

Collins Effect Update

A Lot More 7GeV MC

Fast Simulation result

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20190912.

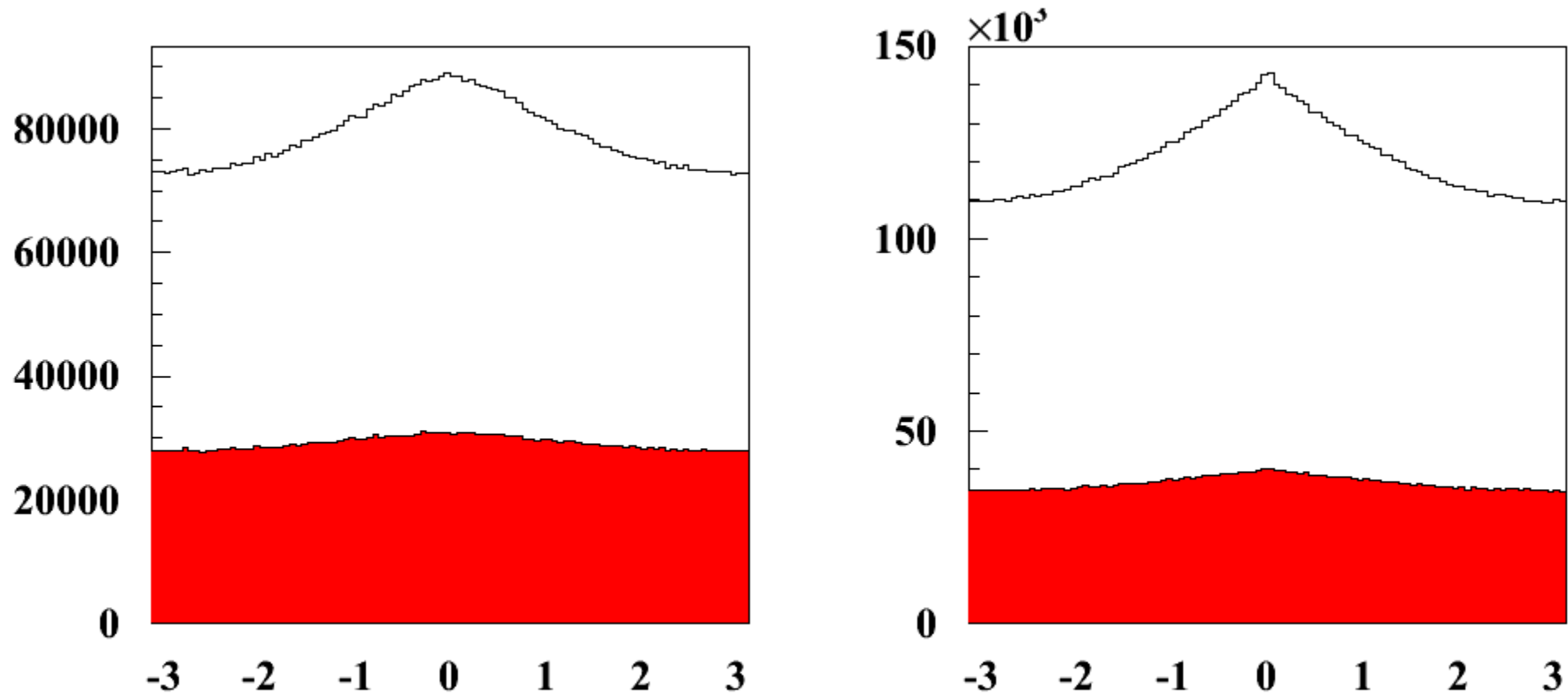
More 7GeV MC

qqbar	cms	ccross section (b)	event number	luminosity (b-1)	tot lumi = 1ab-1	scale
	5GeV	1.5300047E-08	944000	6.16992E+13	1.00E+18	16207.67691
	6GeV	6.0879803E-09	640000	1.05125E+14	1.00E+18	9512.469219
	7GeV	5.0291572E-09	418000	8.31153E+13	1.00E+18	12031.47656
More qqbar	7GeV	5.0291572E-09	12,670,000	2.51930E+15	1.00E+18	396.9342699

产生了 $\frac{1}{396.9} ab^{-1}$ 的qqbar MC

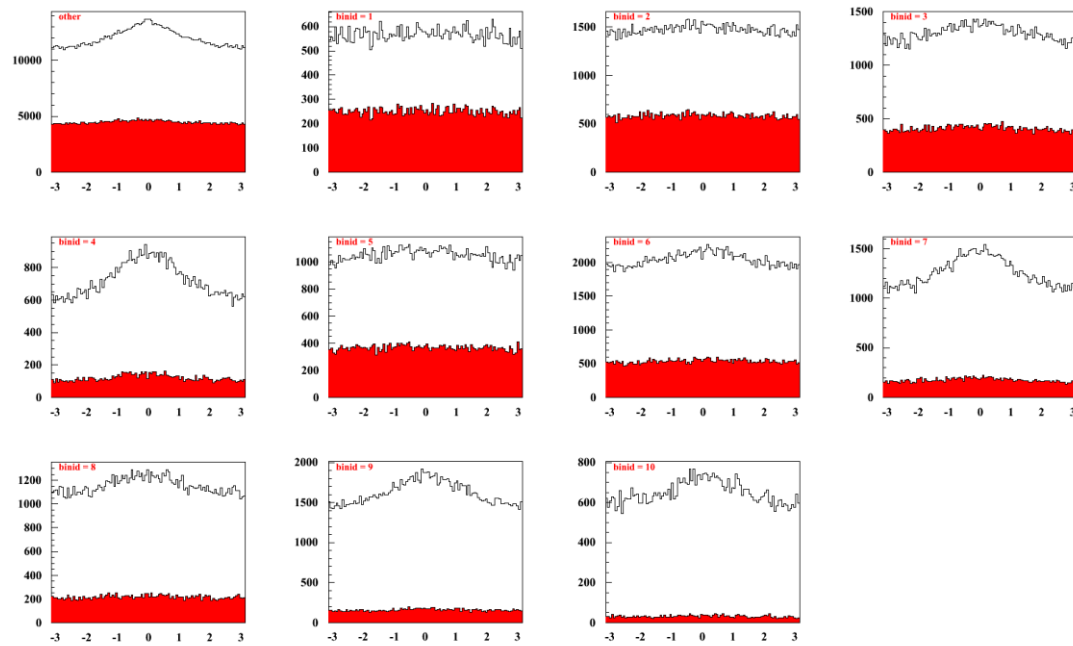
Truth angular distribution and weak/ $K\text{-}\pi$ bkg in qqbar

1. truth $\pi\pi$, no cut, red: weak/ $K\text{-}\pi$ bkg

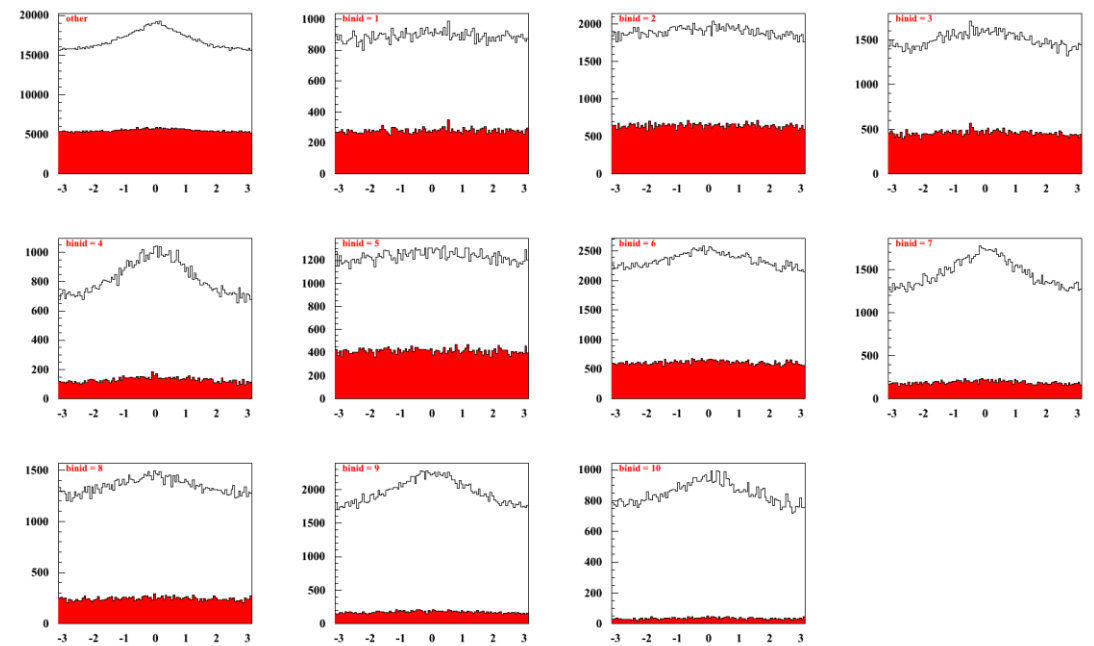


Truth angular distribution and weak/K- π bkg in qqbar
2. truth $\pi\pi$, cut: open angle > 120 , red: weak/K- π bkg

Like-Sign

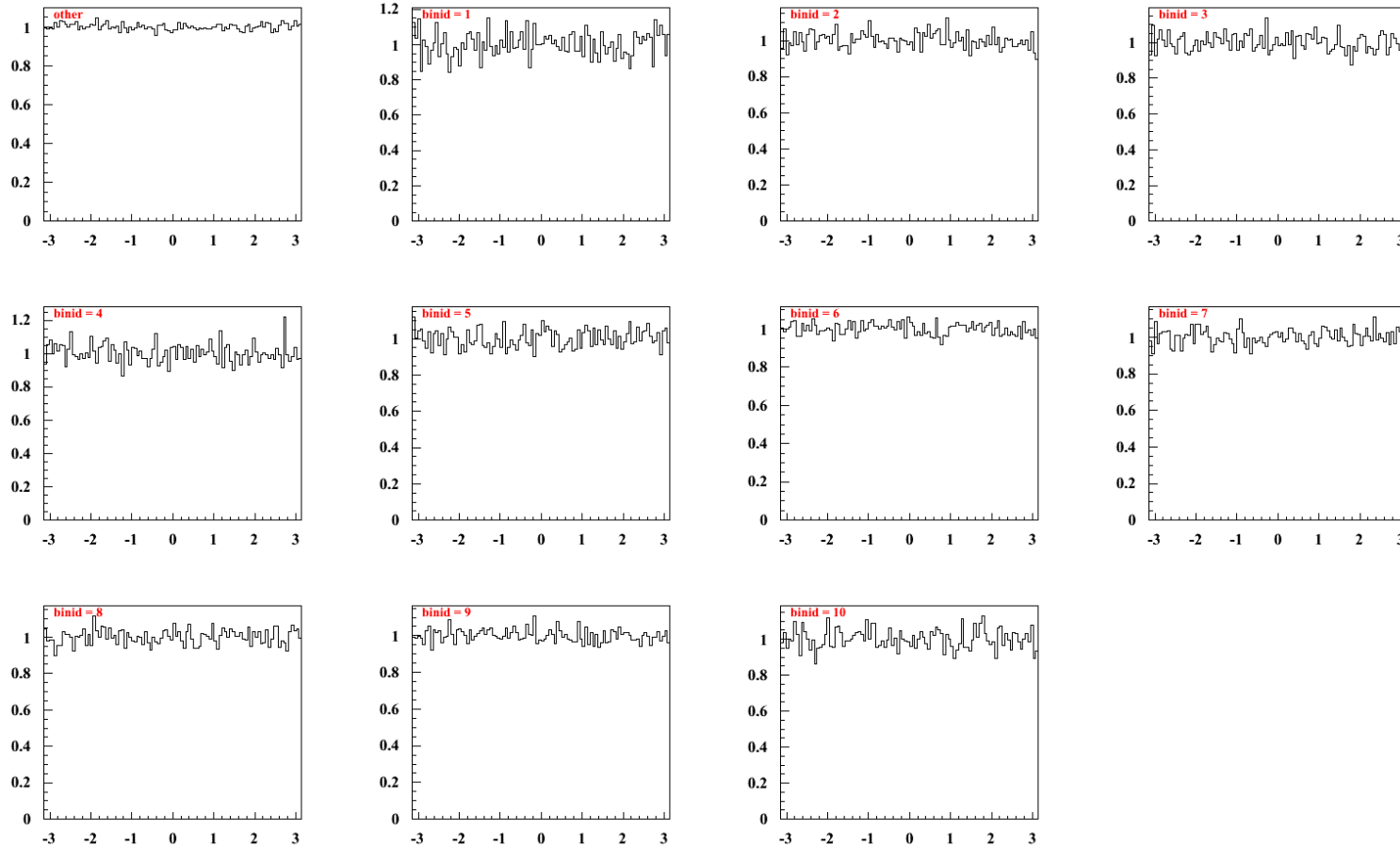


Unlike-Sign



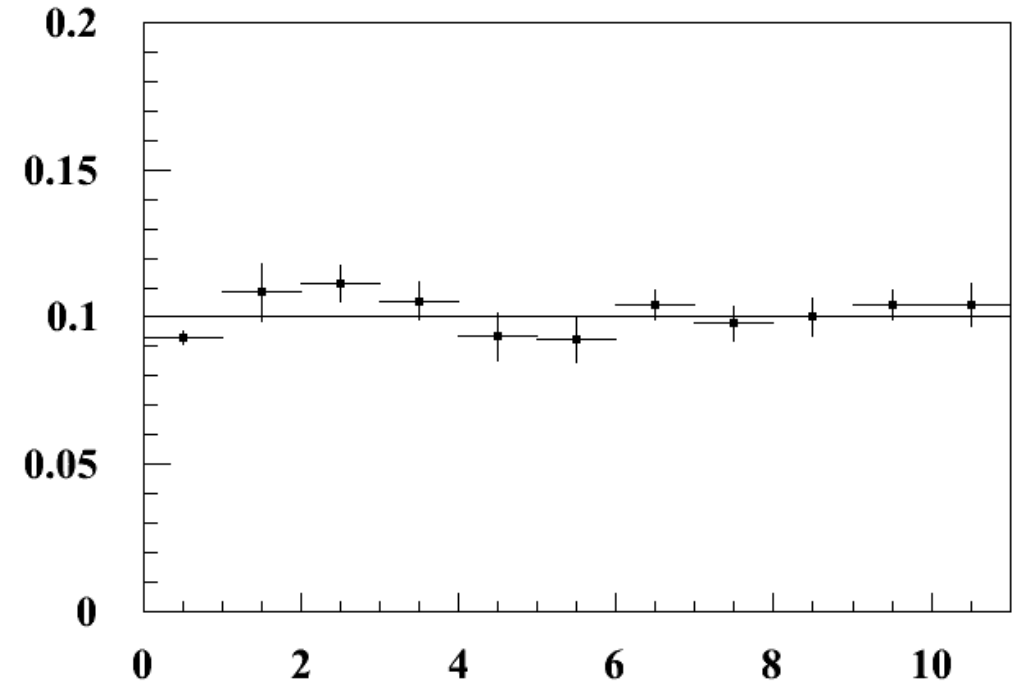
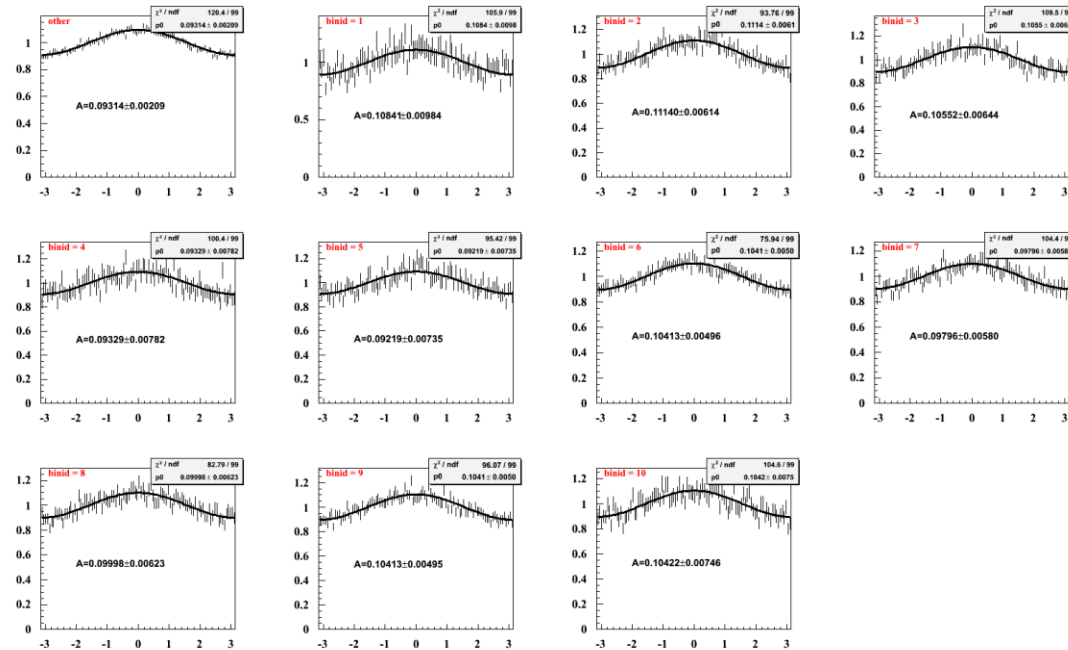
Truth angular distribution and weak/K- π bkg in qqbar

3. $\frac{Like}{Unlike}$, cut: open angle > 120, red: weak/K- π bkg



Truth angular distribution and weak/ $K\text{-}\pi$ bkg in qqbar

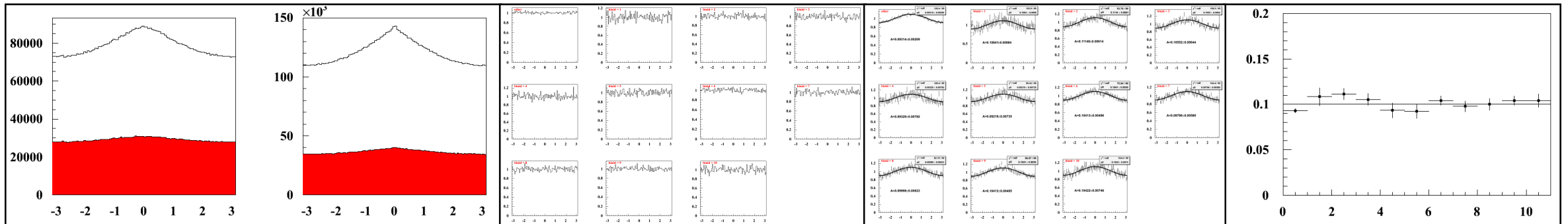
4. I/O check in qqbar, input = 0.1



Truth angular distribution and weak/K- π bkg in qqbar

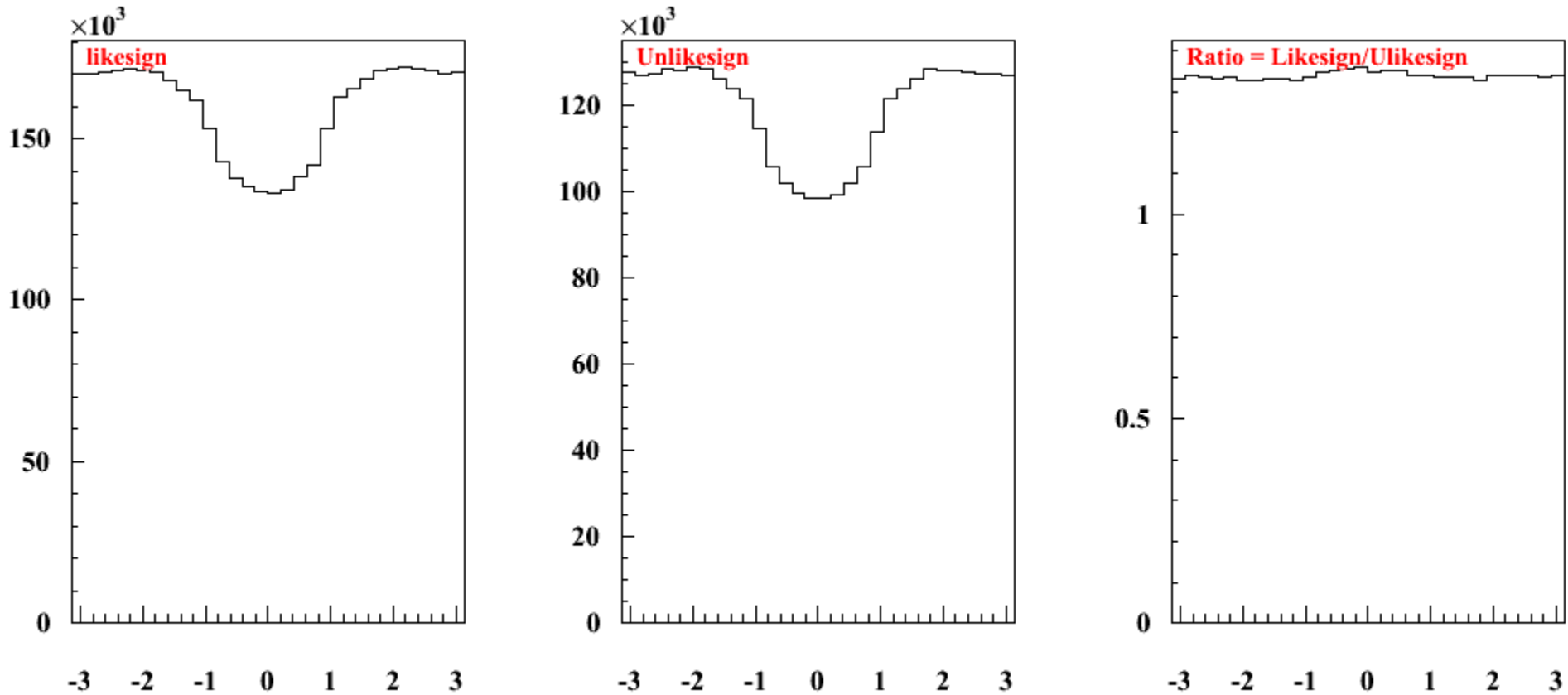
5. Summary

- 1. We generate 1/396 ab⁻¹ MC, using lundArlw.
- 2. Though Like/Unlike sign itself is not flat, the ratio $R = \frac{Like}{Unlike}$ is flat.
- 3. We did an I/O check at the truth level.



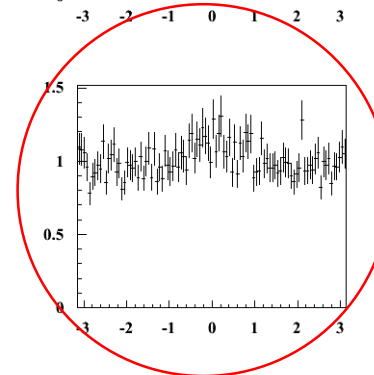
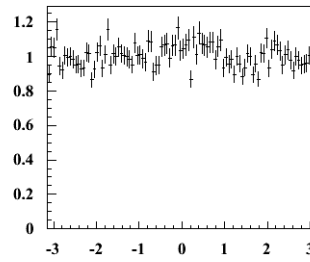
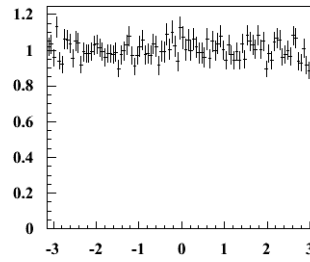
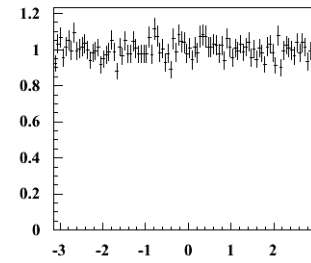
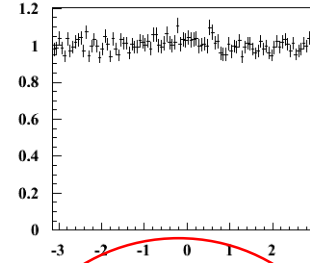
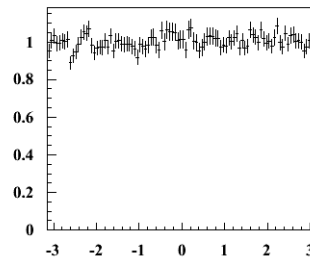
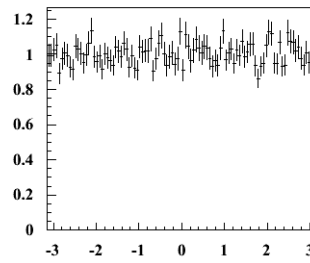
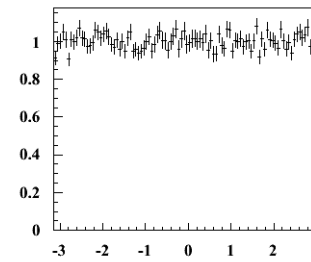
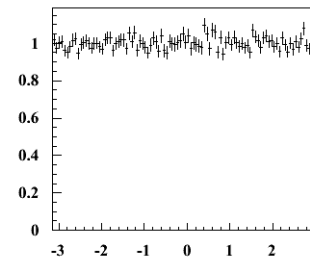
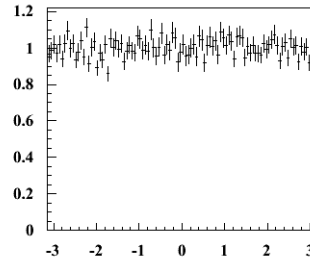
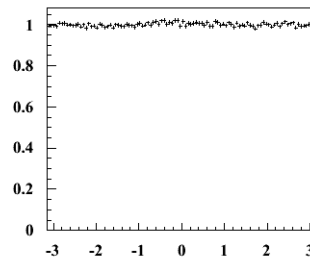
Fast Simulated result

1. first glance



Fast Simulated result

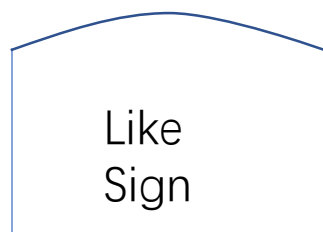
$$2. R = \frac{\textit{Like (pure hadronic)}}{\textit{Unlike (pure hadronic)}}$$



Fast Simulated result

3. parameterization

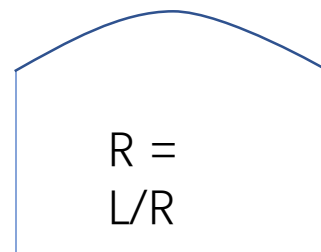
1) For Pure signal



$$A_1(1 + \alpha_1 \cos \phi)$$

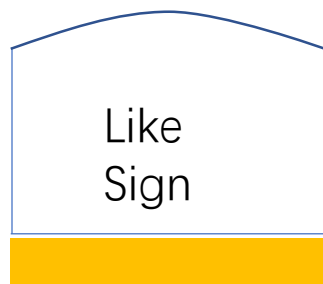


$$A_2(1 + \alpha_2 \cos \phi)$$



$$\alpha = \alpha_1 - \alpha_2$$

1) For signal + bkg



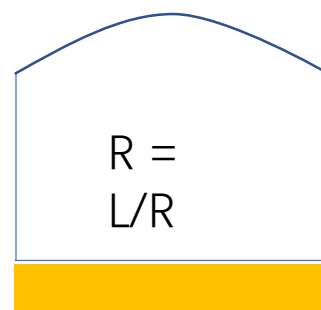
$$A_1(1 + \frac{B_1}{A_1} + \alpha_1 \cos \phi)$$

$$\alpha'_1 = \frac{A_1 \alpha_1}{A_1 + B_1}$$



$$A_2(1 + \frac{B_2}{A_2} + \alpha_2 \cos \phi)$$

$$\alpha'_2 = \frac{A_2 \alpha_2}{A_2 + B_2}$$

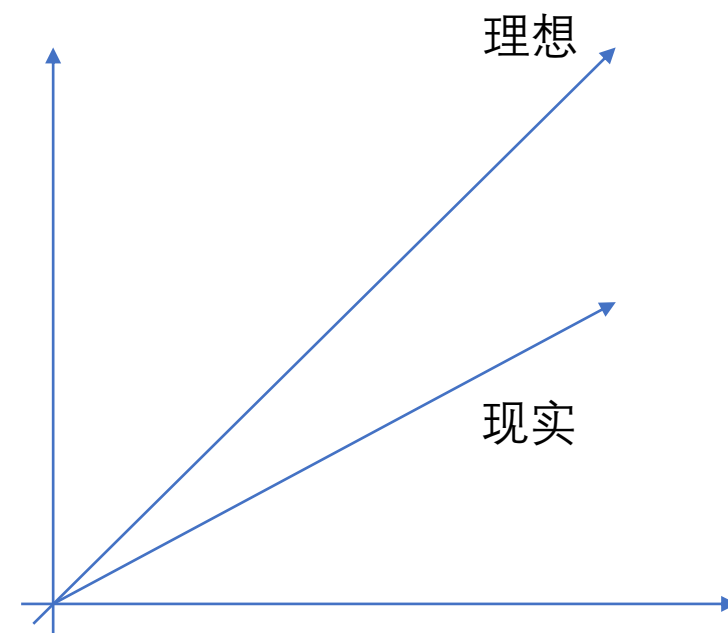


$$\alpha' = \alpha'_1 - \alpha'_2$$

Assume:

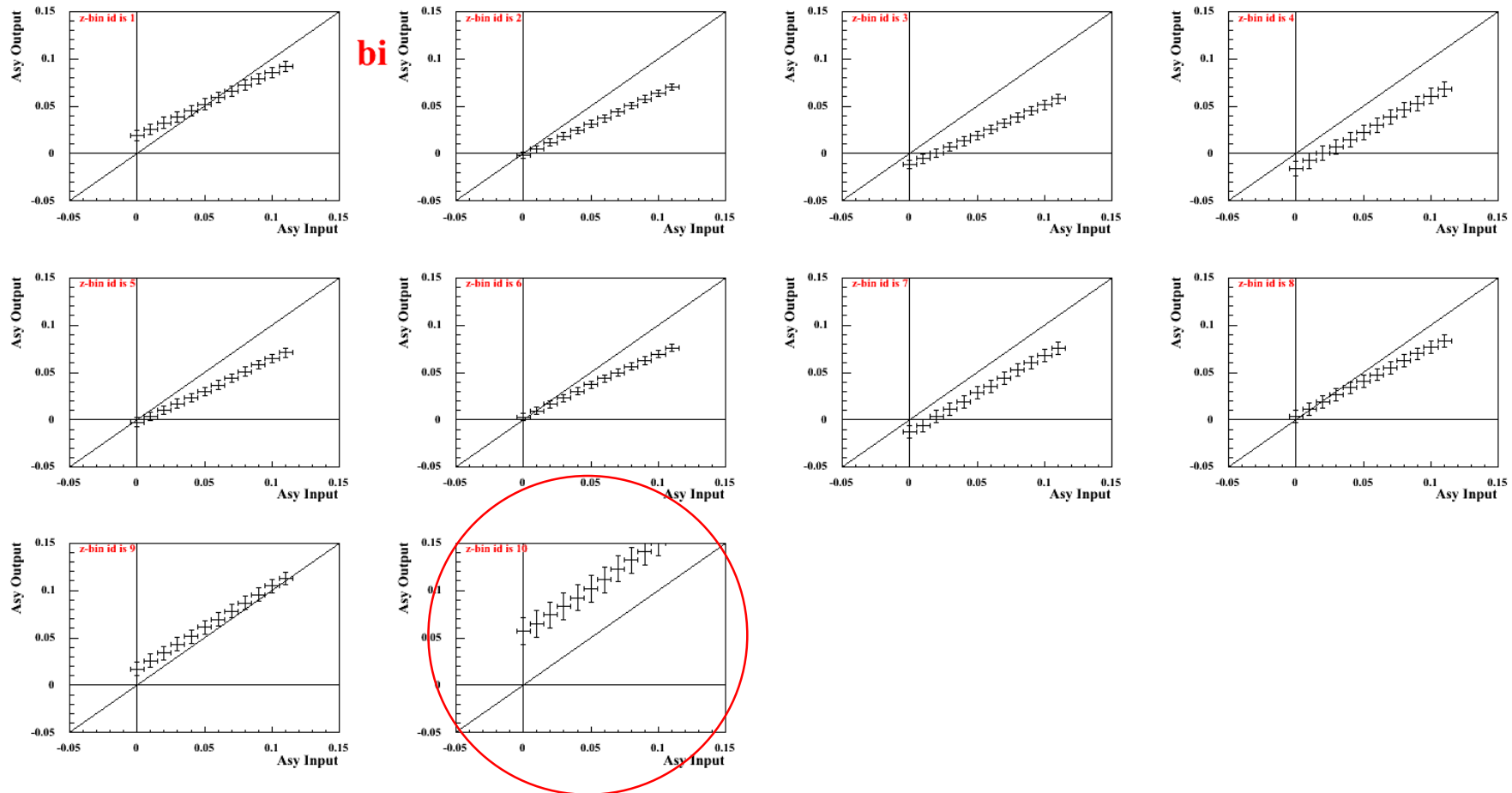
$$k = \frac{A}{A + B} < 1$$

$$\alpha' = k\alpha$$

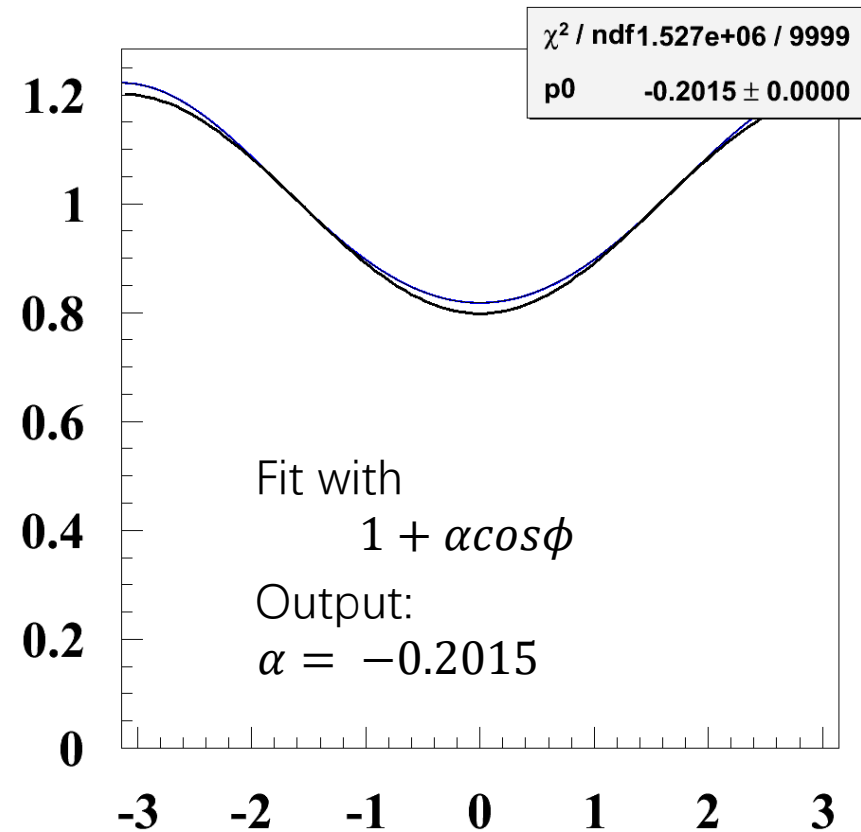
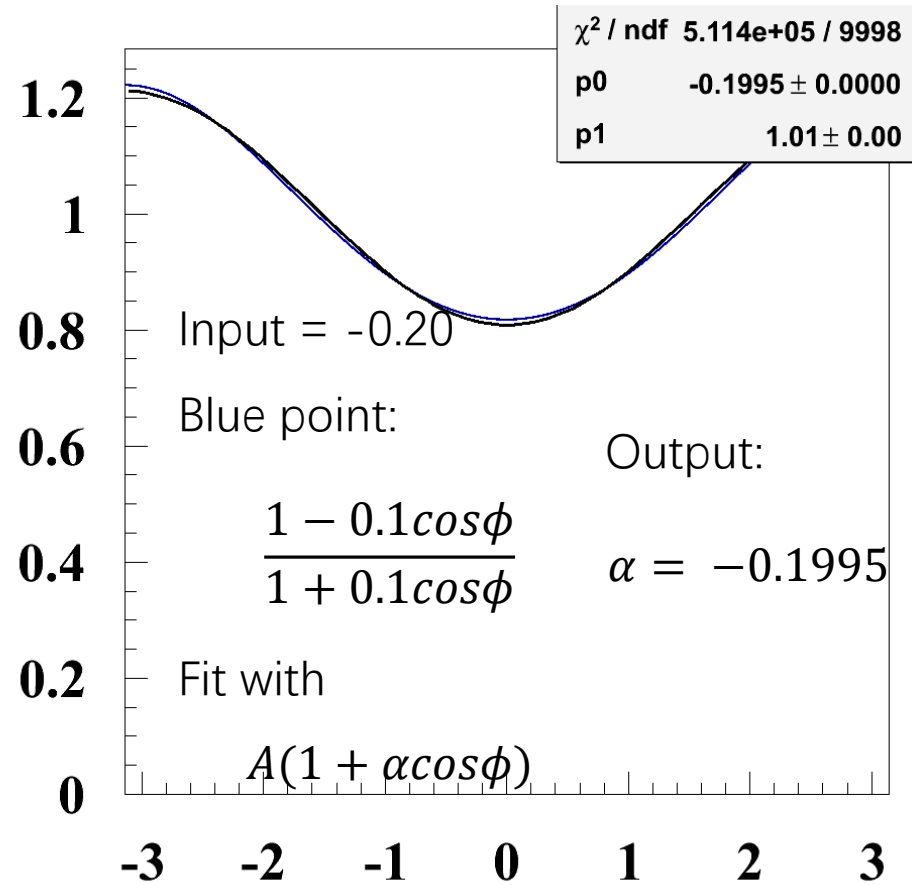


Fast Simulated result

4. Input / output check



One thing more:
systematic from the method ~ 0.0015



One thing more
I think this peak may come
from the angular resolution

