


UrQMD (Fortran) calls ROOT (C++)

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Status

- Generally successful (but with some cases to be determined / developed)
 - Define C++ functions, and let them called by Fortran at proper locations
 - Define C++ extern struct to link Fortran quantities (commons)
- Location: `ui:/ustcfs/HICUser/fsi/urqmd`
- Original UrQMD: `/ustcfs/HICUser/fsi/urqmd/urqmd`
 - Change: `pythia6409.f` \rightarrow `pythia6428.f` (final `pythia6`), GNUmakefile updated
 - Change: new gfortran option `-std=legacy` in `mk/Linux.mk`
- New Fortran & C++ codes: `/ustcfs/HICUser/fsi/urqmd/curqmd`
 - `c_*.f`, `curqmd.[cxx,h]`, GNUmakefile, `run.sh`

What to store (UrqmdDst)

column#	contents
0	“E” (only in )
1 ✓	# of collisions
2 ✓	# of elastic collisions
3 ✓	# of inelastic collisions
4 ✓	# of Pauli-blocked collisions
5 ✓	# of decays
6 ✓	# of produced <i>hard</i> baryon resonances
7 ✓	# of produced <i>soft</i> baryon resonances
8 ✓	# of baryon resonances produced via a decay of another resonance

- Entry for each time step of events (few)
- Additional branch
 - b
 - time: event level (instead of track level)
 - Npart: $A_{\text{project}} + A_{\text{target}} - \#(\text{pptype}\%100==0)$
 - Ntracks
 - spin
 - iso3_old1 & iso3_old2

				contents
		1		ind: index of particle (see CTOption (56))
1	1	2	1	t: time of particle
2	2	3	2 ✓	r _x : x coordinate
3	3	4	3 ✓	r _y : y coordinate
4	4	5	4 ✓	r _z : z coordinate
5	5	6	5	E: energy of particle
6	6	7	6 ✓	p _x : x momentum component
7	7	8	7 ✓	p _y : y momentum component
8	8	9	8 ✓	p _z : z momentum component
9	9	10	9 ✓	m: mass of particle
10	10	11	10 ✓	ityp: particle-ID
11	11	12	11 ✓	iso3: $2 \cdot I_3$ (see Section 1.2)
12	12	13	12 ✓	ch : charge of particle
13	13	14	13 ✓	parent collision number (see Table 10)
14	14	15	14 ✓	N _{coll} number of collisions
		16		S : strangeness
15	15		15 ✓	parent process type (see Table 11)
		17		history information (debugging only)
16			✓	t ^{fr} : freeze-out time of particle
17			✓	r _x ^{fr} : freeze-out x coordinate
18			✓	r _y ^{fr} : freeze-out y coordinate
19			✓	r _z ^{fr} : freeze-out z coordinate
20				E ^{fr} : freeze-out energy of particle
21			✓	p _x ^{fr} : freeze-out momentum x component
22			✓	p _y ^{fr} : freeze-out momentum y component
23			✓	p _z ^{fr} : freeze-out momentum z component
	16*		✓	τ _{dec} decay time of particle
	17*		✓	τ _{form} formation time of particle
	18*		✓	R _σ cross section reduction factor
	19*		✓	unique particle number (not ID!)
			16* ✓	ityp ₁ ^{old} : particle-ID of parent particle # 1
			17* ✓	ityp ₂ ^{old} : particle-ID of parent particle # 2

What to store (UrqmdCollisionDst)

column#	format	contents
1	✓ (i8)	number of ingoing particles N_{in}
2	✓ (i8)	number of outgoing particles N_{out}
3	✓ (i4)	process ID (see Table I1)
4	✓ (i7)	collision/entry counter
5	✓ (f8.3)	collision time t_{coll} in fm/c
6	✓ (e12.4)	center of mass energy of the collision \sqrt{s} in GeV
7	✓ (e12.4)	total cross-section of the collision σ_{tot} in mbarn
8	✓ (e12.4)	partial cross-section of the actual sub-process σ_i in mbarn
9	✓ (e12.4)	Baryon density at collision point ρ_B in units of ρ_0

- Not created or stored if storeCollision = false
- Entry for each collision of events (many)
- Additional branch
 - b
 - Ntracks
 - spin
 - iso3_old1 & iso3_old2

13	14	15	16	contents
		1		ind: index of particle (see CTOption (56))
1	1	2	1	t : time of particle
2	2	3	2 ✓	r_x : x coordinate
3	3	4	3 ✓	r_y : y coordinate
4	4	5	4 ✓	r_z : z coordinate
5	5	6	5	E : energy of particle
6	6	7	6 ✓	p_x : x momentum component
7	7	8	7 ✓	p_y : y momentum component
8	8	9	8 ✓	p_z : z momentum component
9	9	10	9 ✓	m : mass of particle
10	10	11	10 ✓	ityp: particle-ID
11	11	12	11 ✓	iso3: $2 \cdot I_3$ (see Section I.2)
12	12	13	12 ✓	ch : charge of particle
13	13	14	13 ✓	parent collision number (see Table I0)
14	14	15	14 ✓	N_{coll} number of collisions
		16		S : strangeness
15	15		15 ✓	parent process type (see Table I1)
		17		history information (debugging only)
16				t^{fr} : freeze-out time of particle
17				r_x^{fr} : freeze-out x coordinate
18				r_y^{fr} : freeze-out y coordinate
19				r_z^{fr} : freeze-out z coordinate
20				E^{fr} : freeze-out energy of particle
21				p_x^{fr} : freeze-out momentum x component
22				p_y^{fr} : freeze-out momentum y component
23				p_z^{fr} : freeze-out momentum z component
	16*			τ_{dec} decay time of particle
	17*			τ_{form} formation time of particle
	18*			R_σ cross section reduction factor
	19*		✓	unique particle number (not ID!)
			16* ✓	ityp ₁ ^{old} : particle-ID of parent particle # 1
			17* ✓	ityp ₂ ^{old} : particle-ID of parent particle # 2

What is new

- Can store spin, iso3_old
- Can store parent information (iType_old, iso3_old) during final output
- Can store f13 information @ each time step (original f13 only stores final)
- Can set quiet output to command screen
- Can skip empty event ($N_{\text{coll}} + N_{\text{decays}} == 0$)
- Can set random seed event-by-event

How to store parent information

- Integer (4 bytes): origin (origin definition)
 - $\text{ppType} + 100 * (\# \text{scatters}) + 1000 * (|\text{iType_old1}| + 1000 * |\text{iType_old2}|)$
 - $0 \leq \text{ppType} < 100, 0 \leq |\text{iType_old}| < 1000$
 - No iso3_old or sign of iType_old
- | ityp | nucleon | ity |
|------|------------|-----|
| 1 | N_{938} | |
| 2 | N_{1440} | |
| 3 | N_{1520} | |
| 4 | N_{1535} | |

```

if ( (itypt(1).eq.ityp(inew(i))).and.
      (iso3t(1).eq.iso3(inew(i))) ) then
  origin(inew(i))=origint(1)+100
  uid(inew(i))=uidt(1)
elseif ( (itypt(2).eq.ityp(inew(i))).and.
          (iso3t(2).eq.iso3(inew(i))) ) then
  origin(inew(i))=origint(2)+100
  uid(inew(i))=uidt(2)

```

[illegible]

Table 1: Baryon-itypes used in UrQMD. Antibaryons carry a negative sign.

ityp 0 ⁻⁺	ityp 1 ⁻⁻	ityp 0 ⁺⁺	ityp 1 ⁺⁺	ityp charmed
101 π	104 ρ	111 a_0	114 a_1	133 D
106 K	108 K^*	110 K_0^*	113 K_1^*	134 D^*
102 η	103 ω	105 f_0	115 f_1	135 J/Ψ
107 η'	109 ϕ	112 f_0^*	116 f_1'	136 χ_c
ityp 1 ⁺⁻	ityp 2 ⁺⁺	ityp (1 ⁻⁻) [*]	ityp (1 ⁻⁻) ^{**}	137 Ψ'
122 b_1	118 a_2	126 ρ_{1450}	130 ρ_{1700}	138 D_s
121 K_1	117 K_2^*	125 K_{1410}^*	129 K_{1680}^*	139 D_s^*
123 h_1	119 f_2'	127 ω_{1420}	131 ω_{1662}	
124 h_1'	120 f_2''	128 ϕ_{1680}	132 ϕ_{1900}	

- ppType = origin%100
- # scatters = origin/100%10

[illegible]

How to store parent information

- Integer (4 bytes): origin (new definition)
 - $\text{ppType} + 100 * (\# \text{scatters}) + 1000 * ((\text{iso3_old1} + 3) + 7 * (\text{t_iType_old1} + 100)) + 1400000 * ((\text{iso3_old2} + 3) + 7 * (\text{t_iType_old2} + 100))$
 - $0 \leq \text{ppType} < 100$, $0 \leq \text{iso3_old} + 3 \leq 6$
 - $\text{t_iType_old} = \text{iType_old}$; if $(\geq 100) \rightarrow -40$; if $(\leq -100) \rightarrow +40$
 - $0 \leq \text{t_iType_old} + 100 < 200$
 - $\text{origin} < 1.96\text{e}9$ (4-byte integer max $\sim 2.1\text{e}9$)

- !!!Also affect *.txt output

- $\text{ppType} = \text{origin} \% 100$
- $\# \text{scatters} = \text{origin} / 100 \% 10$
- If ppType does not contain # scatters, can be stored 1-byte

```
ppType = origin%100;
if(origin<1000)
    iType_old1 = iso3_old1 = iType_old2 = iso3_old2 = 0;
else{
    iso3_old1 = origin/1000%7-3;
    iType_old1 = origin/7000%200-100;
    if(iType_old1>=60)
        iType_old1 += 40;
    if(iType_old1<=-60)
        iType_old1 -= 40;
    if(origin<1400000)
        iType_old2 = iso3_old2 = 0;
    else{
        iso3_old2 = origin/1400000%7-3;
        iType_old2 = origin/9800000-100;
        if(iType_old2>=60)
            iType_old2 += 40;
        if(iType_old2<=-60)
            iType_old2 -= 40;
    }
}
```

ityp	nucleon	ityp	delta	ityp	lambda	ityp	sigma	ityp	xi	ityp	omega
1	N_{938}	17	Δ_{1232}	27	Λ_{1116}	40	Σ_{1192}	49	Ξ_{1317}	55	Ω_{1672}
2	N_{1440}	18	Δ_{1600}	28	Λ_{1405}	41	Σ_{1385}	50	Ξ_{1530}		
3	N_{1520}	19	Δ_{1620}	29	Λ_{1520}	42	Σ_{1660}	51	Ξ_{1690}		
4	N_{1535}	20	Δ_{1700}	30	Λ_{1600}	43	Σ_{1670}	52	Ξ_{1820}		
5	N_{1650}	21	Δ_{1900}	31	Λ_{1670}	44	Σ_{1775}	53	Ξ_{1950}		
6	N_{1675}	22	Δ_{1905}	32	Λ_{1690}	45	Σ_{1790}	54	Ξ_{2025}		
7	N_{1680}	23	Δ_{1910}	33	Λ_{1800}	46	Σ_{1915}				
8	N_{1700}	24	Δ_{1920}	34	Λ_{1810}	47	Σ_{1940}				
9	N_{1710}	25	Δ_{1930}	35	Λ_{1820}	48	Σ_{2030}				
10	N_{1720}	26	Δ_{1950}	36	Λ_{1830}						
11	N_{1900}			37	Λ_{1890}						
12	N_{1990}			38	Λ_{2100}						
13	N_{2080}			39	Λ_{2110}						
14	N_{2190}										
15	N_{2200}										
16	N_{2250}										

Table 1: Baryon-itypes used in UrQMD. Antibaryons carry a negative sign.

ityp	0^{-+}	ityp	1^{-+}	ityp	0^{++}	ityp	1^{++}	ityp	charmed
101	π	104	ρ	111	a_0	114	a_1	133	D
106	K	108	K^*	110	K_0^*	113	K_1^*	134	D^*
102	η	103	ω	105	f_0	115	f_1	135	J/Ψ
107	η'	109	ϕ	112	f_0^*	116	f_1'	136	χ_c
ityp	1^{+-}	ityp	2^{++}	ityp	$(1^{-})^*$	ityp	$(1^{-})^{**}$	137	Ψ'
122	b_1	118	a_2	126	ρ_{1450}	130	ρ_{1700}	138	D_s
121	K_1	117	K_2^*	125	K_{1410}^*	129	K_{1680}^*	139	D_s^*
123	h_1	119	f_2	127	ω_{1420}	131	ω_{1662}		
124	h_1'	120	f_2'	128	ϕ_{1680}	132	ϕ_{1900}		

How to set seed for random generator

- Random seed generator
 - iseed is actual seed when used
 - Changed after each use
 - ranseed is seed of iseed
- 1. set $\text{ranseed} < 0$
- 2. if < 0 , set ranseed by time
 - if different from old
- 3. set $\text{iseed} = -\text{ranseed}$
- 4. modify iseed (extra if < 0)

```

subroutine sseed(ranseed)
c
c      reset the random number generato
c
cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc

implicit none

real*8 dummy, ran2
integer iseed, ranseed, oldseed, time, timeseed
common /seed/iseed,oldseed

if (ranseed.le.0) then
    timeseed = abs(time())
    if (timeseed.eq.oldseed) return
    ranseed = timeseed
endif
oldseed = ranseed
iseed = -ranseed
dummy = ran2(iseed)

return
end

```

```
c initialize random number generator
c call auto-seed generator only for first event and if no seed was fixed
if(.not.firstseed.and.(.not.fixedseed)) then
    ranseed=-(1*abs(ranseed))      If .not.fixedseed, it can reset seed
    call sseed(ranseed)           from time almost each event
else                               If fixedseed, it use only one random
    firstseed=.false.             sequence (follows last event)
endif
```

```

function ran2(idum)
c
c Long period (>2E18) random number generator of L'Ecuyer with
c Bays-Durham shuffle and added safeguards. Returns a uniform random
c deviate between 0.0 and 1.0 (exclusive of the endpoint values).
c Call with idum a negative integer to initialize; thereafter, do
c not alter idum between successive deviates in a sequence. RNMx
c should approximate the largest floating value that is less than 1.
c
c (C) Copr. 1986-92 Numerical Recipes Software.
c
cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc

implicit none

integer idum, IM1, IM2, IMM1, IA1, IA2, IQ1, IQ2, IR1, IR2, NTAB, NDIV
real*8 ran2, AM, EPS, RNMx

parameter (IM1=2147483563, IM2=2147483399, AM=1.0D0/IM1, IMM1=IM1-1,
$      IA1=40014, IA2=40692, IQ1=53668, IQ2=52774, IR1=12211, IR2=3791,
$      NTAB=32, NDIV=1+IMM1/NTAB, EPS=1.0D0-16, RNMx=1.0D0-EPS)

integer idum2, j, k, iv(NTAB), iy
save iv, iy, idum2
data idum2/123456789/, iv/NTAB*0/, iy/0/

if (idum.le.0) then
    idum=max(-idum,1)
    idum2=idum
    do 11 j=NTAB+8,1,-1
        k=idum/IQ1
        idum=IA1*(idum-k*IQ1)-k*IR1
        if (idum.lt.0) idum=idum+IM1
        if (j.le.NTAB) iv(j)=idum
11    continue
    iy=iv(1)
endif
idum2=idum/IQ1
idum=IA1*(idum-k*IQ1)-k*IR1
if (idum.lt.0) idum=idum+IM1
k=idum2/IQ2
idum2=IA2*(idum2-k*IQ2)-k*IR2
if (idum2.lt.0) idum2=idum2+IM2
j=1+iy/NDIV
iy=iv(j)-idum2
iv(j)=idum2
if (iy.lt.1) iy=iy+IMM1
ran2=min(AM*iy, RNMx)

return
end

```


How to set seed for random generator

- Set seed for gRandom by random_device
 - True random number if supported by compiler
- Set `c_use_external_seed = true`
- Set ranseed uniformly in `[-2147483648, 2147483647]`
 - Not finalized yet
 - Set ranseed only positive?
 - Add effect of time?
- Call `ran2` to modify `iseed`

```
std::random_device rd;
gRandom->SetSeed(rd());

c_sets_l_.c_use_external_seed = kTRUE;
```

```
void c_set_seed(){
    sys_.ranseed = (gRandom->Rndm()-0.5)*4294967296;
    seed_.oldseed = sys_.ranseed;
    seed_.iseed = -sys_.ranseed;
    ran2_(&seed_.iseed);
}
```

```
c initialize random number generator
c call auto-seed generator only for first event and if no seed was fixed
if(c_use_external_seed)then
    if(firstseed)firstseed=.false.
    if(fixedseed)then
        write(6,*)'c_use_external_seed is neglected due to fixedseed'
        c_use_external_seed=.false.
    else
        call c_set_seed
    endif
elseif(.not.firstseed.and.(.not.fixedseed)) then
    ranseed=-(1*abs(ranseed))
    call sseed(ranseed)
else
    firstseed=.false.
endif
```

Other developments

- Parent particle Information in collision output
 - In temporary quantities named t^*
 - No spin, or N_{in} , ρ_b values
 - Saved to my defined global quantity
 - Extraction method is the same as other t^*
- Now time step tree filled after final particle decays rather than after final time step
 - Unstable particles' decays after all time steps & before the end of event
 - The same as origin output f14
- If $CTOption(4) == 1$, initial information ($t == 0$) is stored in tree
 - The same as origin output f14

Other developments

- Pdgid (int) \rightarrow mass (float), iType (short), iso3 (char), charge (char)
- Strange masses of protons
- Different masses between UrQMD and PDG
- Some particles in UrQMD has no pdgid in ityp2pdg.f
 - Such as iType = 12, 13, 15, 16

```
c Neutron
.      1, -1,  2112,
c Proton
.      1,  1,  2212,
c N*
.      2, -1, 12112,      2,  1, 12212,
.      3, -1, 12114,      3,  1, 12124,
.      4, -1, 22112,      4,  1, 22212,
.      5, -1, 32112,      5,  1, 32212,
.      6, -1,  2116,      6,  1,  2216,
.      7, -1, 12116,      7,  1, 12216,
.      8, -1, 21214,      8,  1, 22124,
.      9, -1, 42112,      9,  1, 42212,
.     10, -1, 31214,     10,  1, 32124,
.     14, -1,  1218,     14,  1,  2128,
c Delta
.     17, -3,  1114, 17, -1,  2114, 17,  1,  2214, 17,  3,  2224,
.     18, -3, 31114, 18, -1, 32114, 18,  1, 32214, 18,  3, 32224,
.     19, -3,  1112, 19, -1,  1212, 19,  1,  2122, 19,  3,  2222,
.     20, -3, 11114, 20, -1, 12114, 20,  1, 12214, 20,  3, 12224,
.     21, -3, 11112, 21, -1, 11212, 21,  1, 12122, 21,  3, 12222,
.     22, -3,  1116, 22, -1,  1216, 22,  1,  2126, 22,  3,  2226,
.     23, -3, 21112, 23, -1, 21212, 23,  1, 22122, 23,  3, 22222,
.     24, -3, 21114, 24, -1, 22114, 24,  1, 22214, 24,  3, 22224,
.     25, -3, 11116, 25, -1, 11216, 25,  1, 12126, 25,  3, 12226,
.     26, -3,  1118, 26, -1,  2118, 26,  1,  2218, 26,  3,  2228,
```

```
data baryon_names/
.      'Nukleon',
.      'N(1440)',
.      'N(1520)',
.      'N(1535)',
.      'N(1650)',
.      'N(1675)',
.      'N(1680)',
.      'N(1700)',
.      'N(1710)',
.      'N(1720)',
.      'N(1900)',
.      'N(1990)',
.      'N(2080)',
.      'N(2190)',
.      'N(2220)',
.      'N(2250)',
```

ityp	nucleon	ityp	delta	ityp	lambda	ityp	sigma	ityp	xi	ityp	omega
1	N_{938}	17	Δ_{1232}	27	Λ_{1116}	40	Σ_{1192}	49	Ξ_{1317}	55	Ω_{1672}
2	N_{1440}	18	Δ_{1600}	28	Λ_{1405}	41	Σ_{1385}	50	Ξ_{1530}		
3	N_{1520}	19	Δ_{1620}	29	Λ_{1520}	42	Σ_{1660}	51	Ξ_{1690}		
4	N_{1535}	20	Δ_{1700}	30	Λ_{1600}	43	Σ_{1670}	52	Ξ_{1820}		
5	N_{1650}	21	Δ_{1900}	31	Λ_{1670}	44	Σ_{1775}	53	Ξ_{1950}		
6	N_{1675}	22	Δ_{1905}	32	Λ_{1690}	45	Σ_{1790}	54	Ξ_{2025}		
7	N_{1680}	23	Δ_{1910}	33	Λ_{1800}	46	Σ_{1915}				
8	N_{1700}	24	Δ_{1920}	34	Λ_{1810}	47	Σ_{1940}				
9	N_{1710}	25	Δ_{1930}	35	Λ_{1820}	48	Σ_{2030}				
10	N_{1720}	26	Δ_{1950}	36	Λ_{1830}						
11	N_{1900}			37	Λ_{1890}						
12	N_{1990}			38	Λ_{2100}						
13	N_{2080}			39	Λ_{2110}						
14	N_{2190}										
15	N_{2200}										
16	N_{2250}										

Table 1: Baryon-itypes used in UrQMD. Antibaryons carry a negative sign.

ityp	0 ⁻⁺	ityp	1 ⁻⁻	ityp	0 ⁺⁺	ityp	1 ⁺⁺	ityp	charmed
101	π	104	ρ	111	a_0	114	a_1	133	D
106	K	108	K^*	110	K_0^*	113	K_1^*	134	D^*
102	η	103	ω	105	f_0	115	f_1	135	J/Ψ
107	η'	109	ϕ	112	f_0^*	116	f_1'	136	χ_c
								137	Ψ'
122	b_1	118	a_2	126	ρ_{1450}	130	ρ_{1700}	138	D_s
121	K_1	117	K_2^*	125	K_{1410}^*	129	K_{1680}^*	139	D_s^*
123	h_1	119	f_2	127	ω_{1420}	131	ω_{1662}		
124	h_1'	120	f_2'	128	ϕ_{1680}	132	ϕ_{1900}		

Wrong name?

What to be determined

- Npart: $A_{\text{project}} + A_{\text{target}} - \#(\text{ppType} \% 100 == 0)$
 - $\text{ppType} = \text{origin} \% 100$
 - $\# \text{scatters} = \text{origin} / 100 \% 10$
- Some particles only explore scatters, contribute to Npart?

	2	2	17	233	1.554	0.5056E+01	0.3978E+02	0.1166E+02	0.8930E+00								
362	0.15541405E+01	-0.22213285E+01	0.35829759E+01	-0.71742345E+00	0.17039231E+01	-0.17381395E+00	0.13815719E+01	-0.29078794E+00	0.93800002E+00	1	-1	0	213	1	0	100	
233	0.15541405E+01	-0.27680167E+01	0.33953480E+01	-0.60064611E+00	0.85553163E+01	0.20642659E+00	0.13534976E+00	-0.85059975E+01	0.88346555E+00	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	
362	0.15541405E+01	-0.22213285E+01	0.35829759E+01	-0.71742345E+00	0.84217759E+01	0.32168377E+00	0.25335456E-01	-0.83631539E+01	0.93800002E+00	1	-1	0	233	2	0	200	
233	0.15541405E+01	-0.27680167E+01	0.33953480E+01	-0.60064611E+00	0.18374634E+01	-0.28907113E+00	0.14915862E+01	-0.43363154E+00	0.93800002E+00	1	1	1	233	1	0	100	

Check

pvec:ind	r0	rx	ry	rz	p0	px	py	pz	m	ityp	2i3	chg	lcl#	nc
2	2	17	1	0.075	0.1990E+03	0.5208E+02	0.1031E+02	0.1449E+02						
73	0.74690319E-01	0.16514065E+01	0.84431142E-01	0.11221819E-01	0.98281818E+02	0.14126706E-01	0.14864452E+00	0.98277421E+02	0.91755845E+00	1	1	1	0	0
352	0.74690319E-01	0.38564307E+00	0.13772507E-01	0.11221819E-01	0.10077680E+03	0.92662766E-01	-0.10579351E+00	-0.10077251E+03	0.91935619E+00	1	-1	0	0	0
73	0.74690319E-01	0.16514065E+01	0.84431142E-01	0.11221819E-01	0.10077745E+03	0.21420381E+01	-0.72458558E+00	-0.10074771E+03	0.93800002E+00	1	1	1	1	0
352	0.74690319E-01	0.38564307E+00	0.13772507E-01	0.11221819E-01	0.98281171E+02	-0.20352486E+01	0.76743659E+00	0.98252621E+02	0.93800002E+00	1	-1	0	1	0

```
root [1] UrqmdCollisionDst->Show(0);
=====> EVENT:0
b                = 13.9877
number           = 1
time             = 0.0746903
sqrts            = 199.043
sigma_total      = 52.0758
sigma_partial    = 10.3074
rho_B            = 14.489
pType            = 17
Nin              = 2
Nout             = 2
Ntracks          = 4
uid              = 73,
                  352, 73, 352
iType            = 1,
                  1, 1, 1
iso3             = 1,
                  -1, 1, -1
charge           = 1,
                  0, 1, 0
spin             = 1,
                  -1, -1, 1
x                = 1.65141,
                  0.385643, 1.65141, 0.385643
y                = 0.0844311,
                  0.0137725, 0.0844311, 0.0137725
z                = 0.0112218,
                  0.0112218, 0.0112218, 0.0112218
px               = 0.0141267,
                  0.0926628, 2.14204, -2.03525
py               = 0.148645,
                  -0.105794, -0.724586, 0.767437
pz               = 98.2774,
                  -100.773, -100.748, 98.2526
m                = 0.917558,
                  0.919356, 0.938, 0.938
Nc               = 0,
                  0, 1, 1
pcNumber         = 0,
                  0, 1, 1
ppType           = 0,
                  0, 100, 100
iType_old1       = 0,
                  0, 0, 0
iso3_old1        = 0,
                  0, 0, 0
iType_old2       = 0,
                  0, 0, 0
iso3_old2        = 0,
                  0, 0, 0
```

Check

	2	3	28	4	0.085	0.6184E+02	0.6747E+01	0.5664E+01	0.9469E+01										
412	0.84880709E-01	-0.10829742E+01	-0.40724994E+00	0.21507895E-01	0.52972894E+02	-0.22741829E+00	0.10696294E+00	-0.52958522E+02	0.12080407E+01	17	-1	0	3	1	0	996111015			
400	0.84880709E-01	-0.89035344E+00	-0.70689933E+00	0.21920565E-01	0.18058629E+02	-0.39930945E+00	-0.12071740E+00	0.18010336E+02	0.12521293E+01	113	-1	0	2	1	-1	993311015			
418	0.84880709E-01	-0.10829742E+01	-0.40724994E+00	0.21507895E-01	0.52971212E+02	-0.22741600E+00	0.10695713E+00	-0.52956287E+02	0.12320000E+01	17	-1	0	4	2	0	1699021028			
419	0.84880709E-01	-0.89035344E+00	-0.70689933E+00	0.21920565E-01	0.73279741E+01	-0.28391694E+00	-0.31171549E+00	0.73145324E+01	0.13800000E+00	101	-2	-1	4	2	0	1699021028			
420	0.84880709E-01	-0.89035344E+00	-0.70689933E+00	0.21920565E-01	0.10732337E+02	-0.11539479E+00	0.19100390E+00	0.10693570E+02	0.88364039E+00	108	1	1	4	1	-1	1699021028			

```
root [3] UrqmdCollisionDst->Show(3);
=====> EVENT:3
b                = 13.9877
number           = 4
time             = 0.0848807
sqrts            = 61.8361
sigma_total      = 6.74686
sigma_partial    = 5.6639
rho_B            = 9.46934
pType            = 28
Nin              = 2
Nout             = 3
Ntracks          = 5
uid              = 412,
                  400, 418, 419, 420
iType            = 17,
                  113, 17, 101, 108
iso3             = -1,
                  -1, -1, -2, 1
charge           = 0,
                  0, 0, -1, 1
spin             = 1,
                  -2, 3, 0, 2
x                = -1.08297,
                  -0.890353, -1.08297, -0.890353, -0.890353
y                = -0.40725,
                  -0.706899, -0.40725, -0.706899, -0.706899
z                = 0.0215079,
                  0.0219206, 0.0215079, 0.0219206, 0.0219206
px               = -0.227418,
                  -0.399309, -0.227416, -0.283917, -0.115395
py               = 0.106963,
                  -0.120717, 0.106957, -0.311715, 0.191004
pz               = -52.9585,
                  18.0103, -52.9563, 7.31453, 10.6936
m                = 1.20804,
                  1.25213, 1.232, 0.138, 0.88364
Nc               = 1,
                  1, 2, 2, 1
pcNumber         = 3,
                  2, 4, 4, 4
ppType           = 15,
                  15, 28, 28, 28
iType_old1       = 1,
                  1, 17, 17, 17
iso3_old1        = 1,
                  1, -1, -1, -1
iType_old2       = 1,
                  1, 113, 113, 113
iso3_old2        = 1,
                  -1, -1, -1, -1
```

Check

```
1      2 20      11  3.864  0.1321E+01  0.0000E+00  0.0000E+00  0.9497E-02
447  0.38641318E+01 -0.44654879E+00 -0.12298002E+01 -0.27913244E+01  0.20646336E+01  0.24273440E+00 -0.28584481E+00 -0.15413463E+01  0.13214902E+01  118  2  1      6  1  0      993730028
462  0.38641318E+01 -0.44654879E+00 -0.12298002E+01 -0.27913244E+01  0.29055463E+00  0.16513024E+00 -0.16992283E+00 -0.96105291E-01  0.13800000E+00  101  2  1      11  2  0      1251020
463  0.38641318E+01 -0.44654879E+00 -0.12298002E+01 -0.27913244E+01  0.17740790E+01  0.77604157E-01 -0.11592198E+00 -0.14452410E+01  0.10193991E+01  104  0  0      11  1  0      1251020
```

```
root [4] UrqmdCollisionDst->Show(10);
=====> EVENT:10
b              = 13.9877
number         = 11
time           = 3.86413
sqrts          = 1.32149
sigma_total    = 0
sigma_partial  = 0
rho_B          = 0.00949667
pType          = 20
Nin            = 1
Nout           = 2
Ntracks        = 3
uid            = 447,
               462, 463
iType          = 118,
               101, 104
iso3           = 2,
               2, 0
charge         = 1,
               1, 0
spin           = -2,
               0, 0
x              = -0.446549,
               -0.446549, -0.446549
y              = -1.2298,
               -1.2298, -1.2298
z              = -2.79132,
               -2.79132, -2.79132
px             = 0.242734,
               0.16513, 0.0776042
py             = -0.285845,
               -0.169923, -0.115922
pz             = -1.54135,
               -0.0961053, -1.44524
m              = 1.32149,
               0.138, 1.0194
Nc             = 1,
               2, 1
pcNumber       = 6,
               11, 11
ppType         = 28,
               20, 20
iType_old1     = 101,
               118, 118
iso3_old1      = 0,
               2, 2
iType_old2     = 1,
               0, 0
iso3_old2      = -1,
               0, 0
```

N_{part} calculation

- $(b_{\text{max}})_{\text{max}} = \text{nucrad}(A_p) + \text{nucrad}(A_t) + 2 * \text{CTParam}(30)$
- CTP(30): radius offset for initialization (1.5 default)
- $^{197}\text{Au} + ^{197}\text{Au}$: $15.82 = 6.41 + 6.41 + 1.5 * 2$

```
function nucrad(AA)
implicit none
real*8 nucrad, r_0
integer A, AA
include 'coms.f'
include 'options.f'

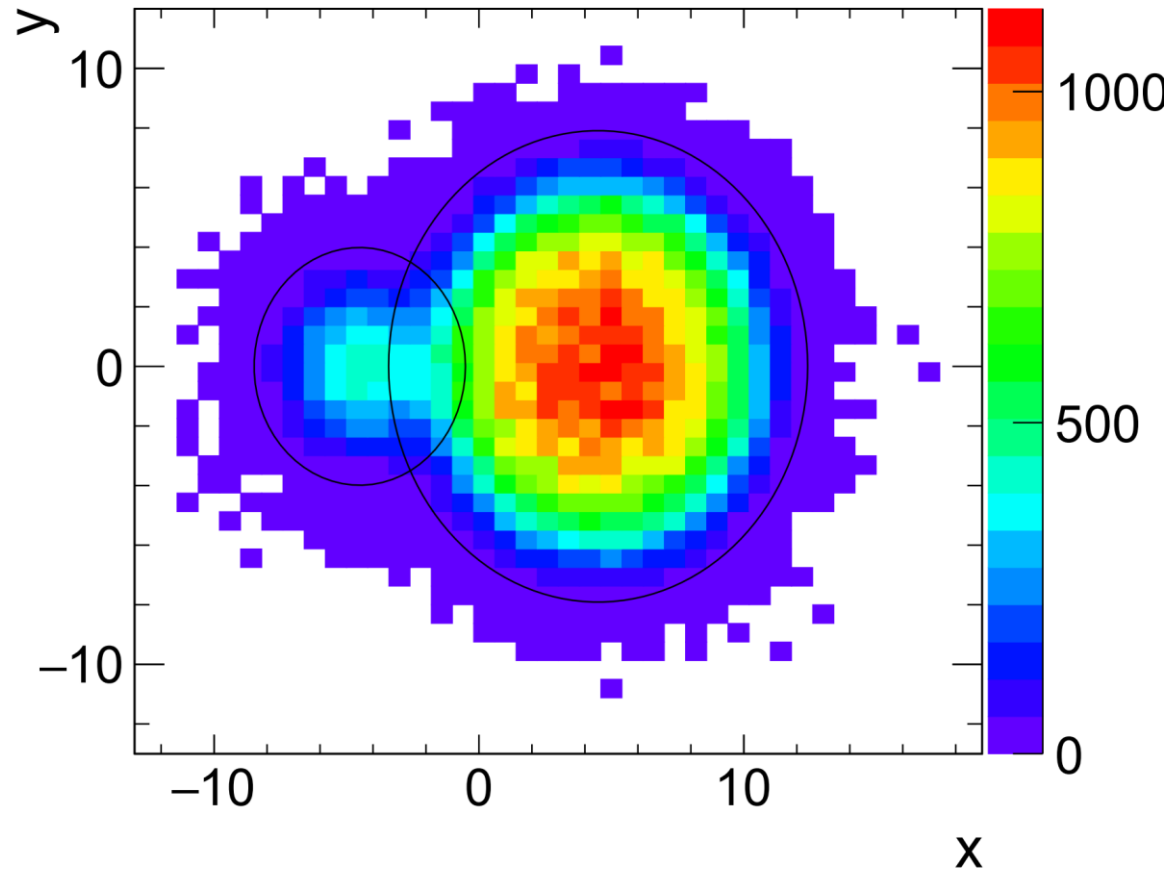
A=abs(AA)/CTParam(67)

c root mean square radius of nucleus of mass A
c r_0 corresponding to rho0
  if (CTOption(24).eq.1) then
c root mean square radius of nucleus of mass A (Mayer-Kuckuck)
  | nucrad = 1.128 * a**(1./3.) - 0.89 * a**(-(1./3.))
  else
  | r_0 = (0.75/pi/rho0)**(1./3.)
c subtract gaussian tails, for distributing centroids correctly
  | nucrad = r_0*(0.5*(a + (a**(1./3.)-1.))**3.))**(1./3.)
  endif

return
end
```

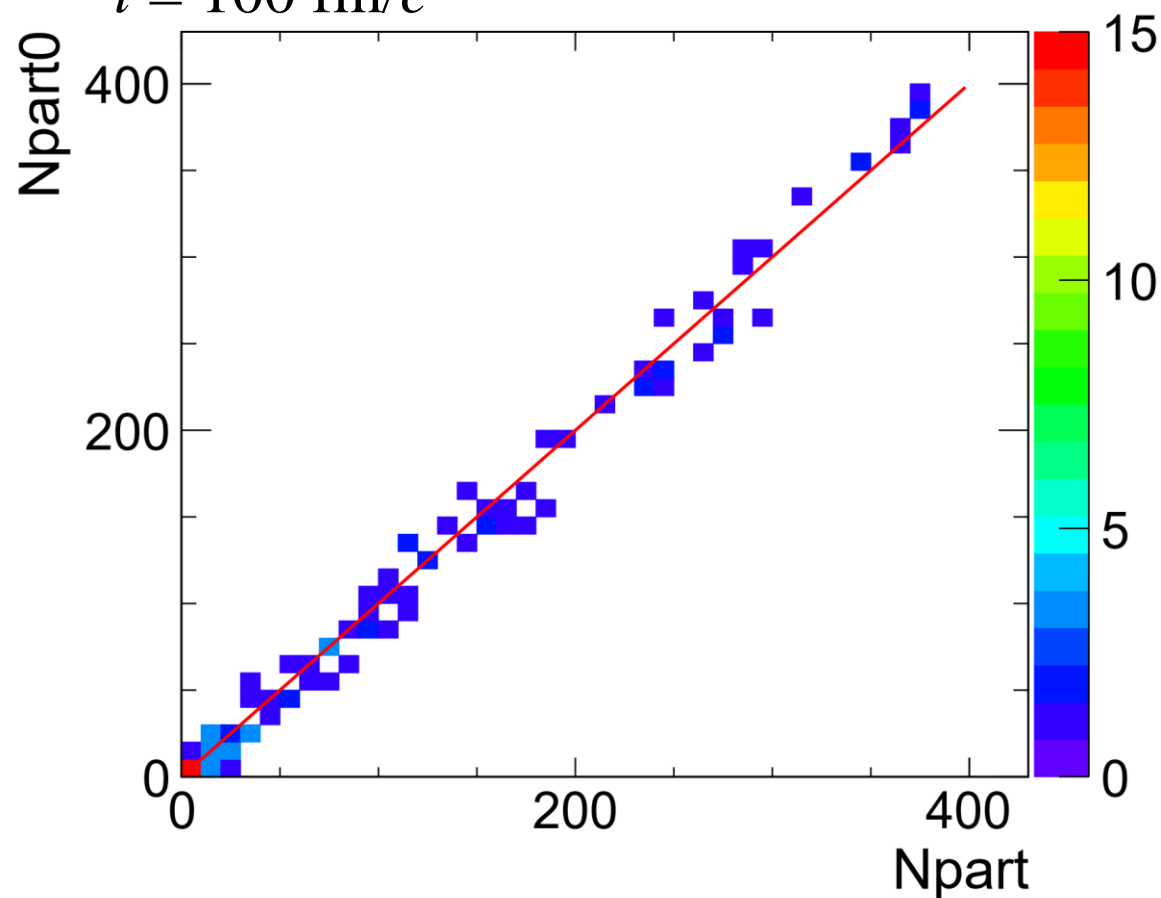

N_{part} calculation

- pro: 197 79
- tar: 16 8
- $\sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 200 \text{ GeV}$
- $b = 9 \text{ fm}$
- $t = 0$
- Center: pro $(b/2, 0)$, tar $(-b/2, 0)$
- Radius: $\text{nucrad}(A) + \text{CTParam}(30)$
 - But CTP(30) only contributes to $(b_{\text{max}})_{\text{max}}$ rather than nuclei initialization
- $N_{\text{part}} = \#((x-b/2)^2 + y^2 < R(\text{pro}) \ \&\& \ (x+b/2)^2 + y^2 < R(\text{tar})) \text{ at } t = 0$

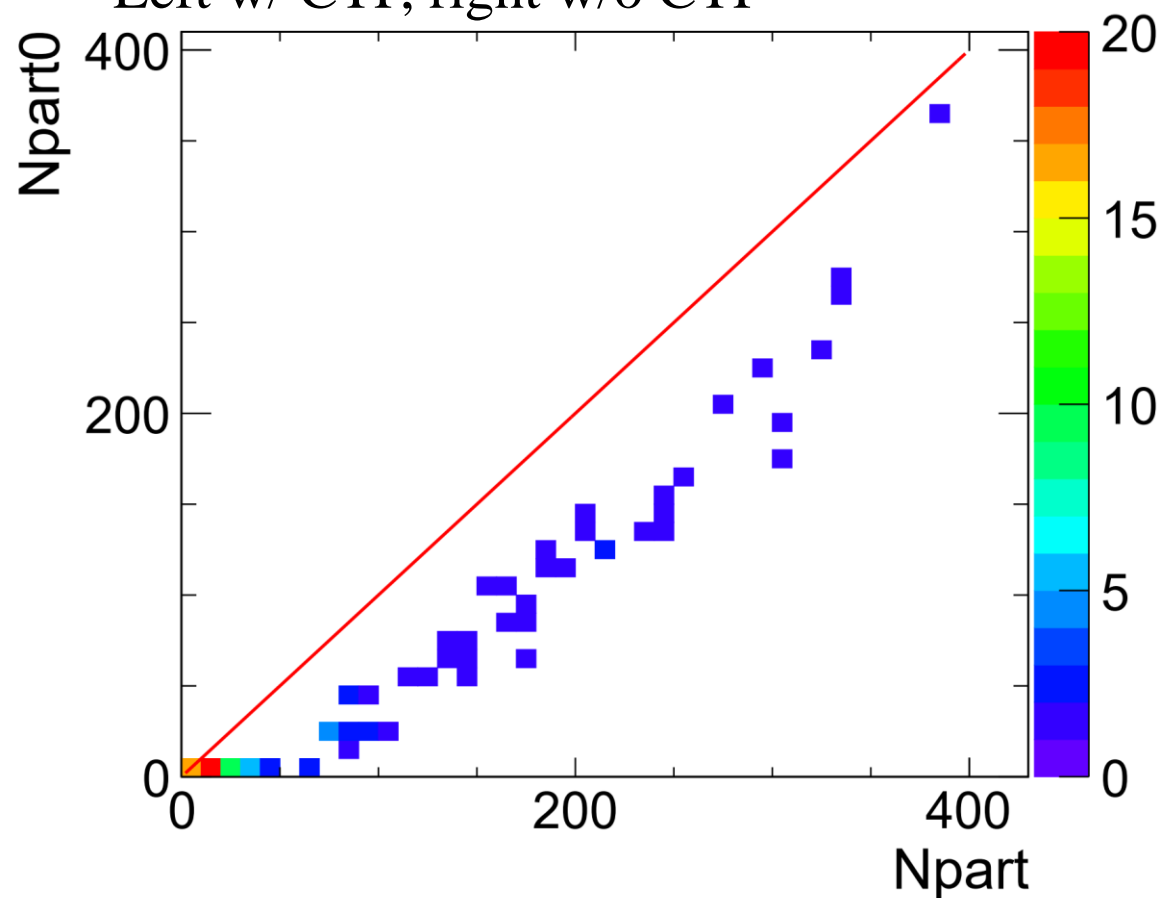


N_{part} calculation

- $^{197}\text{Au} + ^{197}\text{Au}$, $0 \leq b < (b_{\text{max}})_{\text{max}}$
- $\sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 200 \text{ GeV}$
- $t = 100 \text{ fm}/c$



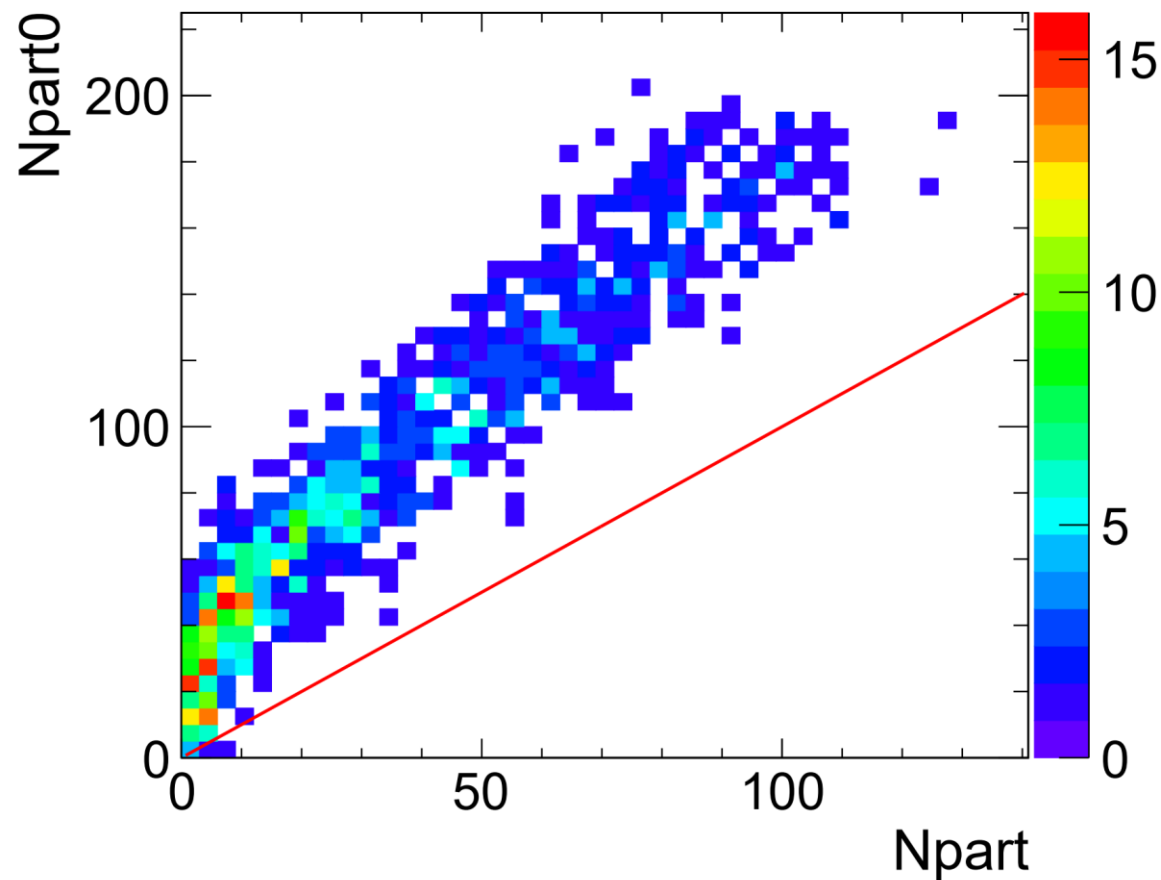
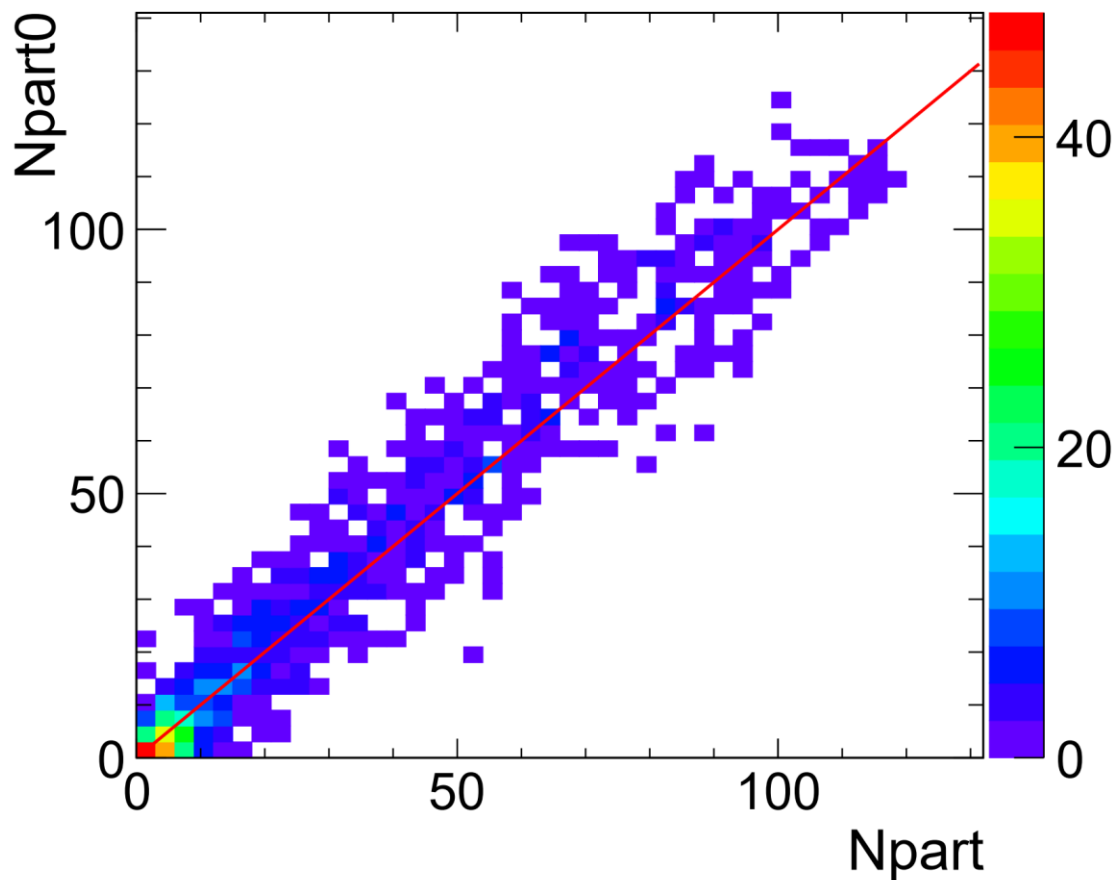
- N_{part} : old definition
- N_{part0} : new definition
- Left w/ CTP, right w/o CTP



N_{part} calculation

- $^{197}\text{Au} + ^{16}\text{O}$, $0 \leq b < (b_{\text{max}})_{\text{max}}$
- $\sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 200 \text{ GeV}$
- $t = 100 \text{ fm}/c$

- Left: $\text{CTP}(30) = 1.5$ (default)
- Right: $\text{CTP}(30) = 4$



N_{part} calculation

```
dstp=dstp+CTParam(30)
dstt=dstt+CTParam(30)
    if(bdist.gt.(nucrad(Ap)+nucrad(At)+2*CTParam(30)))
&         bdist=nucrad(Ap)+nucrad(At)+2*CTParam(30)
    if(bdist.gt.(nucrad(Ap)+nucrad(At)+2*CTParam(30)))
&         bdist=nucrad(Ap)+nucrad(At)+2*CTParam(30)
CTParam(30)=1.5
```

```
real*8 nucrad,dstt,dstp,pcm,eb,embeam,emtarget
    dstp = nucrad(Ap)+CTParam(41)
    dstp = nucrad(Ap)*ratio** (2.0/3.0)+CTParam(41)
    dstp=dstp+CTParam(30)
c    dst=0.5d0*(dstt+dstp)
    dstp=0d0
&
&         pboost,0.5*bimp,-dstp)
&         pboost,0.5*bimp,-dstp+CTParam(20))
    call boostnuc(npart,npart,-pbeam,0.5*bimp,-dstp)
    call boostnuc(npart,npart,0.d0,0.5*bimp,-dstp)
    call boostnuc(npart,npart,-ppeq,0.5*bimp,-dstp)
real*8 nucrad,dstt,dstp,pcm,eb,embeam,emtarget
```

```
subroutine boostnuc(i1,i2,pin,b,dst)
implicit none
include 'coms.f'
include 'options.f'
integer i1,i2,i
real*8 b,dst,ei,ti
real*8 pin,beta,gamma

do 1 i=i1,i2

    beta = pin/sqrt(pin**2+fmass(i)**2)
    gamma = 1.d0/sqrt(1.d0-beta**2)

c    Gallilei-Trafo in x-direction (impact parameter)
c    projectile hits at POSITIVE x
    rx(i) = rx(i) + b
c    distance between nuclei: projectile at NEGATIVE z for dst < 0
    if(CTOption(23).eq.0)then
        ti = r0(i)
        rz(i) = rz(i)/gamma+dst/gamma
    else
        rz(i) = (rz(i) + dst)
    end if

    Ei = p0(i)
    p0(i) = gamma*(p0(i) - beta*pz(i))
    pz(i) = gamma*(pz(i) - beta*Ei)

1    continue
return
end
```

N_{part} calculation

24	1	initialization mode
	0	hard sphere (used for EOS \neq 0)
	1	Woods-Saxon (used for CASCADE mode)
	2	Fast Woods-Saxon (used for CASCADE mode)

```
if (CTOption(24).eq.1) then
  R2 = nucrad(A) + 10.0
else
  R2 = nucrad(A)
endif
```

```
subroutine nucfast(IA,JJ)

  Performs very fast initialisation of nuclei
  Adopted from QGSJET (S. Ostapchenko)
  ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc
  IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H,O-Z)

  include 'inputs.f'
  real*8 nucrad

  am=0.545
  rad=nucrad(ia)/am
```

Classes to store UrQMD data

- UrqmdDst
 - TClonesArray*[4] containing the following classes
 - initOutputTree: returns TTree for writing
 - initInputChain: reads input file (*.list, *.root), and returns TChain for analyzing
 - chain->GetEntry(i);
 - urqmdDst-> ...
- UrqmdEvent
- UrqmdTimestep
- UrqmdCollision
- UrqmdTrack

```
class UrqmdDst{
public:
    enum {Event = 0, Timestep, Collision, Track, NUrqmdArrays};
    static const TString UrqmdArrayNames[NUrqmdArrays];
    static const TString UrqmdArrayTypes[NUrqmdArrays];
    static const UInt_t UrqmdArraySizes[NUrqmdArrays];

    UrqmdDst();
    virtual ~UrqmdDst();

    UrqmdEvent* event() {return (UrqmdEvent*)mUrqmdArrays[Event]->UncheckedAt(0);}
    UrqmdTimestep* timestep(UInt_t i) {return (UrqmdTimestep*)mUrqmdArrays[Timestep]->UncheckedAt(i);}
    UrqmdCollision* collision(UInt_t i) {return (UrqmdCollision*)mUrqmdArrays[Collision]->UncheckedAt(i);}
    UrqmdTrack* track(UInt_t i) {return (UrqmdTrack*)mUrqmdArrays[Track]->UncheckedAt(i);}
    UInt_t numberOfTimesteps() {return mUrqmdArrays[Timestep]->GetEntriesFast();}
    UInt_t numberOfCollisions() {return mUrqmdArrays[Collision]->GetEntriesFast();}
    UInt_t numberOfTracks() {return mUrqmdArrays[Track]->GetEntriesFast();}

    TTree* initOutputTree(const TString outputTreeName = "urqmd");
    TChain* initInputChain(const TString inputFileName, const TString inputTreeName = "urqmd");

protected:
    TClonesArray* mUrqmdArrays[NUrqmdArrays];

#ifdef __ROOT__
    ClassDef(UrqmdDst, 1)
#endif
};
```

Classes to store UrQMD data

- UrqmdEvent
 - id: event id
 - 0 ~ 4294967295
 - b: impact parameter
 - 0 ~ 26.214

```
class UrqmdEvent : public TObject{
public:
    enum {BScale = 2500};

    UrqmdEvent() : mId(0), mB(0){}
    UrqmdEvent(const UInt_t id, const Double_t b) : mId(id), mB(TMath::Nint(b*Double_t(BScale))){}
    virtual ~UrqmdEvent(){}

    UInt_t id() const{return mId;}
    Double_t b() const{return mB/Double_t(BScale);}

    void print() const;
    void set(const UInt_t id, const Double_t b);

protected:
    UInt_t mId;
    UShort_t mB;

#ifdef __ROOT__
    ClassDef(UrqmdEvent, 1)
#endif
};
```

Classes to store UrQMD data

- UrqmdTimestep
 - time: Float16_t (24 bit, truncated mantissa)
 - nPart: old definition
 - nColl = Elastic + Inelastic + Bloacked
 - nElasticColl
 - nInelasticColl
 - nBloackedColl
 - nDecays
 - nHardRes
 - nSoftRes
 - nDecayRes
 - nTracks
 - startTrack: array index of 1st track at this timestep

```
class UrqmdTimestep : public TObject {
public:
    UrqmdTimestep() : mTime(0.), mNPart(0), mNElasticColl(0), mNInelasticColl(0),
    UrqmdTimestep(const Double_t time, const UInt_t nPart, const UInt_t nElasticColl,
    virtual ~UrqmdTimestep() {}

    Double_t time() const {return mTime;}
    UInt_t nPart() const {return mNPart;}
    UInt_t nColl() const {return nElasticColl()+nInelasticColl()+nBloackedColl();}
    UInt_t nElasticColl() const {return mNElasticColl;}
    UInt_t nInelasticColl() const {return mNInelasticColl;}
    UInt_t nBloackedColl() const {return mNBloackedColl;}
    UInt_t nDecays() const {return mNDecays;}
    UInt_t nHardRes() const {return mNHardRes;}
    UInt_t nSoftRes() const {return mNSoftRes;}
    UInt_t nDecayRes() const {return mNDecayRes;}
    UInt_t nTracks() const {return mNTracks;}
    UInt_t startTrack() const {return mStartTrack;}

    void print() const;
    void set(const Double_t time, const UInt_t nPart, const UInt_t nElasticColl, c

protected:
    Float16_t mTime;
    UShort_t mNPart;
    // UShort_t mNColl;
    UShort_t mNElasticColl;
    UShort_t mNInelasticColl;
    UShort_t mNBloackedColl;
    UShort_t mNDecays;
    UShort_t mNHardRes;
    UShort_t mNSoftRes;
    UShort_t mNDecayRes;
    UShort_t mNTracks;
    UInt_t mStartTrack;

#ifdef __ROOT__
    ClassDef(UrqmdTimestep, 1)
#endif
};
```


Classes to store UrQMD data

- UrqmdCollision: ~ 20000 for 200 GeV, $b = 0$, $t = 50$ fm/c
 - time
 - Sqrts
 - sigmaTotal
 - sigmaPartial
 - rhoB: $-1 \sim 30+$
 - Type: < 100
 - nIn: $< 2?$
 - nOut
 - nTracks = nIn + nOut
 - startTrack
- An empty collision at index 0, so index = collision id

1,1 wall interaction (infinite matter calculations)
 1,N > 1 decay
 2,1 annihilation
 2,2 scattering
 2,N > 2 string excitation and decay
 1,0 Pauli-blocked decay
 2,0 Pauli-blocked scattering
 N,0 Fluidization: All particles at the beginning of the fluid-dynamical part (Process-ID "91"). **Please**
Note: this also includes spectators and corona-particles that are not transferred to the fluid!
 0;N Particlization: All particles at the end of the fluid-dynamical part (Process-ID "96"). Here, t_{coll}

```
class UrqmdCollision : public TObject{
public:
    UrqmdCollision() : mTime(0.), mSqrts(0.), mSigmaTotal(0.), mSigmaPartial(0.), mRhoB(0.), mType(0), mNIn(0), mNOut(0), mStartTrack(0) {}
    UrqmdCollision(const Double_t time, const Double_t sqrts, const Double_t sigmaTotal, const Double_t sigmaPartial, const Double_t rhoB, const UChar_t type, const UInt_t nIn, const UInt_t nOut, const UInt_t startTrack) : mTime(time), mSqrts(sqrts), mSigmaTotal(sigmaTotal), mSigmaPartial(sigmaPartial), mRhoB(rhoB), mType(type), mNIn(nIn), mNOut(nOut), mStartTrack(startTrack) {}
    virtual ~UrqmdCollision() {}

    Double_t time() const {return mTime;}
    Double_t sqrts() const {return mSqrts;}
    Double_t sigmaTotal() const {return mSigmaTotal;}
    Double_t sigmaPartial() const {return mSigmaPartial;}
    Double_t rhoB() const {return mRhoB;}
    UInt_t type() const {return mType;}
    UInt_t nIn() const {return mNIn;}
    UInt_t nOut() const {return mNOut;}
    UInt_t nTracks() const {return nIn()+nOut();}
    UInt_t startTrack() const {return mStartTrack;}

    void print() const;
    void set(const Double_t time, const Double_t sqrts, const Double_t sigmaTotal, const Double_t sigmaPartial, const Double_t rhoB, const UChar_t type, const UInt_t nIn, const UInt_t nOut, const UInt_t startTrack) {mTime=time; mSqrts=sqrts; mSigmaTotal=sigmaTotal; mSigmaPartial=sigmaPartial; mRhoB=rhoB; mType=type; mNIn=nIn; mNOut=nOut; mStartTrack=startTrack;}

protected:
    // UInt_t mId;
    Float16_t mTime;
    Float16_t mSqrts;
    Float16_t mSigmaTotal;
    Float16_t mSigmaPartial;
    Float16_t mRhoB;
    UChar_t mType;
    UChar_t mNIn;
    UChar_t mNOut;
    UInt_t mStartTrack;

#ifdef __ROOT__
    ClassDef(UrqmdCollision, 1)
#endif
};
```

Classes to store UrQMD data

- UrqmdTrack: ~ 86000 for 200 GeV, $b = 0$, $t = 50$ fm/c (collision+1 timestep)
 - $mType = (shifted_itype + 100) + 200((iso3 + 3) + 7((charge + 2) + 5(spin + 3)))$
 - $|itype| \geq 140$, $shifted_itype = 0$ (PdgId+1000 used for some c/b hadrons)
 - $|itype| \geq 100$, $shifted_itype = itype - 40 * |itype| / itype$
 - $iso3 = 2I_3$, $-3 \sim 3$
 - charge, $-2 \sim 2$
 - $spin = 2s_3?$, $-3 \sim 3$
 - m: $0 - 6.5535$
 - mOrigin
 - parentCollisionType, itypeOld1, iso3Old1, itypeOld2, iso3Old2
 - rSigma: $0 - 1$
 - If mTimestep=mCollision=0
 - $\sqrt{\quad} \quad \times$

```

UInt_t id() const{return mId;}
UInt_t timestep() const{return mTimestep;}
UInt_t collision() const{return mCollision;}
Int_t itype() const;
Int_t iso3() const{return mType/200%7-3;}
Int_t charge() const{return mType/1400%5-2;}
Int_t spin() const{return mType/7000-3;}
Double_t x() const{return mX;}
Double_t y() const{return mY;}
Double_t z() const{return mZ;}
Double_t px() const{return mPx;}
Double_t py() const{return mPy;}
Double_t pz() const{return mPz;}
Double_t m() const{return mM/Double_t(MScale);}
UInt_t nCollisions() const{return mNCollisions;}
UInt_t parentCollision() const{return mParentCollision;}
UInt_t parentCollisionType() const{return mOrigin%1000;}
Int_t itypeOld1() const;
Int_t iso3Old1() const{if(mOrigin<1000) return 0; return mOrigin/200000%7-3;}
Int_t itypeOld2() const;
Int_t iso3Old2() const{if(mOrigin<1400000) return 0; return mOrigin/280000000-3;}
Double_t xFreezeOut() const{return mXFreezeOut;}
Double_t yFreezeOut() const{return mYFreezeOut;}
Double_t zFreezeOut() const{return mZFreezeOut;}
Double_t pxFreezeOut() const{return mPxFreezeOut;}
Double_t pyFreezeOut() const{return mPyFreezeOut;}
Double_t pzFreezeOut() const{return mPzFreezeOut;}
Double_t tauDecay() const{return mTauDecay;}
Double_t tauForm() const{return mTauForm;}
Double_t rSigma() const{return mRSigma/Double_t(RSigmaScale);}
    
```

```

enum {MScale = 10000};
enum {RSigmaScale = 250};
protected:
    UInt_t mId;
    UChar_t mTimestep;
    UShort_t mCollision;
    UShort_t mType;
    // Short_t mType;
    // Char_t mIso3;
    // Char_t mCharge;
    // Char_t mSpin;
    Float16_t mX;
    Float16_t mY;
    Float16_t mZ;
    Float16_t mPx;
    Float16_t mPy;
    Float16_t mPz;
    UShort_t mM;
    UInt_t mNCollisions;
    UShort_t mParentCollision;
    UInt_t mOrigin;
    // UChar_t mParentCollisionType;
    // Short_t mTypeOld1;
    // Char_t mIso3Old1;
    // Short_t mTypeOld2;
    // Char_t mIso3Old2;
    Float16_t mXFreezeOut;
    Float16_t mYFreezeOut;
    Float16_t mZFreezeOut;
    Float16_t mPxFreezeOut;
    Float16_t mPyFreezeOut;
    Float16_t mPzFreezeOut;
    Float16_t mTauDecay;
    Float16_t mTauForm;
    UChar_t mRSigma;
    
```

Other updates

- Random seed (Int_t) =
 - $(\text{Int_t}((\text{gRandom} \rightarrow \text{Rndm}() - 0.5) * 0x100000000))^{(\text{Int_t}(\text{ULong64_t}(\text{gSystem} \rightarrow \text{Now()})) \% 0x10000)}$
 - $\text{gRandom} \rightarrow \text{Rndm}()$: $-1 \sim 1$, $\text{ULong64_t}(\text{gSystem} \rightarrow \text{Now}())$: current time in milliseconds
- All input settings summarized together
 - New input parameter: event ID offset
- Extended track information extracted for collision history
- GNUmakefile updated, rootcint compiler called
 - ROOT IO functions required by UrqmdDst
- New Npart definition in UrqmdEvent?
- Define 1 or 2 switches for some infrequently used track information?
 - Split UrqmdTrack to 2 or 3 classes

Result

- 10 events, 200 GeV, $b = 0$, $t = 50$ fm/c (collision+1 timestep)
- 32 MB
- ~20000 collisions, ~86000 tracks
 - Generally, 3~4 tracks per collision (decay 3, collision 4)
 - If storeCollision is turned off, required space is much smaller

```
root [0] gSystem->Load("UrqmdDst/UrqmdDst.so");
root [1] UrqmdDst* u=new UrqmdDst();
root [2] TChain* c=u->initInputChain("out.root");
Read in root file out.root .
Total 1 file has been read in.
root [3] c->GetEntries()
(long long) 10
root [4] c->GetEntry(0);
root [5] u->event()->b()
(double) 0.0000000
root [6] u->numberOfTimesteps()
(unsigned int) 1
root [7] u->numberOfCollisions()
(unsigned int) 20629
root [8] u->numberOfTracks()
(unsigned int) 86390
root [9] u->timestep(0)->startTrack()
(unsigned int) 76058
root [10] u->track(76057)->collision()
(unsigned int) 20628
```

```
root [0] gSystem->Load("UrqmdDst/UrqmdDst.so");
root [1] UrqmdDst* u=new UrqmdDst();
root [2] TChain* c=u->initInputChain("test.list");
Read in root file out.root .
Total 1 file has been read in.
```