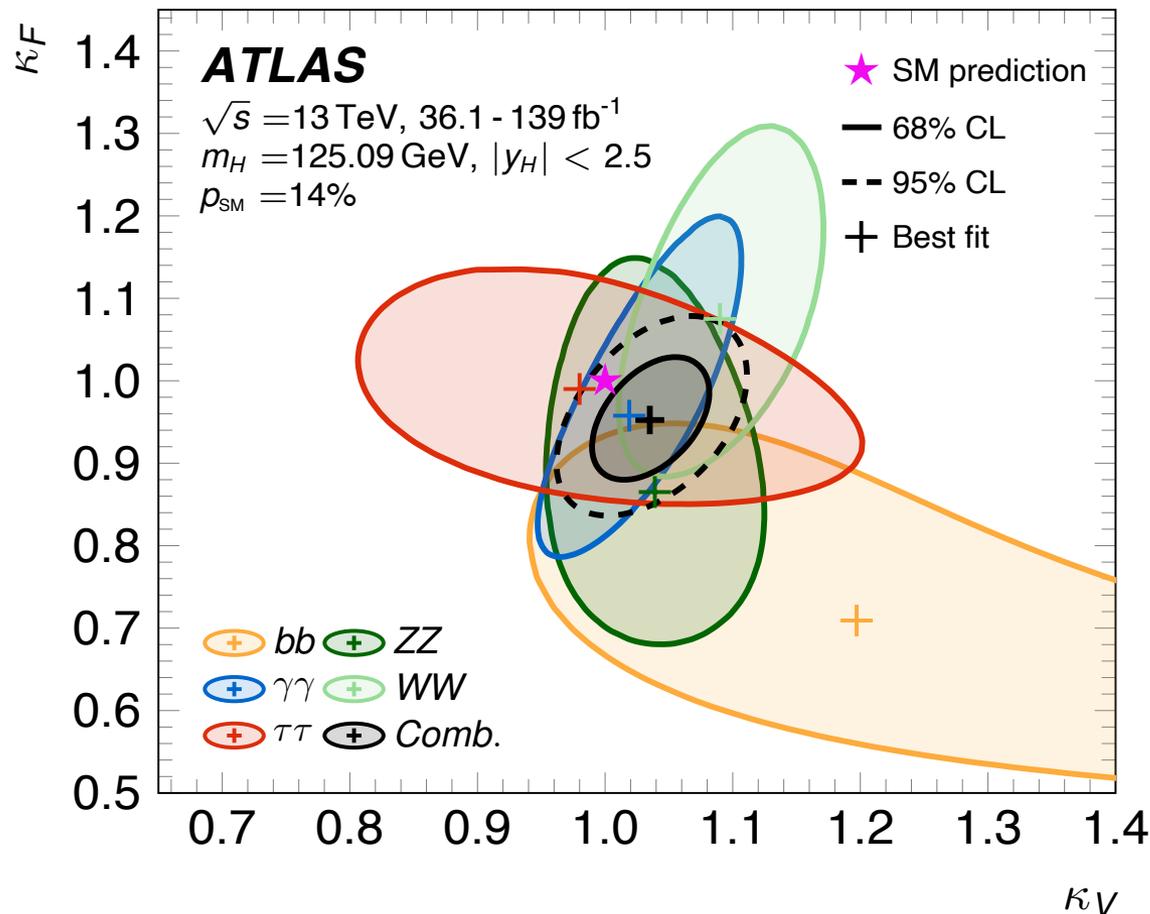
κ_V vs κ_F : one coupling modifier for **vector boson coupling** and another for **fermions**

- Loop processes resolved according to the SM particles that contribute to them
- SM compatibility (p-value): 14%

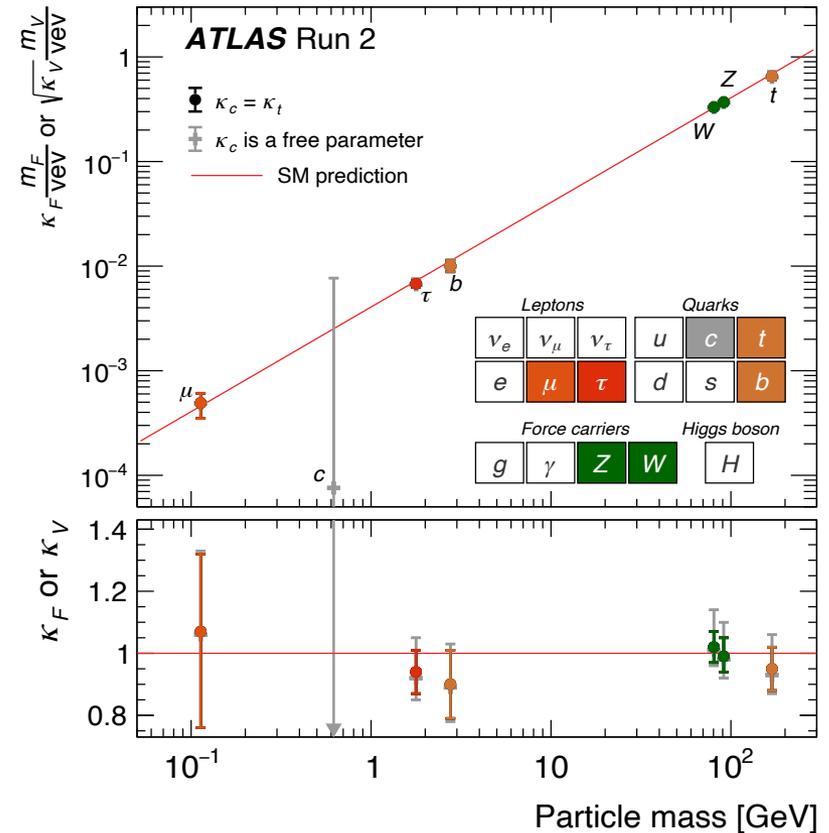
$$\kappa_V = 1.035^{+0.031}_{-0.031}$$

$$\kappa_F = 0.95^{+0.05}_{-0.05}$$

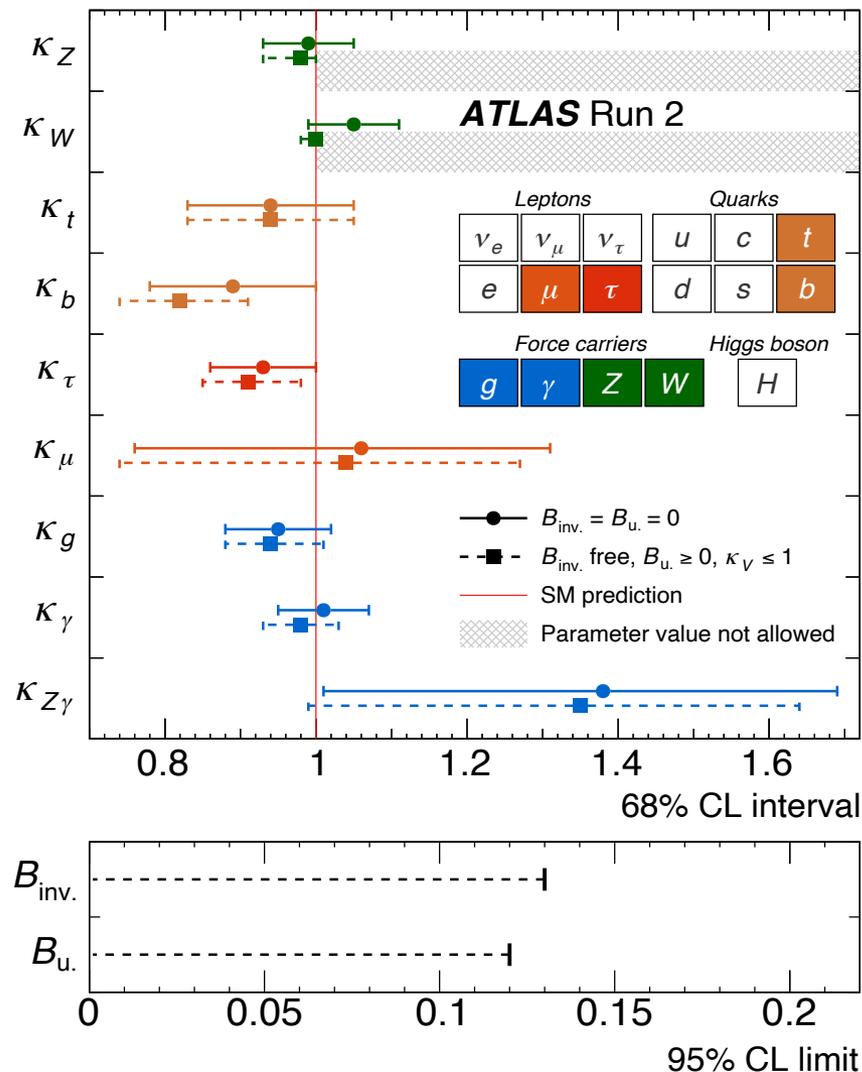
Vector-boson vs. fermion coupling in each decay channels



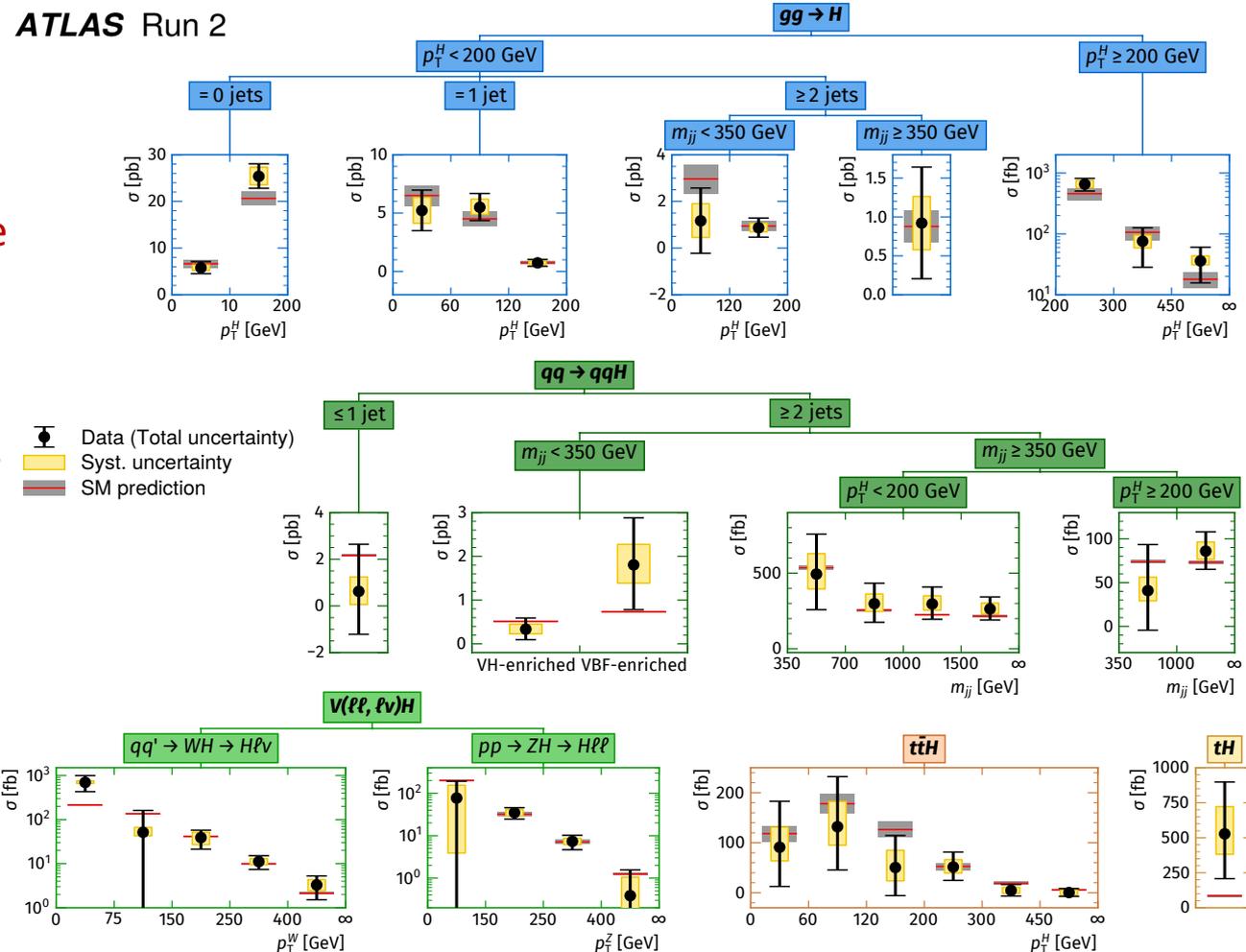
- All modifiers assumed to be positive
- Only SM particles in loop processes
- No invisible or undetected non-SM Higgs decays
- Two setups: with and without κ_c to cope with low sensitivity
 - Upper limit on κ_c of 5.7 (7.6) x SM at 95% CL
- Coupling measurements:
 - Fermions (t, b, τ): precision between 7% and 12%
 - Vector bosons (W, Z): precision of 5%
 - SM compatibility (p-value): 56% ($\kappa_c = \kappa_t$) and 65% (κ_c free-floating)



- Similar to previous setup with this time allowing for non-SM particles in loop processes, with effective coupling strengths.
- κ_t allowed to be negative.
- Two scenarios: with and without invisible and undetected non-SM Higgs decays.
- SM compatibility (p-value):
61% ($B_{\text{inv}} = B_u = 0$)
- Upper limits on B_{inv} of 0.13 (0.08) and B_u of 0.12 (0.21) at 95% CL

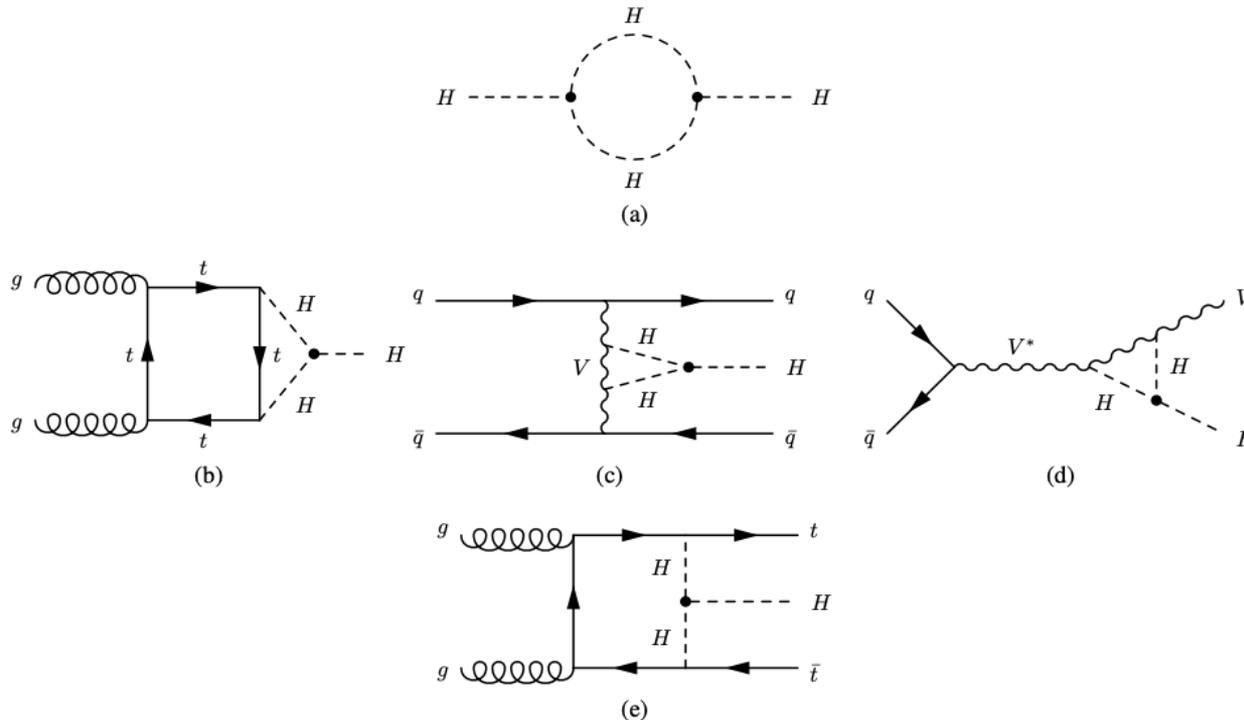


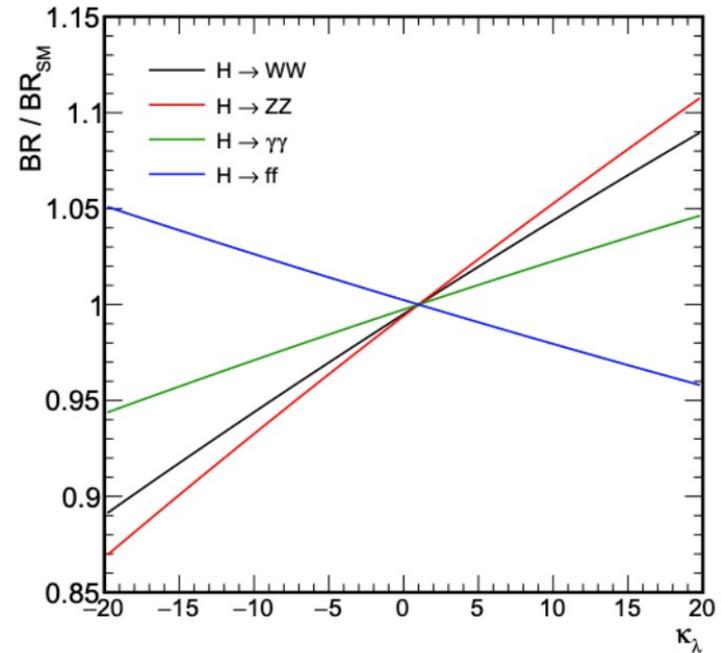
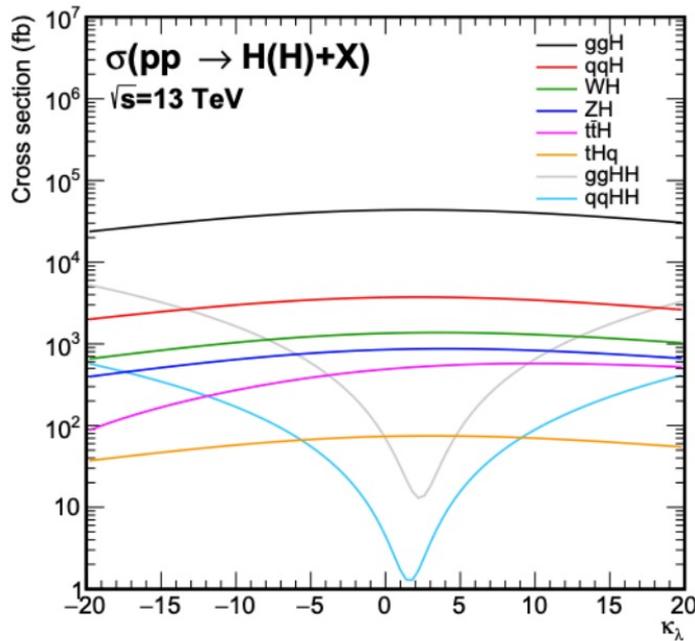
- STXS (Simplified Template Cross Sections)
- Split phase space of Higgs production processes into **36 kinematic regions**
 - Defined by kinematics of Higgs Boson and of associated jets, W, Z bosons where relevant



- **Goal:** provide **sensitivity to BSM effects**, avoid large **theory uncertainties** in predictions and **minimise model-dependence** from acceptance extrapolations
- **Branching ratios and kinematics of Higgs Boson decays** are assumed to be **SM-like**
- SM compatibility (p-value): 92%

- In SM, Higgs self-coupling λ_3 depends only on m_H and v : $\lambda_3 = \frac{m_H^2}{2v^2}$
 - BSM could modify the Higgs potential and alter λ_3
- Coupling modifier κ_λ used to express Higgs self coupling λ_3 : $\kappa_\lambda = \lambda_3 / \lambda_3^{SM}$
- Single Higgs production rate is much larger (> 1000x) than diHiggs on LHC. However, no direct constraint at LO on higgs self-coupling from single Higgs processes.
- An **indirect constraint** on κ_λ can be implemented in **single Higgs production** and **Higgs decays** via **NLO EW corrections** [JHEP 1612, 080 \(2016\)](#), [Eur. Phys. J. C \(2017\) 77](#)





- **Production cross section** and **decay branching ratios** vary as a function of κ_λ
- A technical set up based on **STXS** using **differential information** to probe Higgs self-coupling via single Higgs processes: [LHCHXSWG report](#)
- Implement **universal correction on Higgs self-energy wavefunction renormalization** and **process and kinematic dependent corrections**.

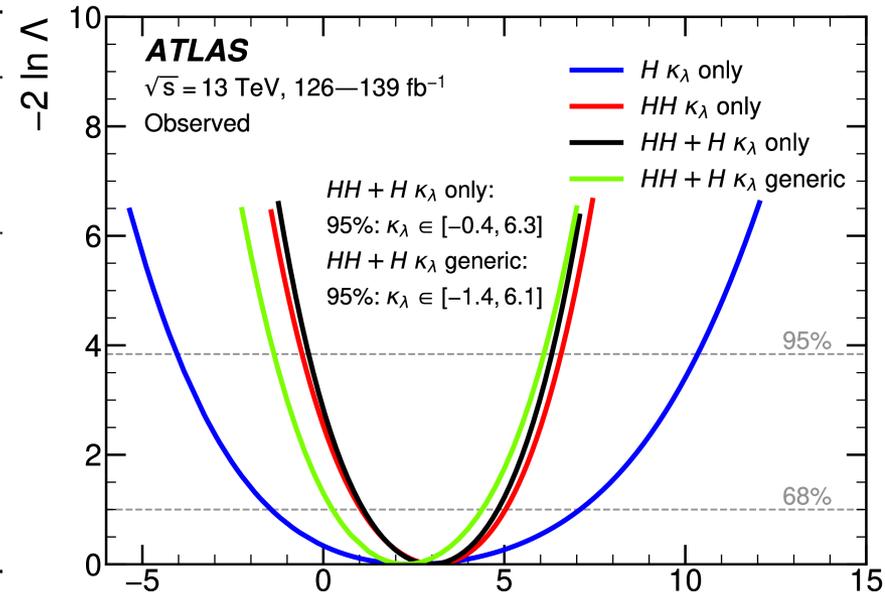
Combining of diHiggs analyses and single Higgs measurement: [Phys. Lett. B 843](#)

([2023](#)) [137745](#) , we provide **more sensitive** and **less model-dependent** results on

Higgs trilinear self-coupling κ_λ

Combination benefits from complementary sensitivities from each channel.

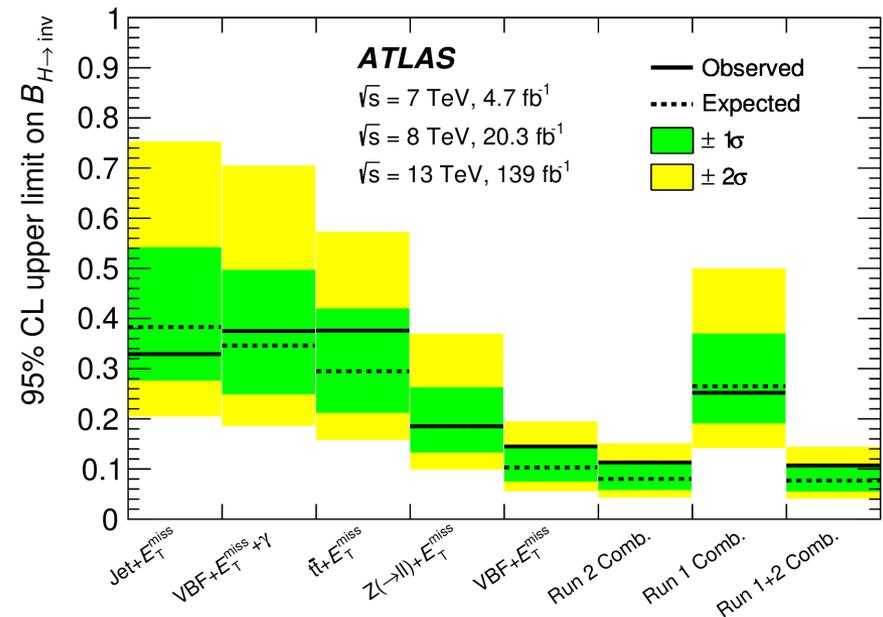
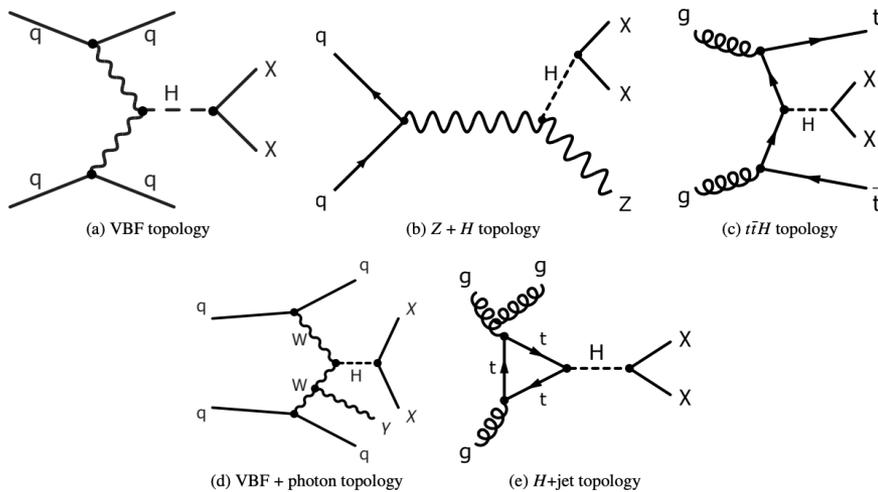
Channel	Integrated luminosity (fb^{-1})
$HH \rightarrow b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$	139
$HH \rightarrow b\bar{b}\tau\bar{\tau}$	139
$HH \rightarrow b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$	126
$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	139
$H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4\ell$	139
$H \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$	139
$H \rightarrow WW^* \rightarrow e\nu\mu\nu$ (ggF,VBF)	139
$H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ (VH)	139
$H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ (VBF)	126
$H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ ($t\bar{t}H$)	139



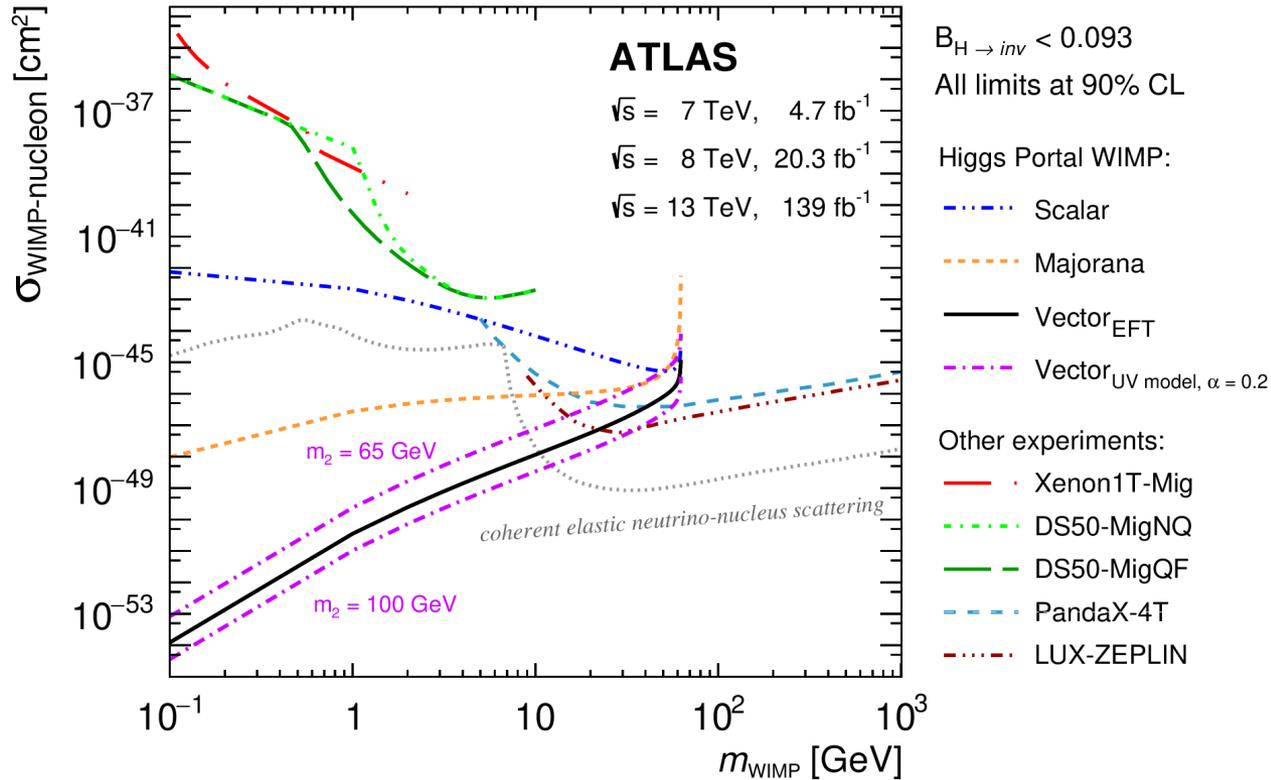
Combination assumption	Obs. 95% CL	Exp. 95% CL	Obs. value $^{+1\sigma}_{-1\sigma}$	κ_λ
■ HH combination	$-0.6 < \kappa_\lambda < 6.6$	$-2.1 < \kappa_\lambda < 7.8$	$\kappa_\lambda = 3.1^{+1.9}_{-2.0}$	
■ Single-H combination	$-4.0 < \kappa_\lambda < 10.3$	$-5.2 < \kappa_\lambda < 11.5$	$\kappa_\lambda = 2.5^{+4.6}_{-3.9}$	
■ HH+H combination	$-0.4 < \kappa_\lambda < 6.3$	$-1.9 < \kappa_\lambda < 7.6$	$\kappa_\lambda = 3.0^{+1.8}_{-1.9}$	
■ HH+H combination, κ_t floating	$-0.4 < \kappa_\lambda < 6.3$	$-1.9 < \kappa_\lambda < 7.6$	$\kappa_\lambda = 3.0^{+1.8}_{-1.9}$	
■ HH+H combination, $\kappa_t, \kappa_V, \kappa_b, \kappa_\tau$ floating	$-1.4 < \kappa_\lambda < 6.1$	$-2.2 < \kappa_\lambda < 7.7$	$\kappa_\lambda = 2.3^{+2.1}_{-2.0}$	

DM Higgs portal models

- Search for enhancement of invisibly decays which increase $BR(H \rightarrow \text{inv})$ ($\sim 0.1\%$ in SM).



- Combining direct measurements to probe with higher sensitivity \Rightarrow Statistically combining ATLAS Run 2 major $H \rightarrow \text{inv}$ searches and Run1 combination results: [Phys. Lett. B 842 \(2023\) 137963](#) Observed $BR(H \rightarrow \text{inv}) < 0.107$ @ 95% C.L. ($\sim 0.1\%$ in SM).

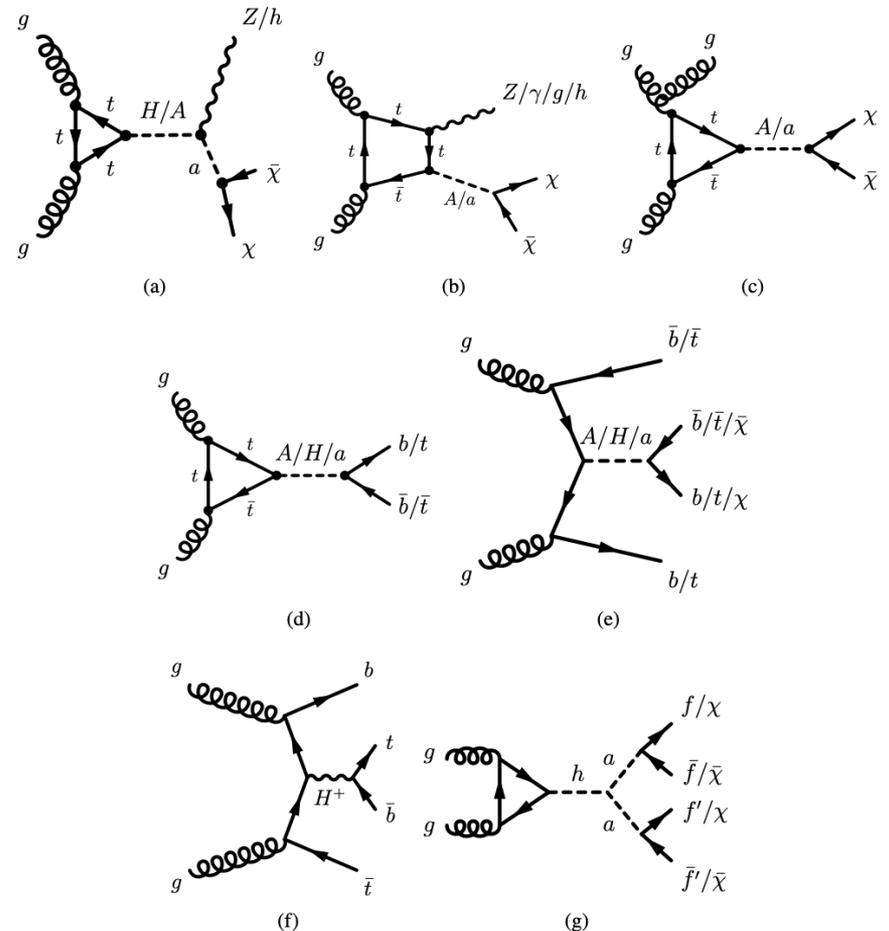


- **Significant complementarity** between LHC and direct detection experiments
- **Caveat:** Only VBF+MET and $Z(\ell\ell)$ +MET results have been included in [Nature 607, 52–59 \(2022\)](#))

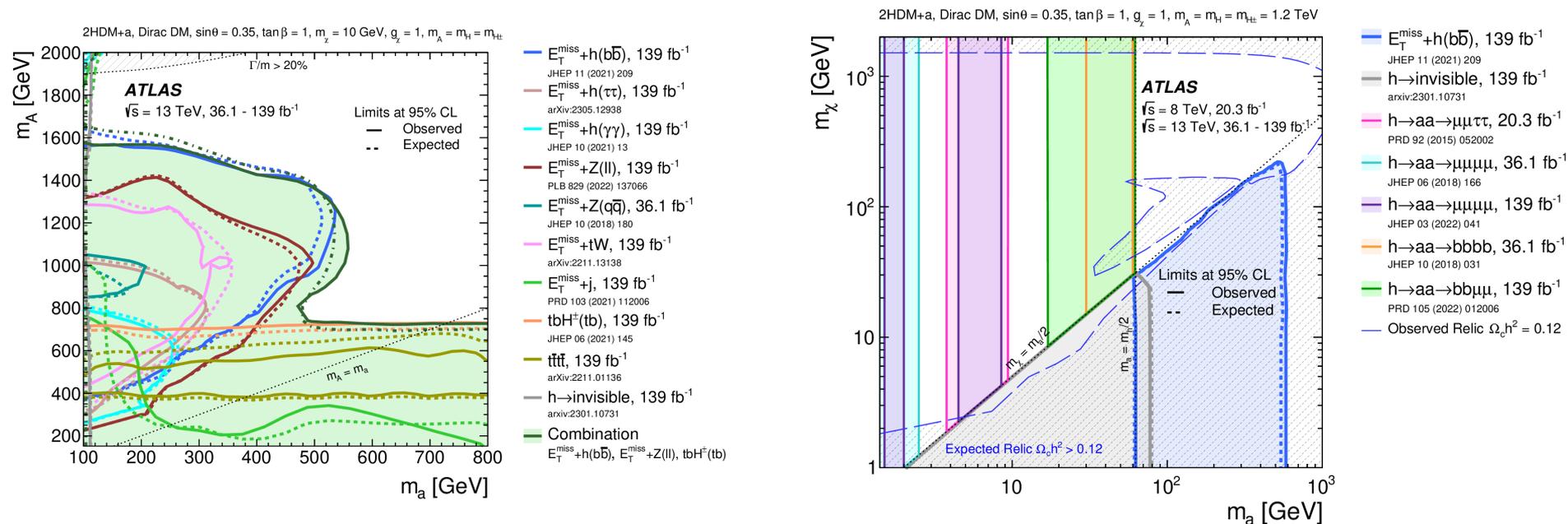
- **Simplest UV-complete model** with a new pseudoscalar DM mediator 'a' [[1701.07427](#)]
 - Recommended as a **benchmark model** by LHC DM WG for run 2 [[1810.09420](#)]
 - **Rich phenomenology => One of the most explored DM models by ATLAS in Run 2.**

Signatures with **SM Higgs** and **BSM Higgs** are both important in this model.

- **ATLAS full run 2 summary/combination**
 - Statistical combination of **monoX** (monoZ(l ℓ)/monoH(bb)) and **non-MET** (tbH+(tb)) analyses.
 - **Large project:** Summary of **~20 analyses** across **4 ATLAS WGs** in **10+ parameter scans**.



Full Run 2 2HDM+a summary paper has been submitted as the **1st ATLAS paper to Science Bulletin** (co-sponsored by the CAS and the NSFC): [arXiv:2306.00641](https://arxiv.org/abs/2306.00641)

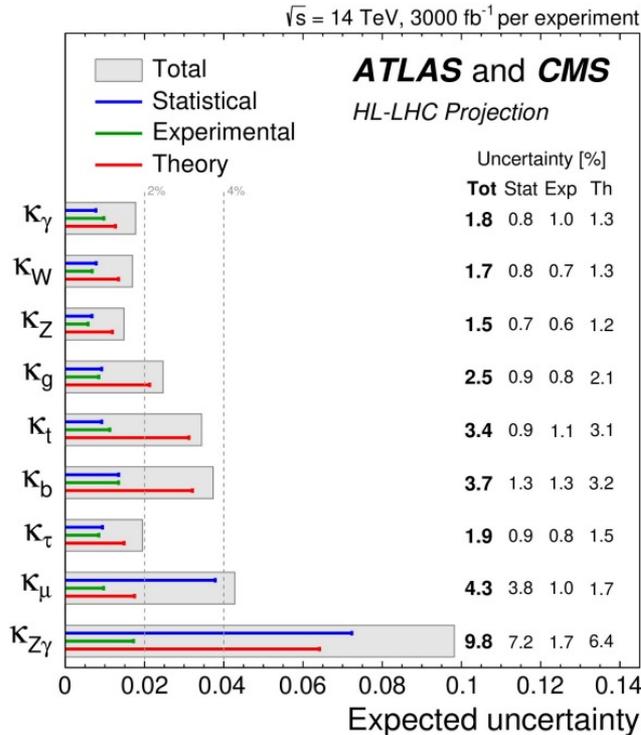


- A large part of parameter space in benchmarks was excluded.
- Complementary and better constrain reached by overlaying/combining of different signatures.
- Higgs-related signatures place the most stringent constraints in benchmark scans.

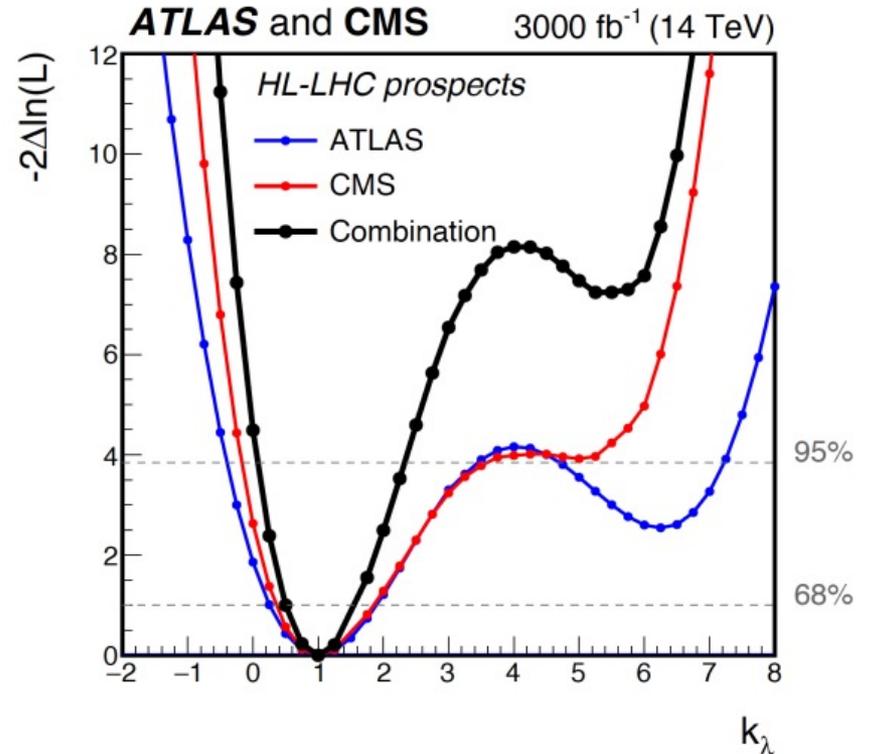
- Measurements consistent with the Higgs boson predicted by the Standard Model, motivating **higher precision measurements**.
- 1st ATLAS **partial Run 3** $H \rightarrow ZZ + H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ fiducial cross-section measurement: [arXiv:2306.11379](https://arxiv.org/abs/2306.11379)
- LHC proton-proton dataset:
 - **Larger center-of-mass energy** and **20x** more dataset \rightarrow To better probe **Higgs couplings to other SM particles**, **Higgs self-coupling** and the **connections to new physics through Higgs sector**.



- Efforts made for HL-LHC projections. Usually from published LHC Run 2 results, with **HL-LHC conditions** and **projections on uncertainties**
- [[LHC Perspective report](#)].

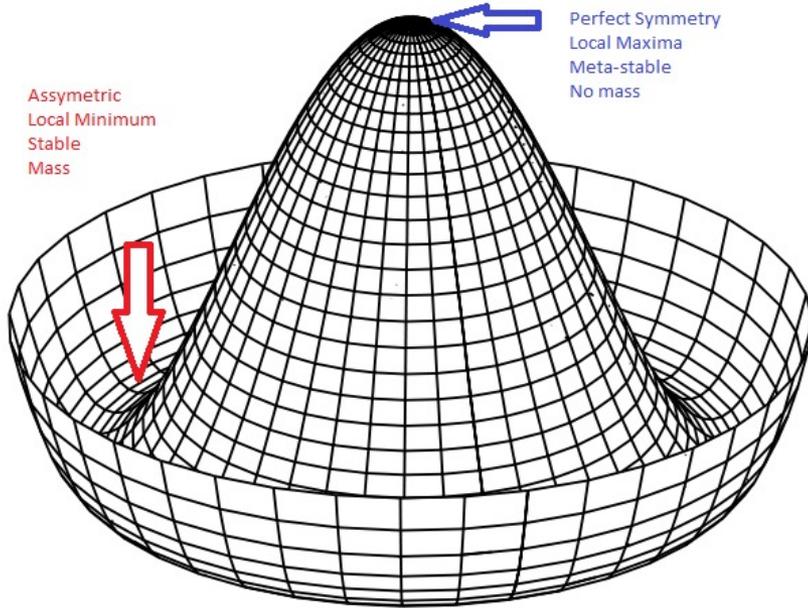


Dominated by: theory uncertainties, stats



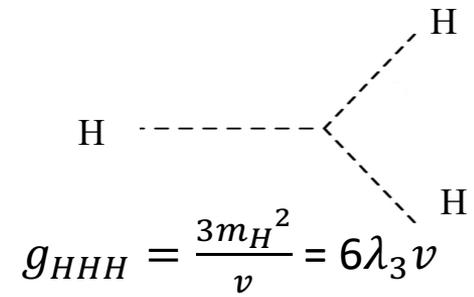
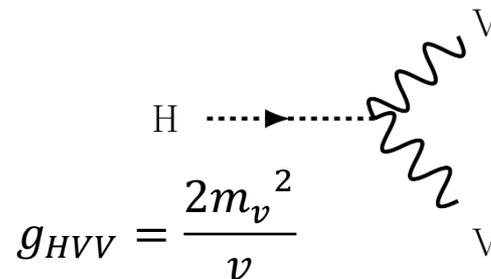
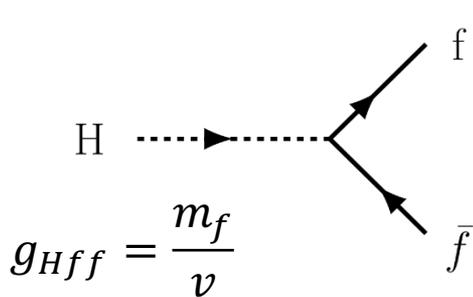
- With the future **HL-LHC** (3000 fb^{-1}), an unprecedented precision at a **percent level or better** for most of Higgs boson couplings, a 50% precision on Higgs self coupling will be reached!

- In the **10 years** since the Higgs discovery, many measurements have been performed by the ATLAS collaboration, with confirmation that the properties of this Higgs Boson show **good agreement with the SM**.
- A combined measurement of Higgs interactions has been presented
 - All main production and decay modes have been observed
 - Hints of rare Higgs decays have been seen
 - Kinematic dependence of production cross sections has been studied across a wide range of phase space
 - Unprecedented precision reached on coupling measurements including Higgs self-coupling.
 - Various searches have been made with Higgs to probe the potential BSM effect.
- Stay tuned for better results from LHC Run 3 and future experiment results!

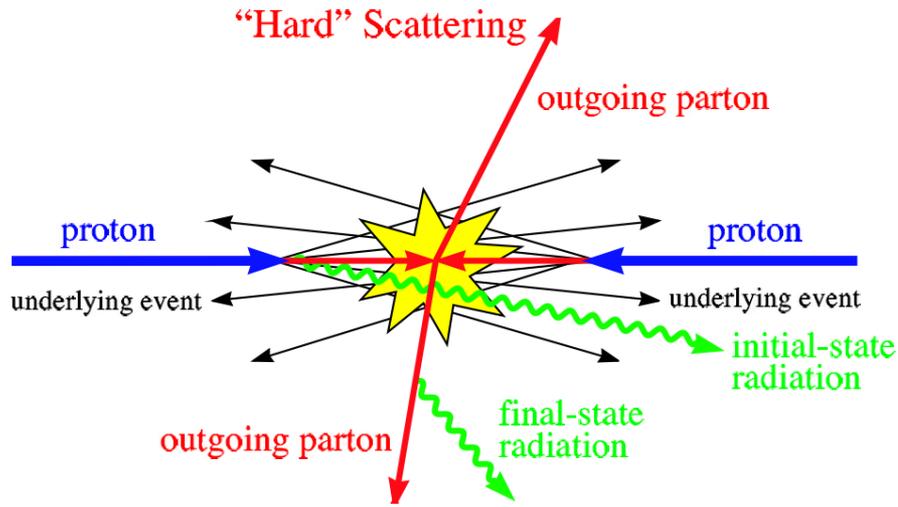


- Vector bosons masses → **spontaneous symmetry breaking**
- Fermions masses → **Yukawa couplings**
- The Higgs Boson couplings to other particles are set by their masses → determine all Higgs Boson production and decay.

$$\mathcal{L} = -g_{Hff} f \bar{f} H + \delta_V V_\mu V^\mu \left(g_{HVV} H + \frac{g_{HHVV}}{2} H^2 \right) + \frac{g_{HHH}}{3!} H^3 + \frac{g_{HHHH}}{4!} H^4$$

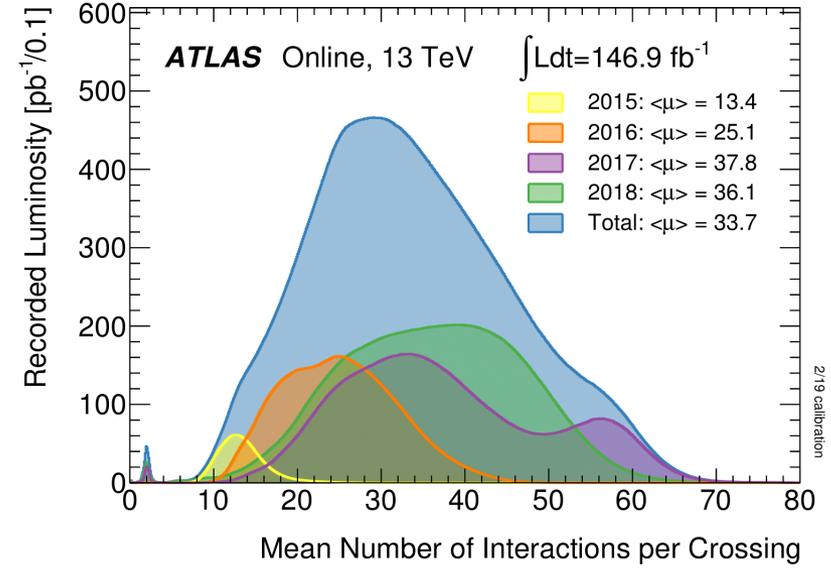
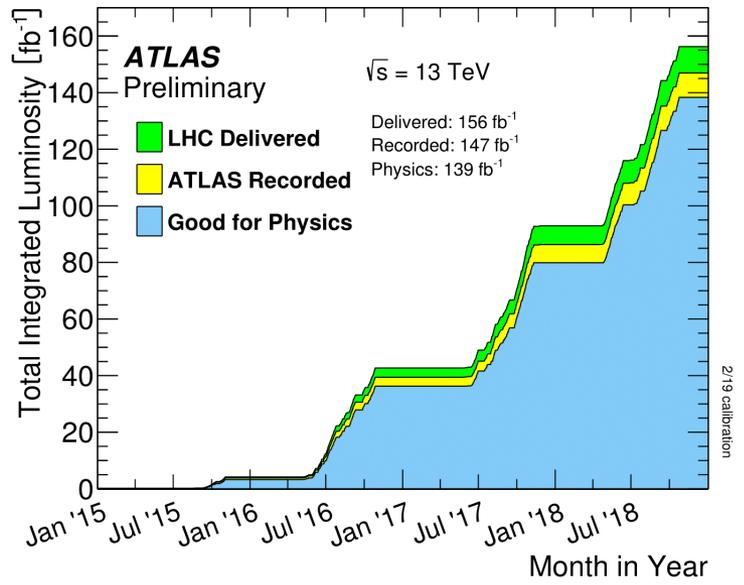


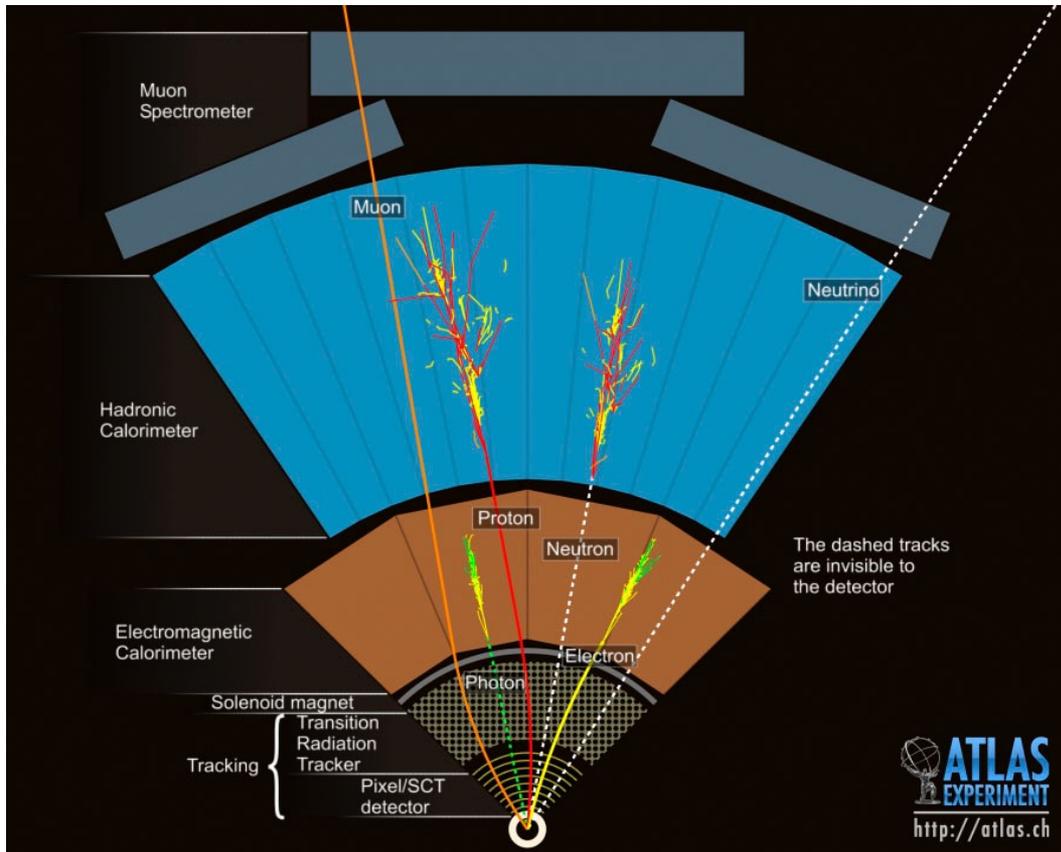
v = vacuum expectation value of the Higgs field



Integrated luminosity: 139 fb^{-1} after good quality requirement collected from 2015 to 2018.

Pile-up: additional pp collisions in the same (in-time) and surrounding (out-of-time) bunch crossings. More significant with the increasing luminosity.

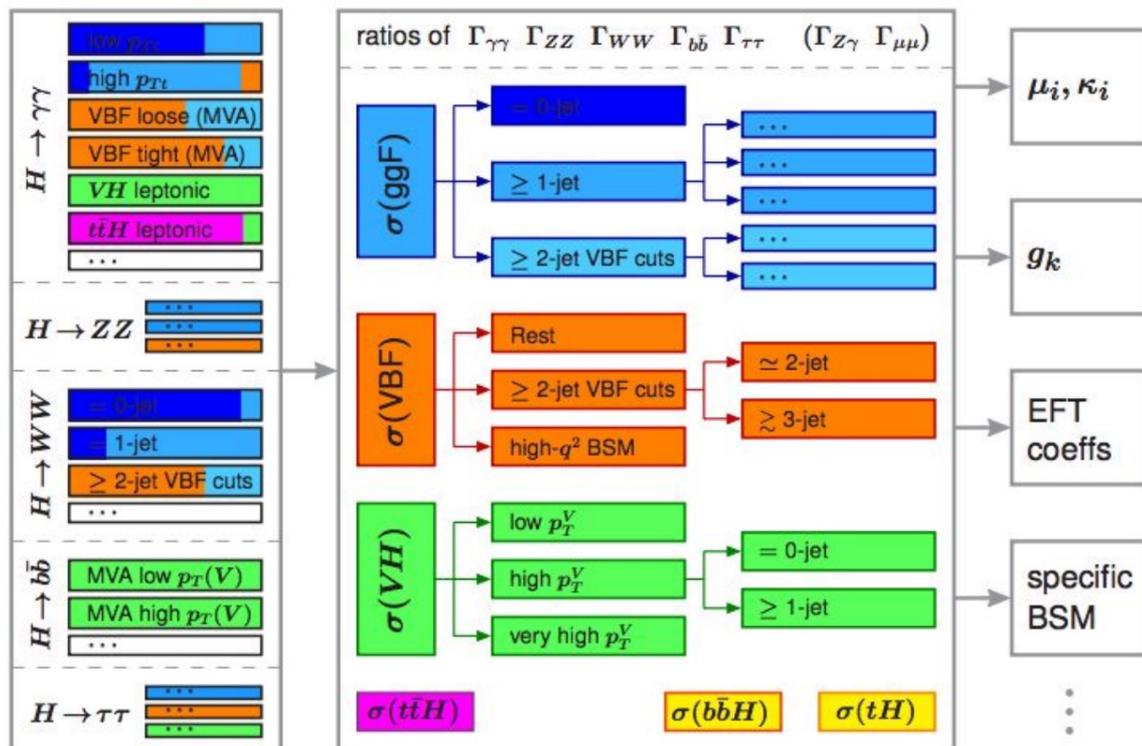


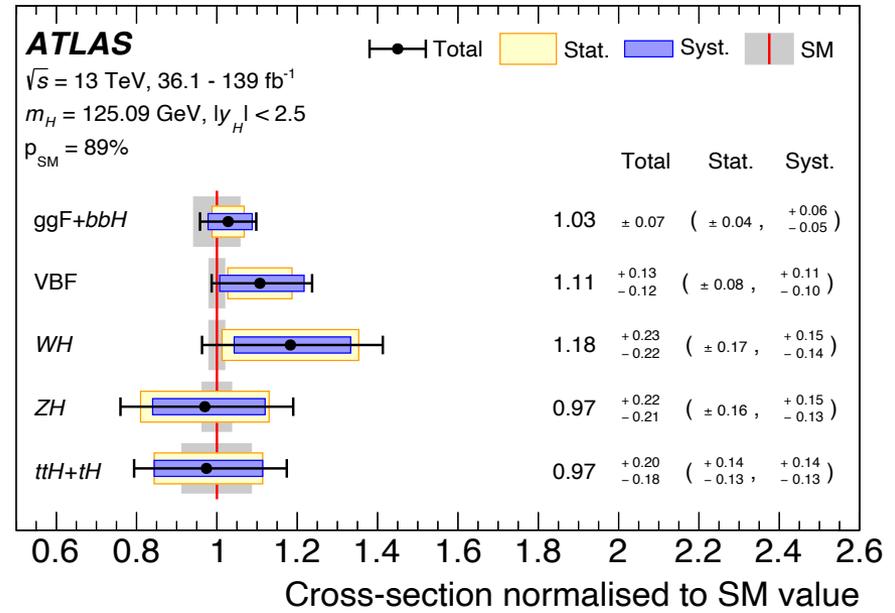
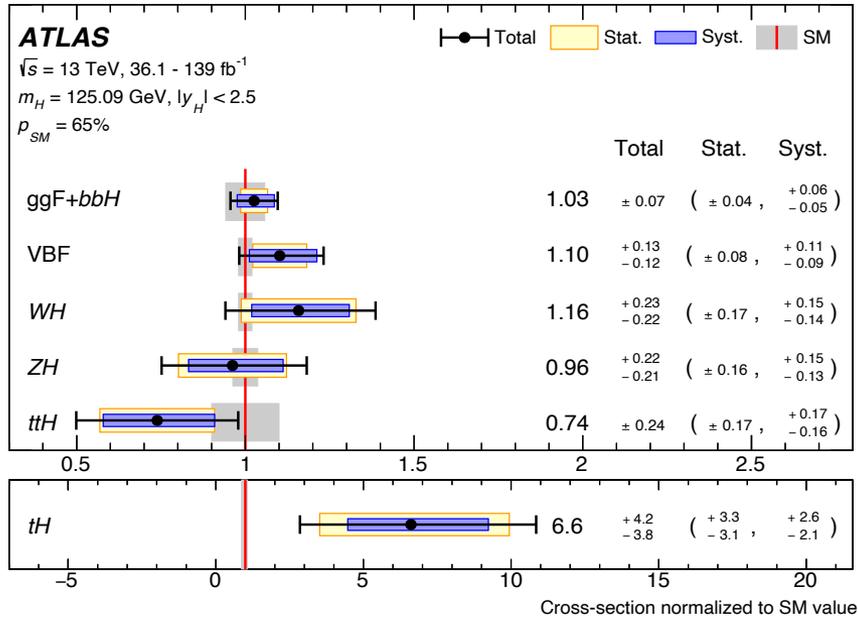


- Each particle type has its own signature in the detector.
- Reconstruction and identification algorithms of the major physics objects for analysis, such as **vertices, tracks, photons, electrons, muons, jets and E_T^{miss}** are developed by using the information from certain sensitive sub-detectors.

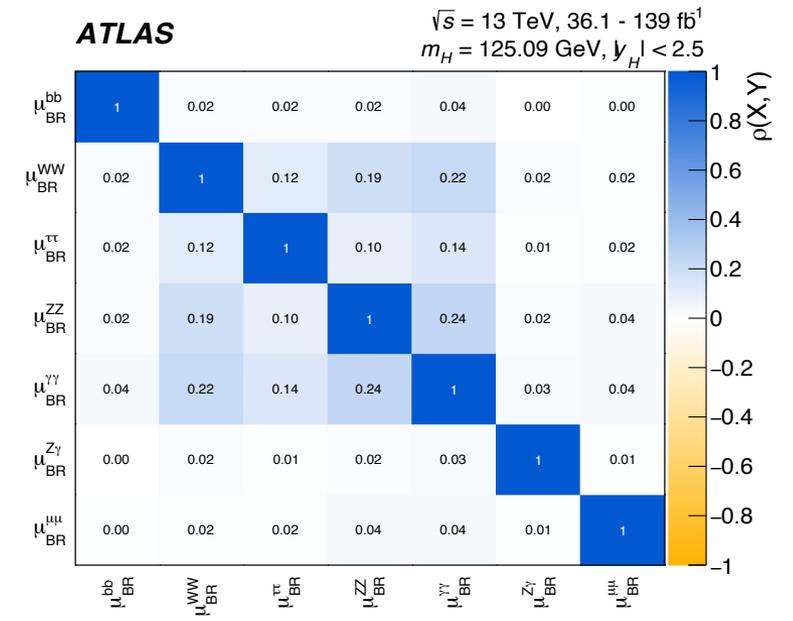
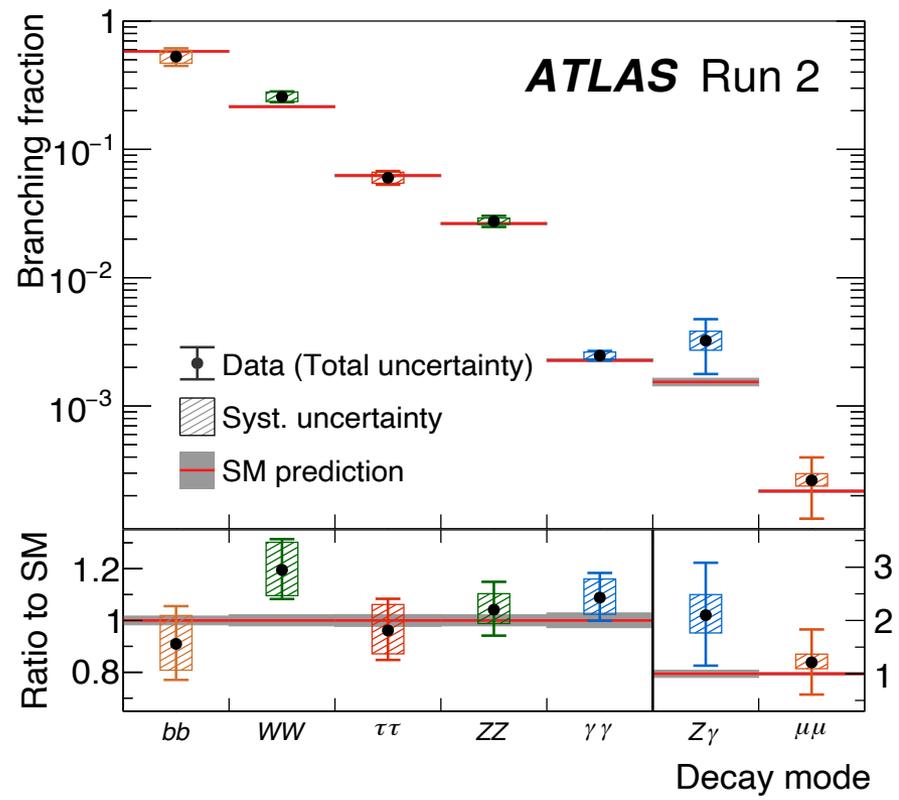
STXS can make Higgs measurements less model dependent than measurements during Run 1

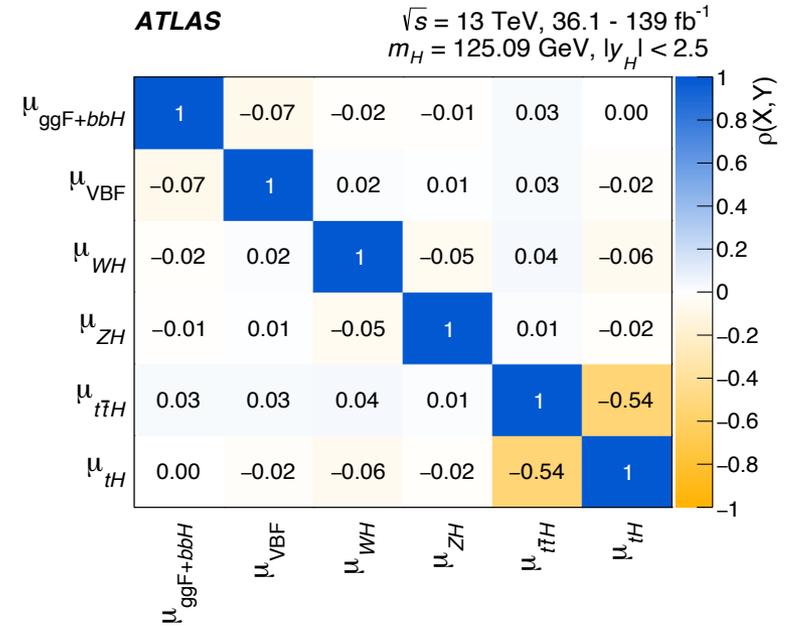
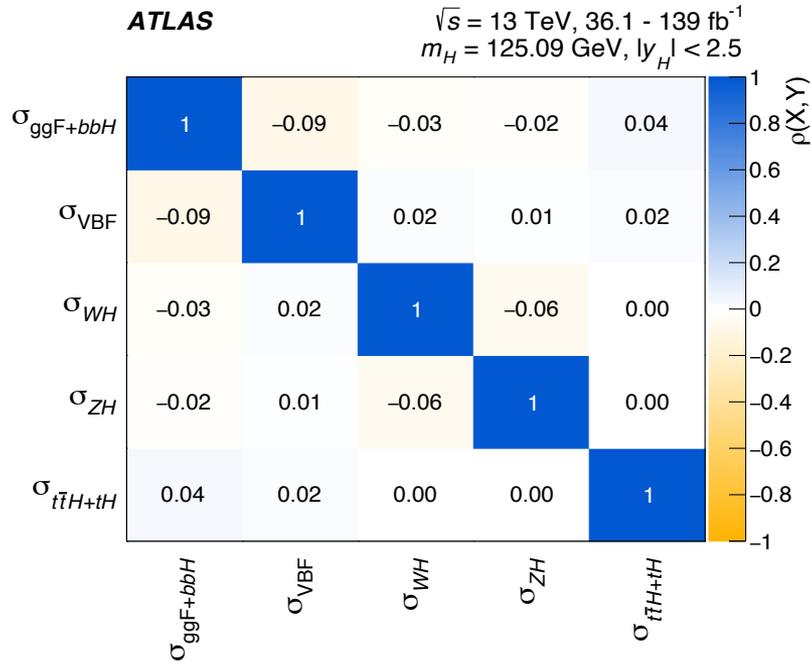
- STXS (Simplified Template Cross Sections) splits Higgs productions into exclusive kinematic regions (Described in [YellowReport4](#) (Section III.2)).
- Instead of performing differential measurement in clean channels only, intend for **combination of all decay channels**.
- Minimize the dependence on theoretical uncertainties.

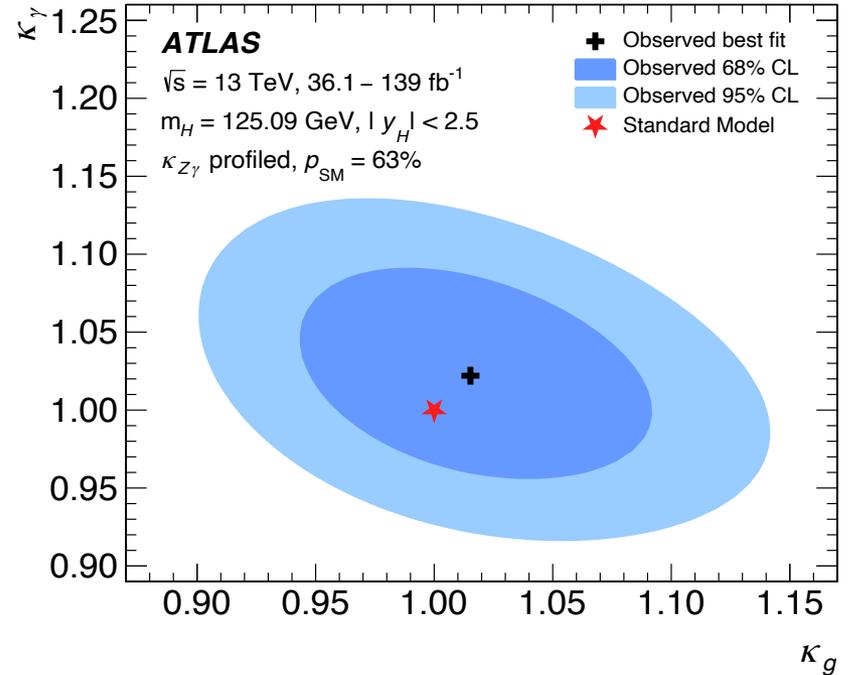
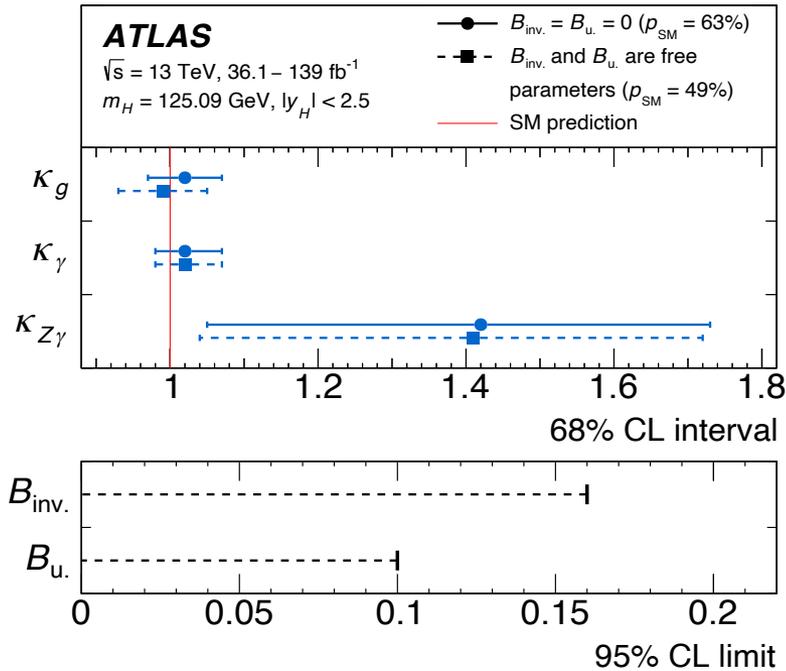




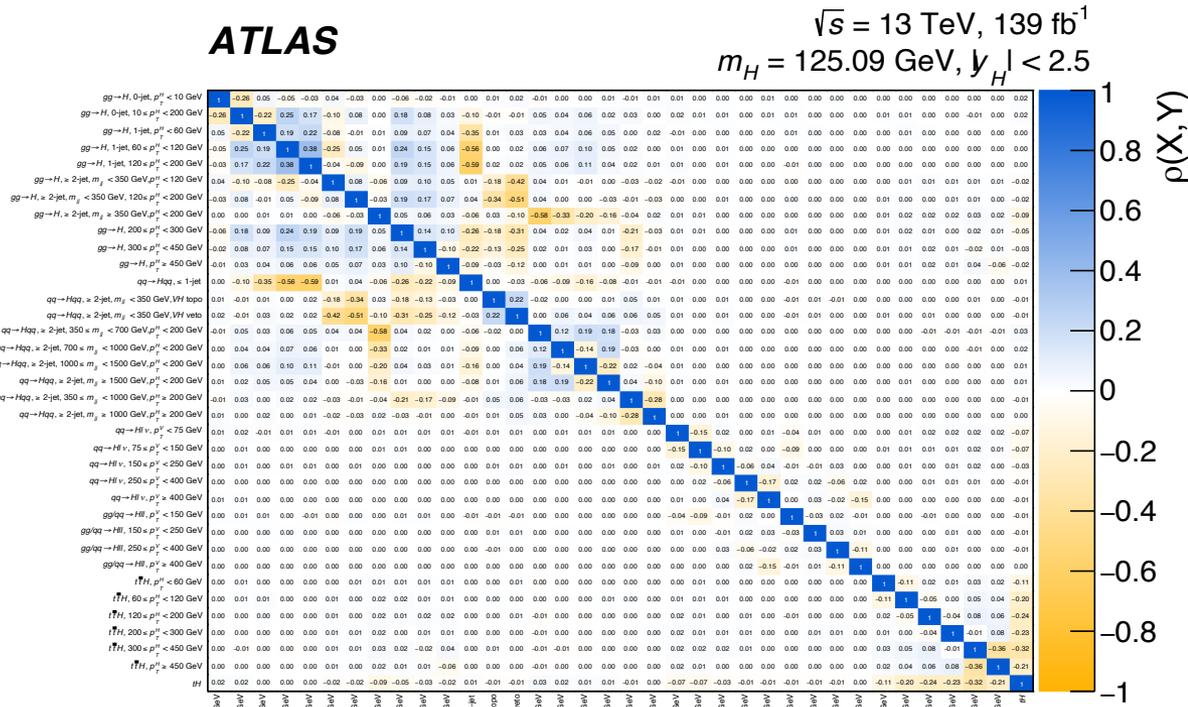
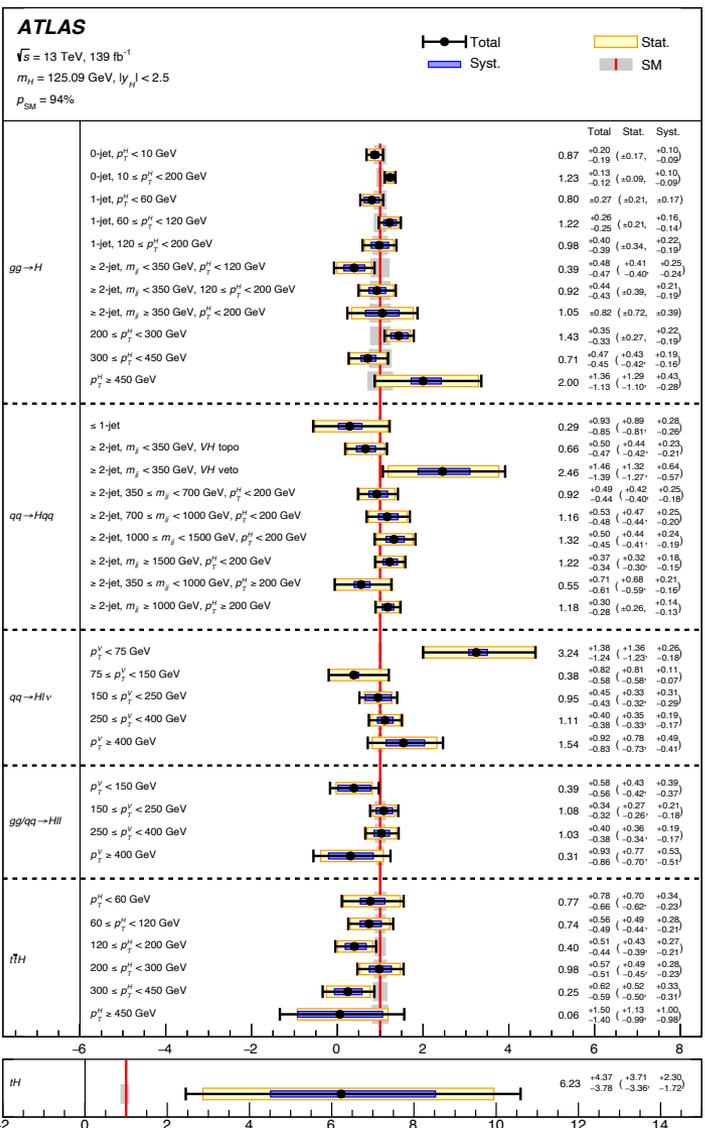
- Branching ratios:
 - **Production cross sections are assumed to be SM-like** when combining processes/measurements
 - SM compatibility (p-value): 56%





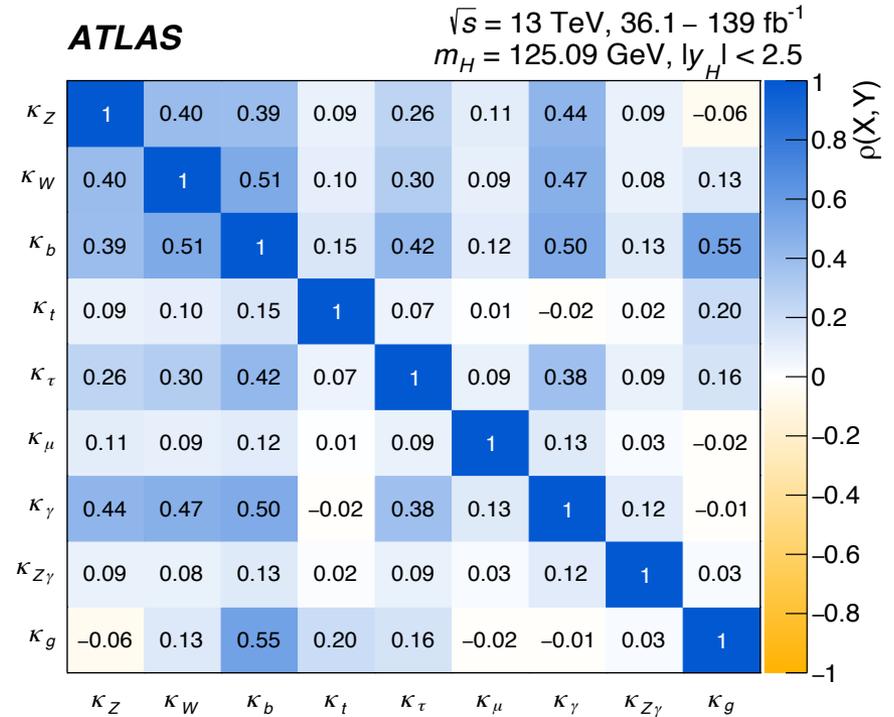


- Assign coupling modifiers of **ggF**, $H \rightarrow gg$ (κ_g), $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ (κ_γ) and $H \rightarrow Z\gamma$ ($\kappa_{Z\gamma}$)
 - capture all loop contributions to the Higgs interaction with gluons and photons
- Two scenarios: with and without invisible and undetected non-SM Higgs decays.
- SM compatibility (p-value): 63% ($B_{\text{inv.}} = B_u = 0$)
- Upper limits on $B_{\text{inv.}}$ of **0.16 (0.09)** and B_u of **0.10 (0.18)** at 95% CL

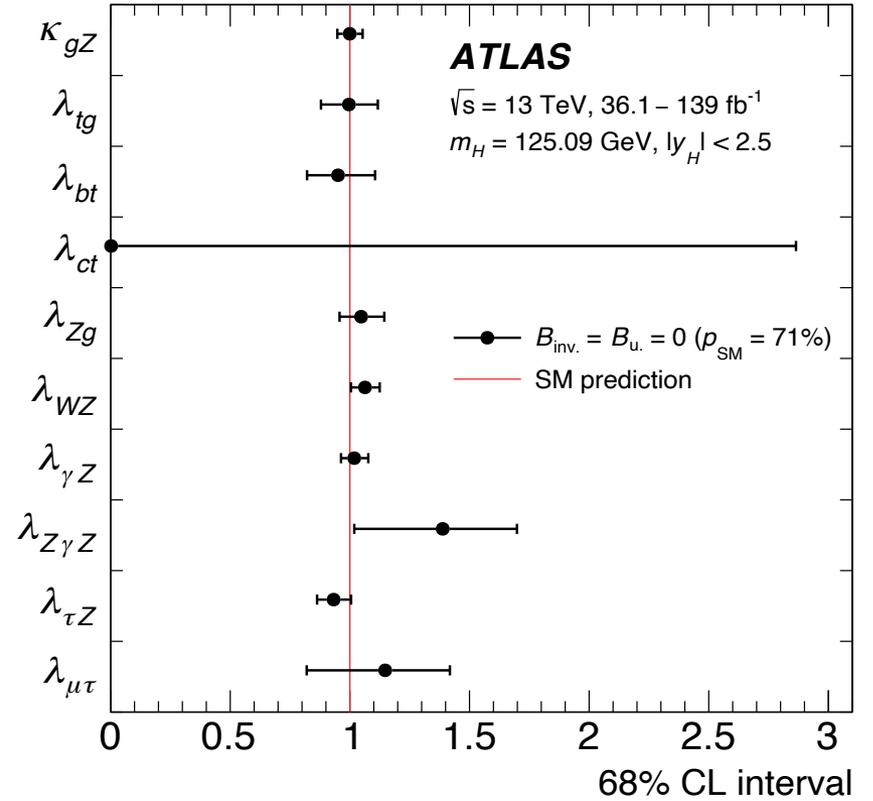


Cross-section normalized to SM value

	(a) $B_{inv.} = B_u = 0$	(b) $B_{inv.}$ free, $B_u \geq 0, \kappa_{W,Z} \leq 1$
κ_Z	$0.99^{+0.06}_{-0.06}$	$0.98^{+0.02}_{-0.05}$
κ_W	$1.05^{+0.06}_{-0.06}$	$1.00_{-0.02}$
κ_t	$0.94^{+0.11}_{-0.11}$	$0.94^{+0.11}_{-0.11}$
κ_b	$0.89^{+0.11}_{-0.11}$	$0.82^{+0.09}_{-0.08}$
κ_τ	$0.93^{+0.07}_{-0.07}$	$0.91^{+0.07}_{-0.06}$
κ_μ	$1.06^{+0.25}_{-0.30}$	$1.04^{+0.23}_{-0.30}$
κ_g	$0.95^{+0.07}_{-0.07}$	$0.94^{+0.07}_{-0.06}$
κ_γ	$1.01^{+0.06}_{-0.06}$	$0.98^{+0.05}_{-0.05}$
$\kappa_{Z\gamma}$	$1.38^{+0.31}_{-0.37}$	$1.35^{+0.29}_{-0.36}$
$B_{inv.}$	-	< 0.13
B_u	-	< 0.12



Parameter	Definition in terms of κ modifiers	Result
κ_{gZ}	$\kappa_g \kappa_Z / \kappa_H$	1.00 ± 0.05
λ_{tg}	κ_t / κ_g	1.00 ± 0.12
λ_{bt}	κ_b / κ_t	$0.95^{+0.15}_{-0.13}$
λ_{ct}	κ_c / κ_t	$0.00^{+2.86}$
λ_{Zg}	κ_Z / κ_g	$1.05^{+0.10}_{-0.09}$
λ_{WZ}	κ_W / κ_Z	1.06 ± 0.06
$\lambda_{\gamma Z}$	κ_γ / κ_Z	1.02 ± 0.06
$\lambda_{Z\gamma Z}$	$\kappa_{Z\gamma} / \kappa_Z$	$1.39^{+0.31}_{-0.37}$
$\lambda_{\tau Z}$	κ_τ / κ_Z	0.93 ± 0.07
$\lambda_{\mu\tau}$	κ_μ / κ_τ	$1.15^{+0.27}_{-0.33}$



- In the combination, a **full model** with **BR uncertainty** split into different sources

Channel	BR	α_s	m_b	m_c	TH bb	TH $\tau\tau$	TH $\mu\mu$	TH cc	TH gg	TH VV	TH $\gamma\gamma$	TH $Z\gamma$
$H \rightarrow bb$	5.81E-01	-0.78	0.71	-0.15	0.21	-0.03	<0.01	-0.01	-0.26	-0.12	<0.01	-0.01
$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$	6.26E-02	0.63	-0.99	-0.15	-0.29	0.47	<0.01	-0.01	-0.26	-0.12	<0.01	-0.01
$H \rightarrow \mu\mu$	2.17E-04	0.63	-0.99	-0.15	-0.29	-0.03	0.50	-0.01	-0.26	-0.12	<0.01	-0.01
$H \rightarrow cc$	2.88E-02	-0.38	-0.99	5.18	-0.29	-0.03	<0.01	0.49	-0.26	-0.12	<0.01	-0.01
$H \rightarrow gg$	8.18E-02	3.65	-0.99	-0.15	-0.29	-0.03	<0.01	-0.01	2.94	-0.12	<0.01	-0.01
$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	2.27E-03	0.63	-0.99	-0.15	-0.29	-0.03	<0.01	-0.01	-0.26	-0.12	1.00	-0.01
$H \rightarrow Z\gamma$	1.54E-03	0.63	-0.99	-0.15	-0.29	-0.03	<0.01	-0.01	-0.26	-0.12	<0.01	4.99
$H \rightarrow VV$	2.42E-01	0.63	-0.99	-0.15	-0.29	-0.03	<0.01	-0.01	-0.26	0.38	<0.01	-0.01

- Scale Higgs mass to 125.09 GeV**

- Besides HGam, Htautau, Hmumu and HZy, other channels are based on $m_H = 125$ GeV rather than 125.09 GeV, prod. XS and BR need to be corrected

- Prod. XS**

- The XS difference between 125 and 125.09 GeV is well below theory unc. (0.1-0.2%), thus is **neglected**

- BR**

- BR correction is neglected as well except for $H \rightarrow VV(WW, ZZ)$, which is $\sim 1\%$

- **Luminosity:**

- Two kinds of datasets included with different lumi uncer. (15-16: 2.1%, 15-18: 1.7%).
- Simplified approach to consider lumi uncertainty correlations in each dataset:

Splitting sources to correlated and uncorrelated terms, with a good closure reached.

	36 fb ⁻¹	139 fb ⁻¹
Uncorr36	1.558	0.406
Uncorr44-58	0	0.794
Correlated	1.459	1.459
Total	2.135	1.710

- **NLO EW corrections for VBF/VH processes**

- Corrections are calculated with [HAWK](#), available at LHCHXSWG.
- Corrections already considered in HGam, Htautau, (boosted, VBF, VH) bb, VHcc and (VBF/VH) Hinv channels
- Implemented corrections by us in HZZ and HWW.

- **Experimental uncertainties.**
 - Correlate **CP NPs** where possible following recommendations
 - Decorrelate **different analysis releases** (20.7 VS 21)
 - Decorrelate **NPs from different schemes, calibrations and WPs**
- **Theory uncertainties**
 - Correlate **signal uncertainties** where possible
 - Decorrelate **bkg. uncertainties** as they are evaluated in different phase spaces in input channels
- **Special treatments**
 - Study **over-constrained (<70%)** or **pulled (>0.5)** NPs. Decorrelate as baseline.

Uncertainty source	μ_{mu}	
	$\Delta\sigma_{low}$ [%]	$\Delta\sigma_{high}$ [%]
Theory Signal	3.8	4.1
Theory Background	1.7	1.7
Luminosity	1.6	1.8
Jet/ E_T^{miss}	0.78	0.86
Flavour Tag	0.88	0.84
EGamma	1.2	1.3
Tau	0.28	0.3
MC Stat	0.99	0.95

- **Motivation**

- More and more channels included in combination, fitting time consumption is becoming a bottleneck (In total, over 2600 sources of systematic uncertainty are included in the combined likelihood. >24 hrs single MIGRAD+HESSE fit)

- Optimize fitting procedure together with **CERN RooFit devs** using **toy ATLAS workspaces**

- RooFit were not designed with such huge likelihoods
- Typically, **RooArgSet** are implemented as **std::vector**. But lookups are then in linear time, causing huge time consumption in likelihood creation.
- RooFit devs implemented a **new caching mechanism** with dedicated lookup tables

- **Outcome:**

1. Many features has been released as a part of ROOT **master/6.26** in March 2022.
2. HComb has validated and used a **“preview” ROOT version** (via docker images) to produce all results.
3. **~3X faster** in fitting workflows (createNLL, RooMinimizer creation, NLL minimization, etc.)

- The κ_λ -dependent implementation can be expressed as

$$\mu_i(\kappa_\lambda, \kappa_i) = \frac{\sigma^{\text{BSM}}}{\sigma^{\text{SM}}} = Z_H^{\text{BSM}}(\kappa_\lambda) \left[\kappa_i^2 + \frac{(\kappa_\lambda - 1)C_1^i}{K_{\text{EW}}^i} \right]$$

$$\mu_f(\kappa_\lambda, \kappa_f) = \frac{\text{BR}_f^{\text{BSM}}}{\text{BR}_f^{\text{SM}}} = \frac{\kappa_f^2 + (\kappa_\lambda - 1)C_1^f}{\sum_j \text{BR}_j^{\text{SM}} \left[\kappa_j^2 + (\kappa_\lambda - 1)C_1^j \right]}$$

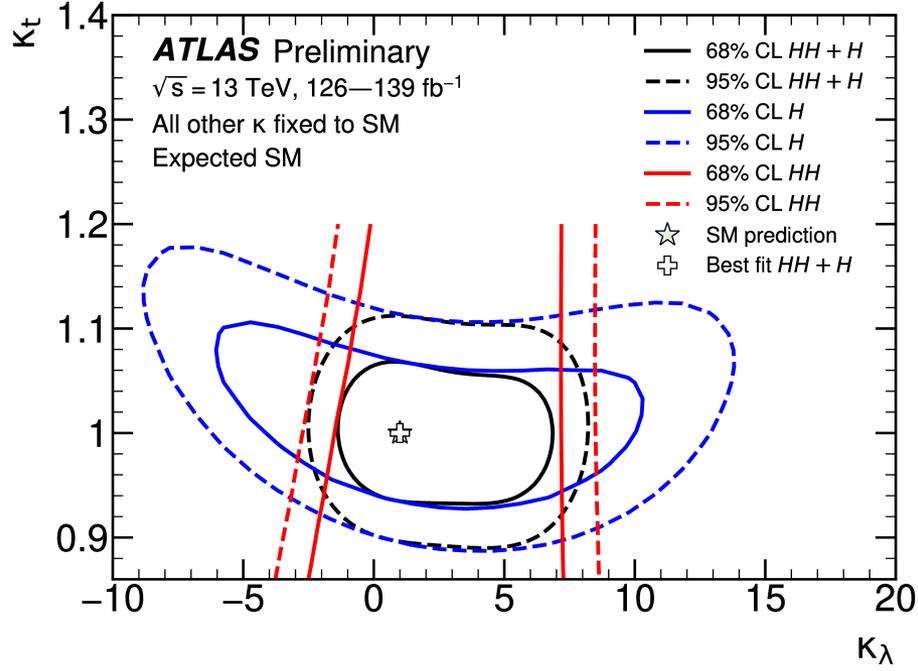
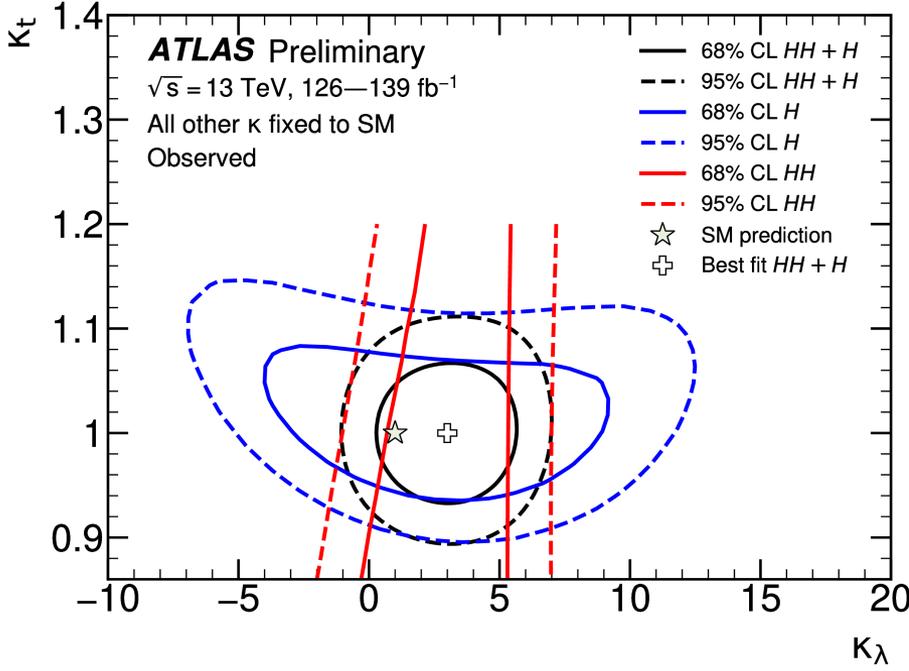
$$Z_H^{\text{BSM}}(\kappa_\lambda) = \frac{1}{1 - (\kappa_\lambda^2 - 1)\delta Z_H}, \text{ with } \delta Z_H = -1.536 \times 10^{-3}$$

- Z_H^{BSM} represents the effect of the Higgs self-energy wavefunction renormalization (**same for all the Higgs mechanisms**)
- C_1^i describes the magnitude of the correction (**process-dependent**)
- K_{EW}^i is the k-factor for the full set of NLO electroweak correction (**process-dependent**)

- In this round, C_1^i on single Higgs production has been extended to **STXS 1.2** granularity, to use more differential information for additional sensitivity [LHCHSWG-Pubnote](#)
- Technically, MG5 was used to generate events at LO. Events are then classified into STXS bins via Rivet. In each STXS bin, C_1^i is computed as

$$C_1^i = \frac{\sum_j w_{NLO}^j}{\sum_j w_{LO}^j}$$

- Where w_{NLO}^j is the weight from LO cross section corrected for the κ_λ -effect through NLO EW correction
- w_{LO}^j is the weight corresponding to LO cross section
- C_1^i calculation at STXS 1.2 is available for *ttH*, *V(l ν)H*, and *Hjj* processes.
- C_1^i of *ggH* and *tHj* is still at inclusive level due to the missing theoretical calculations at the differential level.
- No available C_1^i calculation on *tHW*, *bbH* and *ggZH* processes.



- $\kappa_\lambda - \kappa_t$ 2D contours from the fit with the only these two parameters floating.
- Major constraints on κ_t from single Higgs measurements.