

# Study of $D^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$ @ 3770

Xinyu Shan<sup>1,2</sup>, Yue Pan<sup>1,2</sup>, Haiping Peng<sup>1,2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>University of Science and Technology of China

<sup>2</sup>State Key Laboratory of Particle Detection and Electronics

# Outline

- Motivation
- Data Set
- Event Selection
- Background Study
- Summary and Next to do

# Motivation

- Study of  $D^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$  can provide important input for the determination of CKM unitarity triangle angle  $\gamma$  in  $B^\pm \rightarrow DK^\pm$  process.
  - Global  $F_+$  can be got from model-independent/dependent method.
  - Binning  $F_+$  or  $c_i, s_i$  can be tried.

CLEO-c

Phys. Lett. B747 (2015)

JHEP05(2017)143

- CLEO-c and FOCUS have studied the resonance structure of  $D^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$ , more precise result can be got by using the large and clean  $D^0$  sample in BESIII .

# Data Set

- Boss Version: 6.6.4.p02
- Data:  $\psi(3770)$  data (2010 & 2011,  $2.92 fb^{-1}$ )
- Generic MC (round03 & round04):
  - 77M  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \psi(3770) \rightarrow D^0\bar{D}^0$  (QCMC) 10.8X
  - 91M  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \psi(3770) \rightarrow D^+D^-$  10.8X
  - 15M  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \psi(3770) \rightarrow \text{non}D\bar{D}$  10.8X
  - 102M  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma_{ISR}\psi(2S)$  10.8X
  - 33M  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma_{ISR}J/\psi$  10.8X
  - 366M  $e^+e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}$  7.3X
  - 90M  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$  10.8X

# Event Selection

**Three Flavor Tag modes:**  $\bar{D}^0 \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-, K^+ \pi^- \pi^0, K^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^-$

➤ **Good charged tracks:**

$$|R_z| \leq 10 \text{ cm}, \quad |R_{xy}| \leq 1 \text{ cm}, \quad |\cos\theta| \leq 0.93 ;$$

➤ **Good Photons:**

- Barrel :  $E_\gamma > 0.025 \text{ GeV}, |\cos\theta| \leq 0.8$
- Endcap :  $E_\gamma > 0.05 \text{ GeV}, 0.84 \leq |\cos\theta| \leq 0.92$
- Time cut:  $0 \leq T \leq 14$  (in unit of 50 ns);
- $|\text{dang}| > 20^\circ$ ;

➤ **PID (SimplePID Package):**

- Use dE/dx and TOF
- Pion:  $\text{prob}(\pi) > \text{prob}(K)$ ;
- Kaon:  $\text{prob}(K) > \text{prob}(\pi)$ ;

➤  **$\pi^0$  Candidates :**

$$0.115 < M(\gamma\gamma) < 0.150 \text{ GeV}/c^2, \quad \chi^2_{1c} < 20;$$

➤ **Tag D Reconstruction:**

- $\Delta E = E_D - E_{\text{beam}}, |\Delta E| < 0.1 \text{ GeV}$
- $M_{BC} = \sqrt{E_{\text{beam}}^2 - \vec{P}_D^2}, M_{BC} > 1.83 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
- Minimum  $\Delta E$  is used to select best candidate

➤ **Signal D Reconstruction:**

- No extra good charged track except  $4\pi$
- $|\Delta E| < 0.1 \text{ GeV}$
- $M_{BC} > 1.83 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

➤ **Kinematic Fit (5C):**

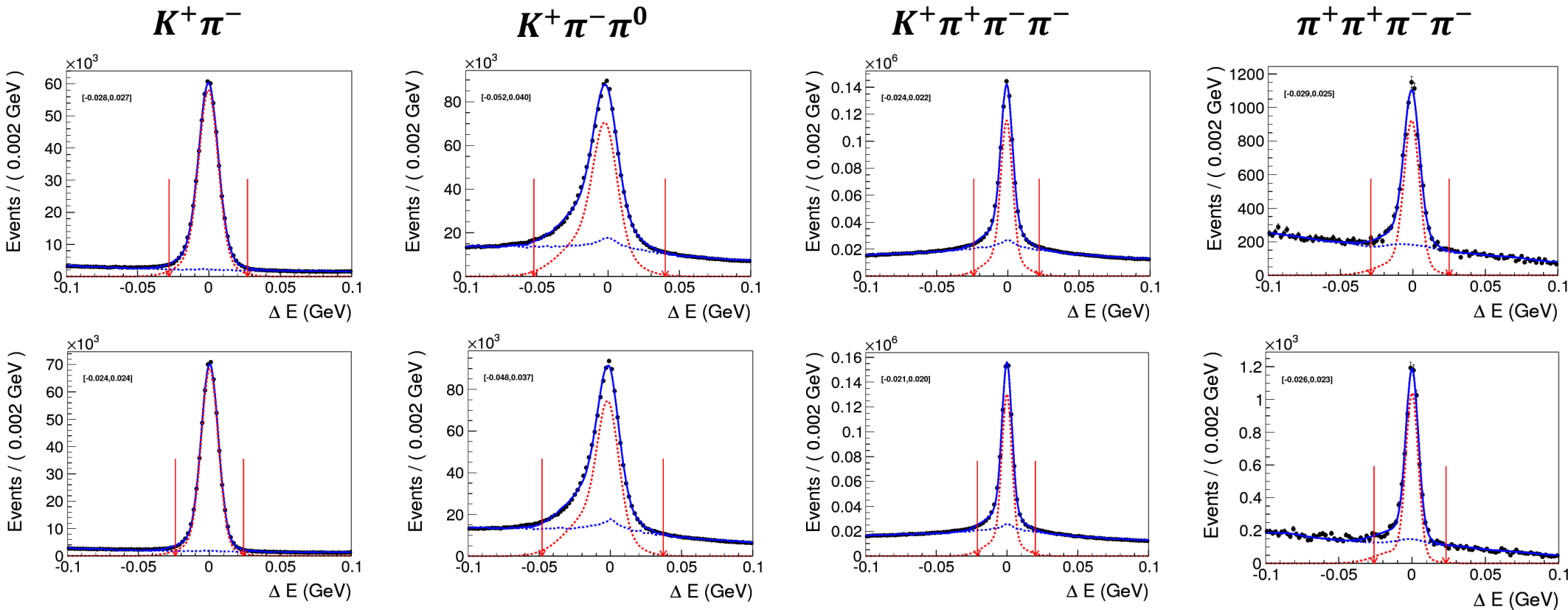
4C for all track and 1C for signal D mass,  $\chi^2_{5C} < 200$

➤  **$K_S^0$  Veto for Signal Side and  $K3\pi$  tag side:**

$$|M(\pi^+ \pi^-) - 0.4976| > 0.03 \text{ GeV}/c^2$$

# Event Selection ( $\Delta E$ cut optimization )

Data

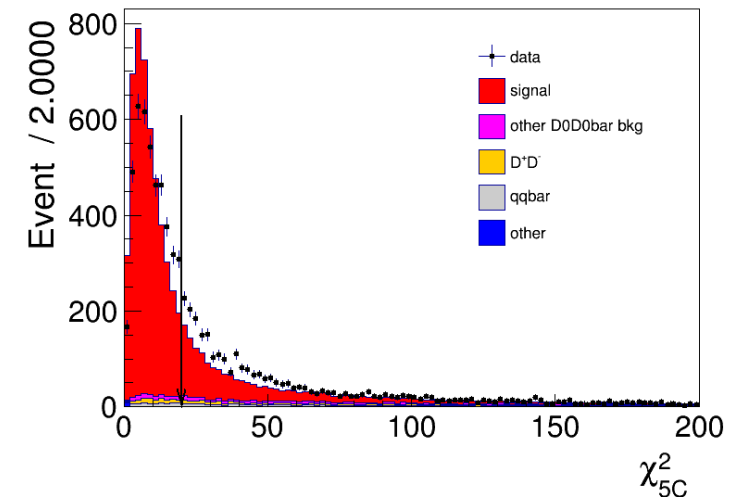
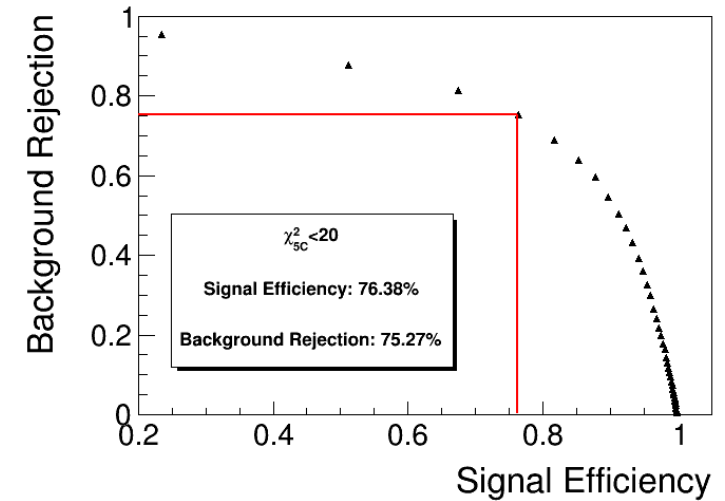


Signal is fitted by double-Gaussian  
 $\Delta E$  cut set to be  $3\sigma$  of double-Gaussian

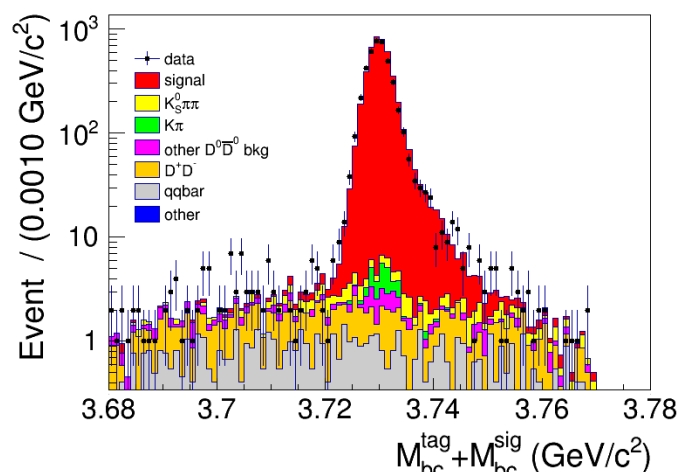
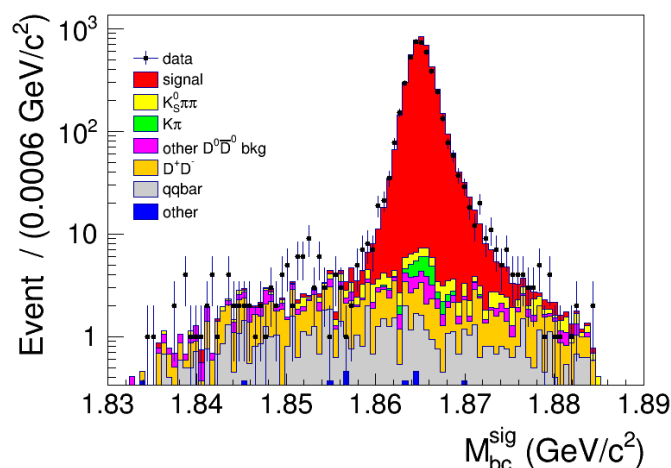
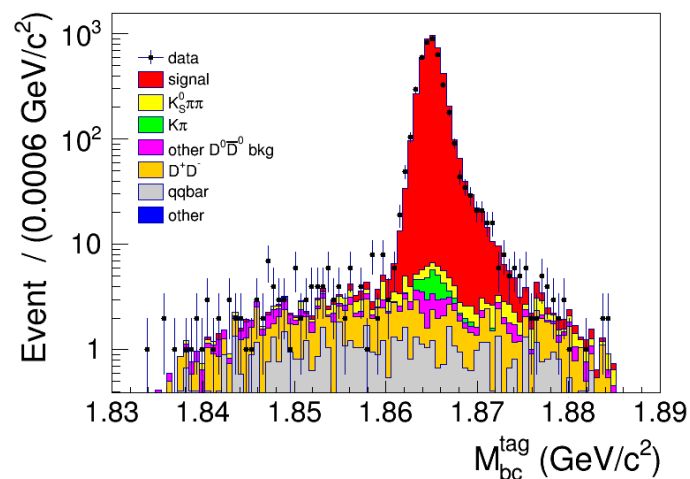
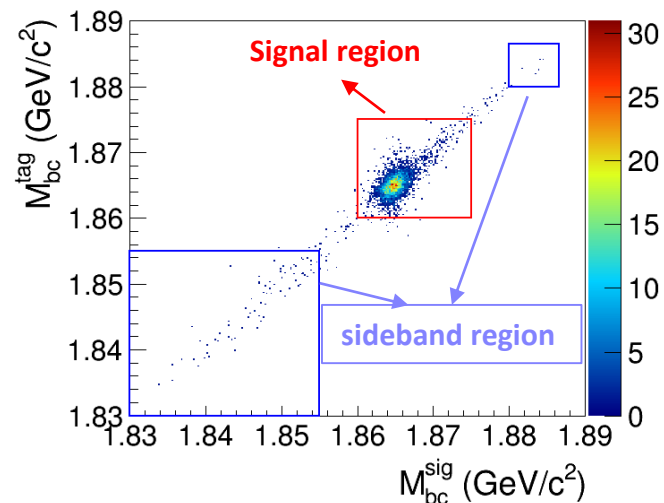
| $\Delta E$ cut (GeV) | $K^+\pi^-$        | $K^+\pi^-\pi^0$   | $K^+\pi^+\pi^-\pi^-$ | $\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-\pi^-$ |
|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------|------------------------|
| data                 | $[-0.028, 0.027]$ | $[-0.052, 0.040]$ | $[-0.024, 0.022]$    | $[-0.029, 0.025]$      |
| MC                   | $[-0.024, 0.024]$ | $[-0.048, 0.037]$ | $[-0.021, 0.020]$    | $[-0.026, 0.023]$      |

# Event Selection ( $\chi^2_{5C}$ cut optimization )

- $\chi^2_{5C}$  cut is determined by ROC of MC
  - signal region:  
 $1.86 < M_{BC}^{\text{tag}} < 1.875, 1.86 < M_{BC}^{\text{sig}} < 1.875 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
  - Signal: tag and signal is true  
(contain wrong side of tag mode)
  - Background: tag or signal or both is wrong
- Require  $\chi^2_{5C} < 20$
- Purity in MC  $\sim 97.00\%$  after cut
- Signal efficiency:  $\sim 76.38\%$
- Background rejection:  $\sim 75.27\%$



# Background Study



## ➤ Peaking background in MC

- $D^0 \rightarrow K_S^0\pi^+\pi^-$  ~0.76%
- $D^0 \rightarrow K^-\pi^+$  ~0.19%
- Which can be estimated by MC

## ➤ Non-peaking background in MC

- ~2% which can be estimated by using event in sideband region

(Fraction of background is got from MC)



# Background Study (fit to data)

2D Fit to  $M_{BC}$

## ➤ Signal Pdf:

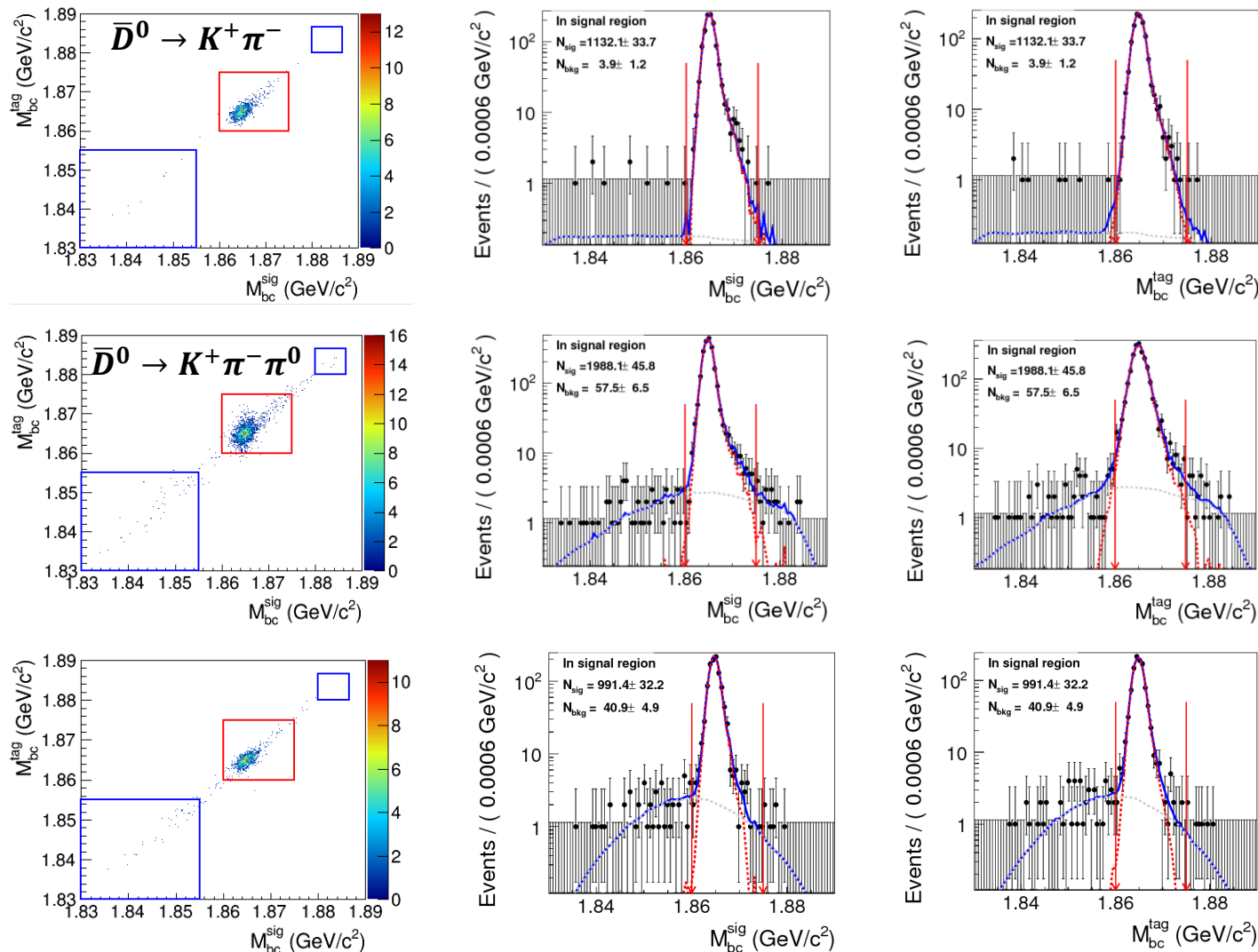
- $a(x, y) \otimes g(x; \mu_x, \sigma_x) \otimes g(y; \mu_y, \sigma_y)$
- $a(x, y)$  is 2D signal MC shape (HistPdf)
- $g(x), g(y)$  are Gaussian function, the parameters are determined from 1D fit

## ➤ Background Pdf:

- $g(x - y; \mu_0, \sigma_0) * (f * c(x + y; m_0, \xi, \rho) + (1 - f) * g(x + y; \mu_1, \sigma_1))$
- $g(x-y)$  is Gaussian function, the parameters are determined from 1D fit
- $c(x+y)$  is argus function with  $m_0=1.8865*2$ ,  $\rho = 0.5$ .
- $f$  is a fraction  $[0,1]$
- For tag mode  $\bar{D}^0 \rightarrow K^+\pi^-$ ,  $f=1$

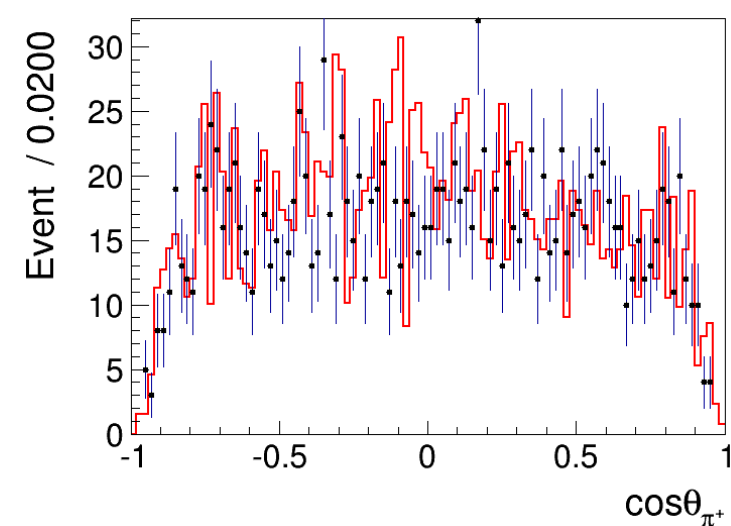
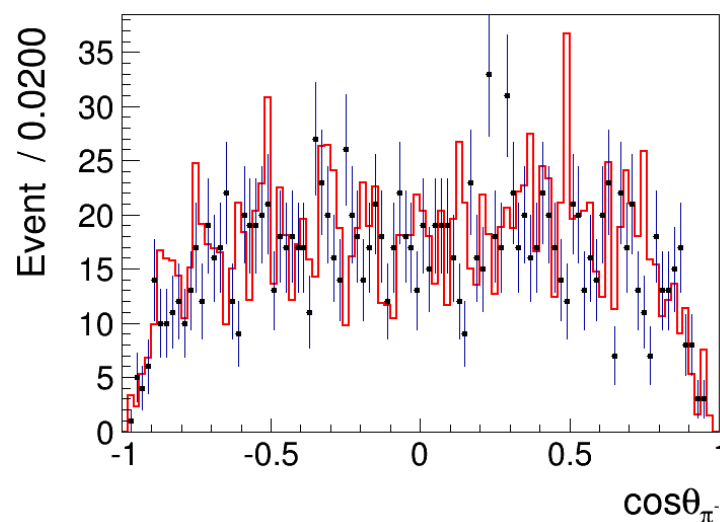
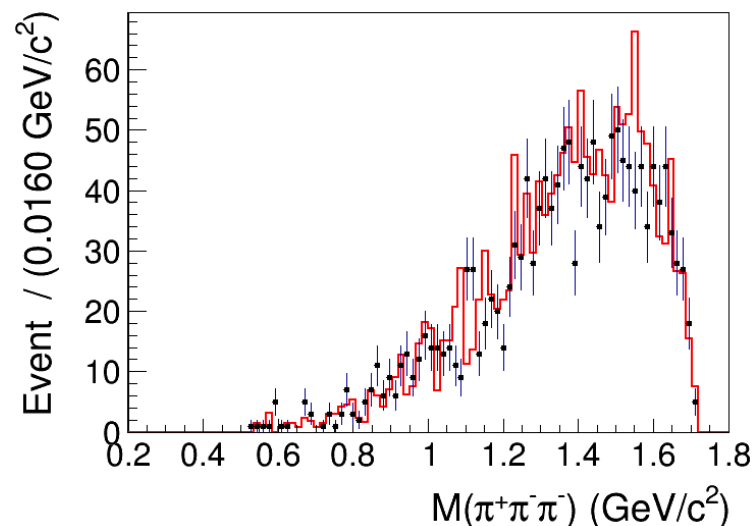
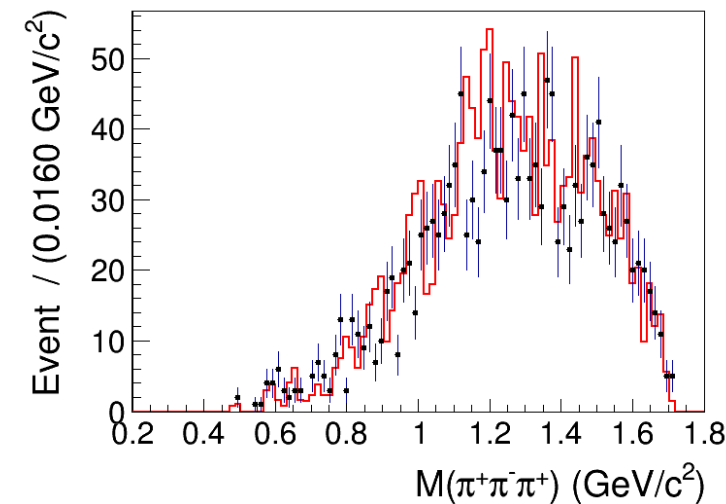
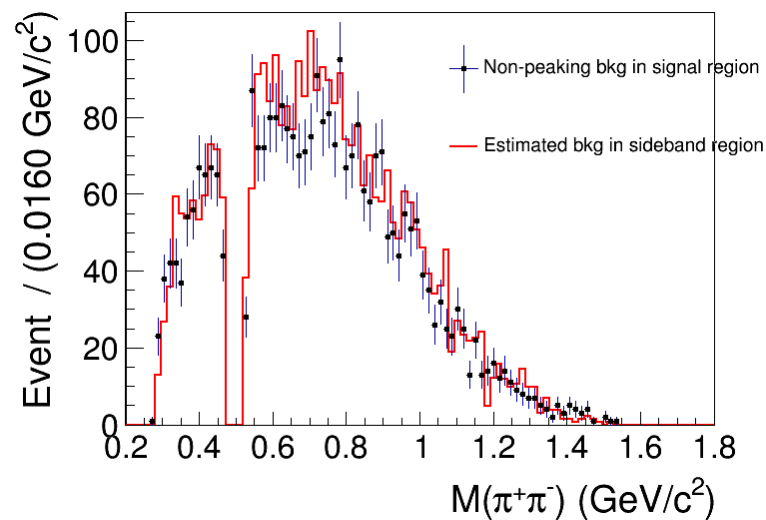
Fit signal event: 4111+66

Fit non-peaking background: 103+-8



# Background Study (MC test)

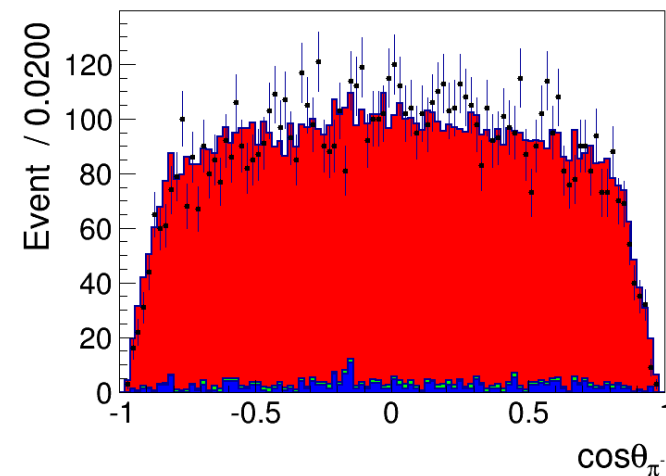
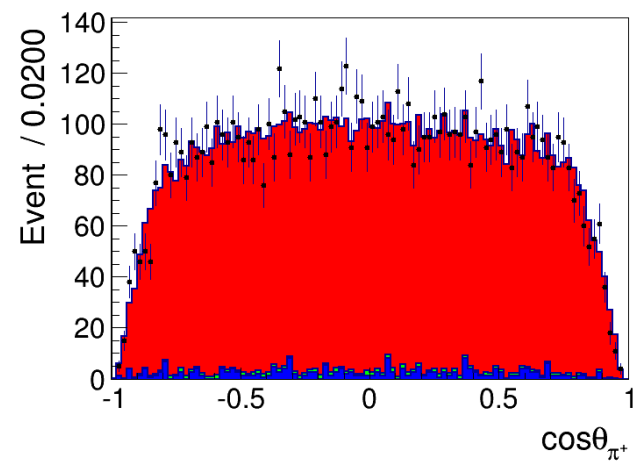
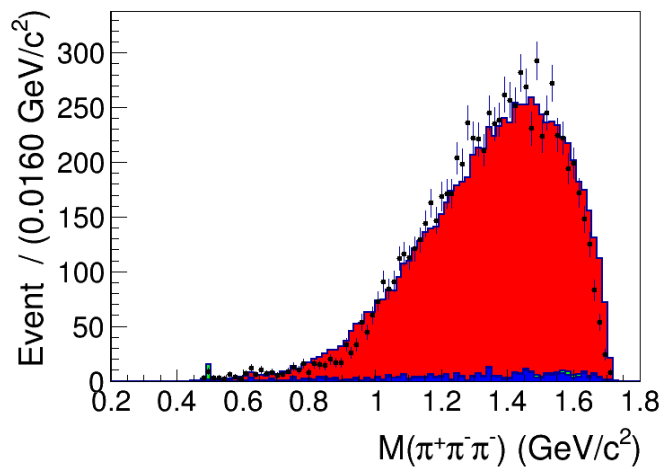
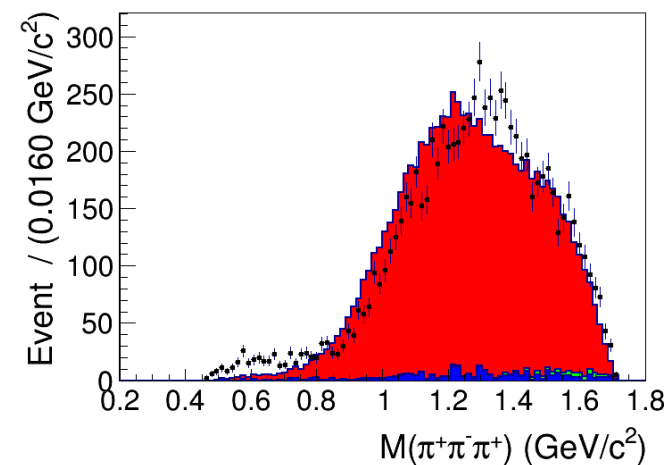
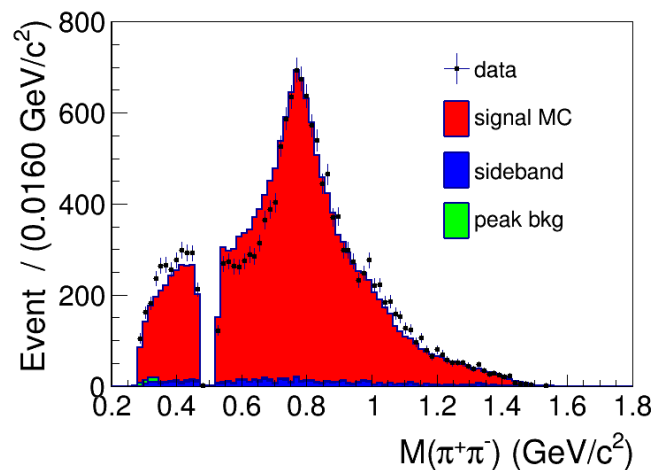
- Same fit is performed to MC and use sideband to estimate non-peaking background
- Event fix to non-peaking bkg fit value
- non-peaking background can be described well by using the event in sideband region



# Background Study

Compare MC and data

|             | Event    | Estimation |
|-------------|----------|------------|
| Signal      | 4068+-66 | -          |
| Peaking bkg | 43+-2    | MC         |
| Non-peaking | 103+-8   | Sideband   |



# Summary and next to do

## Summary:

- DT method with three flavor tag has been use to select  $D^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$ , ~4000 events with ~96.5% purity
- The non-peaking background is ~2% which can be estimated by the sideband of 2D  $M_{BC}$
- The peaking background is ~1% and come from well-know decay channel  $D^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$  and  $D^0 \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-$ , which can be estimated by MC

## Next to do:

- The flavor tag event may be increased by using  $D^{*+} \rightarrow \pi^+ D^0$  process @ 4180 and 4260, we will try it next
- PWA will be performed later
- CP tag in 3770 will be used to determining F+

Thank you!