## Measurement of branching fraction of $D_s^{+*} \rightarrow e^+ e^- D_s^+$

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## Outline

>Introduction ➢ Data Sample **ST** Selection >ST yields and efficiencies (@4180) >ST yields of  $D_s^+$ (@4180)  $\geq e^+e^-$  Selection ➢ Signal Efficiencies **≻**Signal Fitting >IO Check Summary and Next to do

- There are only two electromagnetic decays in  $D_{(s)}^*$ :
- > 2012, CLEO-c:  $\mathcal{B}(D_s^{+*} \to D_s^+ e^+ e^-) = (6.7^{+0.14}_{-0.12} \pm 0.09) \times 10^{-3}$
- > 2021, BESIII :  $\mathcal{B}(D^{*0} \to D^0 e^+ e^-) = (3.91 \pm 0.27 \pm 0.17 \pm 0.10) \times 10^{-3}$
- Studying  $D_s^{+*} \rightarrow D_s^+ e^+ e^-$  with improved precision can provide more information about the EM interaction and the distribution of matter of  $D_s^{+*}$ .
- At 4.180 GeV, the data of BESIII are 5 times larger than CLEO-c, and can study the branching fraction of  $D_s^{+*} \rightarrow D_s^+ e^+ e^-$  with improved precision.
- Consider more signal events, we can also try to extract the form factor of  $D_s^{+*}$  firstly.

### **Data Sample**

- BOSS 703-1
- Data samples: 4180 (3189.0 pb<sup>-1</sup>)

Tag Modes					
$D_s^+ \to K_S^0 K^+$					
$D_s^+ \to K^+ K^- \pi^+$					
$D_s^+ \to K_S^0 K^+ \pi^0$					
$D_s^+ \to K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^0$					
$D_s^+ \to K_s^0 K^- \pi^+ \pi^+$					
$D_s^+ \to \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+$					
$D_s^+ \to \pi^+ \eta$					
$D_s^+ \to \pi^+ \pi^0 \eta$					
$D_{\scriptscriptstyle S}^+  ightarrow \pi^+ \eta^\prime$ , $\eta^\prime  ightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \eta$					
$D_{s}^{+} \rightarrow \pi^{+}\eta^{\prime}, \eta^{\prime} \rightarrow \gamma \rho^{0}, \rho^{0} \rightarrow \pi^{+}\pi^{-}$					
$D_s^+ \to K^+ \pi^- \pi^+$					

#### • Inclusive MC

#### Table 2: Components and Cross Section

	4180	4190	4200	4210	4220	4230
Components	Cross section (pb)					
$D^0 ar D^0$	179	159	148	139	133	130
$D^+D^-$	197	197	196	195	193	192
$D^{*0} ar{D}^0$	1211	1187	1175	1159	1144	1133
$D^{*+}D^-$	1296	1270	1257	1241	1225	1212
$D^{*0}ar{D}^{*0}$	2173	2112	1855	1491	1096	879
$D^{*+}D^{*-}$	2145	2085	1831	1472	1082	868
$D_s^+ D_s^-$	34	42.7	38.5	32.3	22.4	18.4
$D_s^{*+}D_s^-$	961	925	921	853	750	629
$D_{s}^{*+}D_{s}^{*-}$	-	-	-	-	-	22
$DD^*\pi^+$	383	395	406	415	421	427
$DD^*\pi^0$	192	198	204	208	211	214
$DD\pi^+$	50	53	55	56	58	57
$DD\pi^0$	25	27	27	28	29	29
Components	Cross section (nb)					
qar q	13.8	13.7	13.6	13.6	13.5	13.5
$\gamma J/\psi$	0.40	0.39	0.39	0.38	0.37	0.37
$\gamma\psi(2S)$	0.42	0.40	0.39	0.38	0.37	0.37
$\gamma\psi(3770)$	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
ττ	3.45	3.45	3.46	3.46	3.46	3.47
$\mu\mu$	5.24	5.22	5.19	5.16	5.14	5.13
ee	423.99	422.55	420.47	418.43	416.61	415.20
$\gamma\gamma$	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.5
HCT	0.10178	0.12331	0.14525	0.16555	0.18486	0.19660

### **Data Sample**

• Signal MC:

The sample is produced by a DIY generator.

- → I,  $e^+e^- \rightarrow D_s^*D_s + c.c.$  is generated by ConExc model in the BesEvtGen incorporating both radiative correction and vacuum polarization, the corresponding angular distribution is  $1 + cos^2 \theta$ .
- ► II,  $D_s^{\pm *} \rightarrow D_s^{\pm} \gamma^* \rightarrow D_s^{\pm} e^+ e^-$  is modelled (arXiv:2111.04932v2) with

$$\frac{d\Gamma}{dq^2 d\cos\theta_1^*} \sim C \frac{|f(q^2)|^2}{q^2} (1 - \frac{4m_l^2}{q^2})^{1/2} [(m_{D_s^{*\pm}}^2 - m_{D_s^{\pm}}^2 + q^2)^2 - 4m_{D_s^{*\pm}}^2 q^2]^{\frac{3}{2}} \times [(1 + \frac{4m_l^2}{q^2}) + (1 - \frac{4m_l^2}{q^2})\cos^2\theta_1^*]$$

C contains all the constants,  $q^2$  is transfer momentum squre,  $\theta^*$  is the polar angle of electron in  $\gamma^*$  rest frame,  $m_{D_s^{\pm *}}$ ,  $m_{D_s^{\pm}}$  and  $m_l$  are the invariant mass of  $D_s^{\pm *}$ ,  $D_s^{\pm}$  and electron.

> III, One of  $D_s^{\pm}$  decay into ST mode according to the PWA results from Prof. Dong and another  $D_s^{\pm}$  decay inclusively.

## **Data Sample**

$$\mathcal{B}_{s} = \frac{2 \times \sum_{i} N(DT)_{i}^{\pm,dau/bac}}{\sum_{i} N(ST)_{i}^{\pm} \times \epsilon(DT)_{i}^{\pm,dau/bac}/\epsilon(ST)_{i}^{\pm}}$$

$$\sum_{i} N(DT)_{i}^{\pm,dau/bac} = \frac{\sum_{i} N(ST)_{i}^{\pm} \times \mathcal{B}_{s} \times \epsilon(DT)_{i}^{\pm,dau/bac}/\epsilon(ST)_{i}^{\pm}}{2}$$

## **ST Selections**

#### DTAG Package: DTagAlg-00-01-09

**Good tracks:** 

•  $V_{xy} = \sqrt{V_x^2 + V_y^2} < 1.0 \text{ cm}, |V_z| < 10.0 \text{ cm}, |cos\theta| < 0.93$ 

#### PID:

- Use dE/dx in MDC and time-of-flight in TOF.
- Prob(K) > 0 and  $Prob(K) > Prob(\pi)$  for K.
- $Prob(\pi) > 0$  and  $Prob(\pi) > Prob(K)$  for  $\pi$ .

#### Good photons:

- The showers time is required to be within 700 ns of the event start time to suppress the electronic noise.
- $|\cos\theta| < 0.8$  and  $E_{min} > 25 \text{MeV}$ .
- $0.86 < |\cos\theta| < 0.92$  and  $E_{min} > 50$  MeV.
- 10° isolation from any charged tracks.

#### $\pi^0$ Selection:

Reconstructed through  $\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$  with Pi0EtaToGGRecAlg Package.

•  $\gamma$  satisfying the requirements of photon selection.

Perform a constrained fit on the photon pairs to the nominal  $\pi^0$  mass:

- The unconstrained invariant mass for  $\pi^0$ : 0.115 <  $M_{\gamma\gamma}$  < 0.150 GeV/ $c^2$
- Mass fit:  $\chi^2_{1C} < 30$



## **ST Selections**

#### $\eta$ Selection:

Reconstructed through  $\eta \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$  with Pi0EtaToGGRecAlg Package.

•  $\gamma$  satisfying the requirements of photon selection. Perform a constrained fit on the photon pairs to the nominal  $\eta$  mass:

- The unconstrained invariant mass for  $\eta$  : 490 <  $M_{\gamma\gamma}$  < 580 MeV/ $c^2$ .
- Mass fit:  $\chi^2_{1C} < 30$

#### $\eta'$ Selection:

Reconstructed through  $\eta' \to \pi^+\pi^-\eta$  and  $\eta' \to \rho^0\gamma$ . For  $\eta' \to \pi^+\pi^-\eta$ : we require:

•  $943 < M_{\pi^+\pi^-\eta} < 973 \text{ MeV}/c^2$ 

For  $\eta' \rightarrow \rho^0 \gamma$ : we require:

- $946 < M_{\pi^+\pi^-\eta} < 970 \text{ MeV}/c^2$
- $570 < M_{\pi^+\pi^-} < 970 \text{ MeV}/c^2$

#### $K_S^0$ Selection:

Reconstructed with VeeVertexAlg Package.

•  $|V_z| < 20.0 \text{ cm}, |cos\theta| < 0.93.$ 

A constrained vertex fit is performed:

- $\chi^2_{1VF} < 100$
- $487 < M_{\pi^+\pi^-} < 511 \text{ MeV}/c^2$

A second constrained vertex fit is performed:

- $\chi^2_{2VF} < 100$
- $L/\sigma_L > 2$

L is the distance between the vertex and the IP and  $\sigma_L$  is the uncertainty of L.

- $\pi^{\pm 0}$  from  $D_s^{\pm}$  directly require:  $P_{\pi^{\pm 0}} > 100 \text{ MeV/c}$ For  $D_s^+ \to \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$  and  $D_s^+ \to K^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$ :
- Veto events with  $M_{\pi^+\pi^-} \in (0.468, 0.528) \text{ GeV}/c^2$

#### **ST Selections**



Tag Modes	Mass Window (GeV)
$D_S^+ \to K_S^0 K^+$	(1.948, 1.991)
$D_s^+ \to K^+ K^- \pi^+$	(1.950, 1.986)
$D_s^+ \to K_s^0 K^+ \pi^0$	(1.946, 1.987)
$D_s^+ \to K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^0$	(1.947, 1.982)
$D_s^+ \to K_s^0 K^- \pi^+ \pi^+$	(1.953, 1.983)
$D_s^+ \to \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+$	(1.952, 1.984)
$D_s^+ \to \pi^+ \eta$	(1.930, 2.000)
$D_s^+ \to \pi^+ \pi^0 \eta$	(1.920, 2.000)
$D_{s}^{+}  ightarrow \pi^{+} \eta^{\prime}$ , $\eta^{\prime}  ightarrow \pi^{+} \pi^{-} \eta$	(1.938, 1.997)
$D_s^+  ightarrow \pi^+ \eta^\prime, \eta^\prime  ightarrow \gamma  ho^0,  ho^0  ightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	(1.938, 2.006)
$D_s^+ \to K^+ \pi^- \pi^+$	(1.953, 1.983)

## ST yields and efficiencies (@4180)

Tag Modes	Yields tag $D_s^+$	Eff tag $D_s^+(\%)$	Yields tag $D_s^-$	Eff tag $D_s^-(\%)$
$D_s^+ \to K_s^0 K^+$	$15221 \pm 186$	47.79	$15637 \pm 192$	47.26
$D_s^+ \to K^+ K^- \pi^+$	$68315 \pm 436$	40.71	$69052 \pm 442$	41.04
$D_s^+ \to K_s^0 K^+ \pi^0$	$4881 \pm 278$	14.71	$4790 \pm 264$	14.51
$D_s^+ \to K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^0$	$18558 \pm 557$	11.04	$20011 \pm 596$	10.79
$D_s^+ \to K_s^0 K^- \pi^+ \pi^+$	$7110 \pm 160$	19.91	$7158 \pm 163$	20.48
$D_s^+ \to \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+$	$18142\pm678$	54.34	$18569 \pm 629$	55.26
$D_s^+  o \pi^+ \eta$	8922 ± 313	45.64	$9263 \pm 318$	45.17
$D_s^+ \to \pi^+ \pi^0 \eta$	$20919 \pm 1093$	18.35	$21213 \pm 1039$	18.90
$D_{s}^{+} ightarrow\pi^{+}\eta^{\prime}$ , $\eta^{\prime} ightarrow\pi^{+}\pi^{-}\eta$	$4701 \pm 130$	23.49	$4521 \pm 120$	23.72
$D_{s}^{+}  ightarrow \pi^{+} \eta^{\prime}$ , $\eta^{\prime}  ightarrow \gamma  ho^{0}$ , $ ho^{0}  ightarrow \pi^{+} \pi^{-}$	$10998 \pm 427$	29.32	$11141 \pm 413$	29.65
$D_s^+ \to K^+ \pi^- \pi^+$	$8332 \pm 467$	46.65	$8124 \pm 537$	46.09
Sum	$186100 \pm 1675$		$189478 \pm 1654$	

## ST yields of $D_s^+(@4180)$











Shape⊗Gauss+ Chebyshev

## ST yields of $D_s^-(@4180)$





2

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2

2

2.02



Shape⊗Gauss+ Chebyshev

### $e^+e^-$ Selections

- $P_{e^+} < 0.2 \text{ GeV/c}$  and  $P_{e^-} < 0.2 \text{ GeV/c}$ .
- PID with dE/dx in MDC: Prob(e) > 0,  $Prob(e) > Prob(\pi)$



### $e^+e^-$ Selections

For  $cos\theta_{e^+e^-} > 0.92$ :

• Use GammaConv Package,  $R_{XY} = \sqrt{V_x^2 + V_y^2} < 2 \text{ cm}$ 

For  $cos \theta_{e^+e^-} < 0.92$ :

• Use Vertex Fitting Package, 
$$R_{XY} = \sqrt{V_x^2 + V_y^2} < 2 \text{ cm}$$





### $e^+e^-$ Selections



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## **Signal Efficiencies**

Tag Modes	$\epsilon^{+,dau}_{i,j}(\%)$	$\epsilon^{-,bac}_{i,j}(\%)$	$\epsilon^{-,dau}_{i,j}(\%)$	$\epsilon^{+,bac}_{i,j}(\%)$
$D_s^+ \to K_s^0 K^+$	3.90	4.14	3.91	4.04
$D_s^+ \to K^+ K^- \pi^+$	3.28	3.52	3.30	3.54
$D_s^+ \to K_s^0 K^+ \pi^0$	1.25	1.49	1.24	1.56
$D_s^+ \to K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^0$	0.78	1.06	0.81	1.07
$D_s^+ \to K_s^0 K^- \pi^+ \pi^+$	1.42	1.63	1.45	1.63
$D_s^+ \to \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+$	4.56	4.98	4.46	4.97
$D_s^+ \to \pi^+ \eta$	4.19	4.40	4.12	4.42
$D_s^+ \to \pi^+ \pi^0 \eta$	1.83	2.10	1.83	2.19
$D_{s}^{+}  ightarrow \pi^{+} \eta^{\prime}$ , $\eta^{\prime}  ightarrow \pi^{+} \pi^{-} \eta$	1.81	1.98	1.77	1.97
$D_s^+ \to \pi^+ \eta', \eta' \to \gamma \rho^0, \rho^0 \to \pi^+ \pi^-$	2.64	2.70	2.65	2.79
$D_s^+ \to K^+ \pi^- \pi^+$	3.88	4.24	3.93	4.31

✓ The momentum of  $e^+$  and  $e^-$  are very low, so the tracking efficiencies are very low, it's the main reason that the signal efficiencies are very limited.









Background from inclusive MC

$$\begin{array}{l} PDF_{i\,D_{s}^{dau}} = N_{iD_{s}^{dau}}PDF_{i\,D_{s}^{dau}} + N_{bkg\,i\,D_{s}^{bac}}PDF_{i\,bac} + N_{bkg\,i\,D_{s}^{dau}}PDF_{i\,bac} + N_{bkg\,i\,D_{s}^{bac}}PDF_{i\,bkg\,i\,D_{s}^{bac}} \\ PDF_{i\,D_{s}^{bac}} = N_{iD_{s}^{bac}}PDF_{i\,D_{s}^{bac}} + N_{bkg\,i\,D_{s}^{dau}}PDF_{i\,dau} + N_{bkg\,i\,D_{s}^{bac}}PDF_{i\,BKGD_{s}^{bac}} \\ N_{bkg\,i\,D_{s}^{bac}} = Scale_{dau} \times N_{iD_{s}^{bac}} \\ N_{bkg\,i\,D_{s}^{dau}} = Scale_{bac} \times N_{iD_{s}^{dau}} \\ PDF_{i\,D_{s}^{dau}} = Shape_{i\,D_{s}^{dau}}\otimes Gauss(\mu_{1},\sigma_{1}) \\ PDF_{i\,D_{s}^{bac}} = Shape_{i\,D_{s}^{bac}}\otimes Gauss(\mu_{2},\sigma_{2}) \end{array}$$

Component 1	Component 3	Component 5
$D_s^+ \to K^+ K^- \pi^+$	$D_s^+ \to K_s^0 K^- \pi^+ \pi^+$	$D_s^+ \to \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+$
Component 2	$D_s^+ \to \pi^+ \eta$	$D_s^+  o \pi^+ \pi^0 \eta$
$D_S^+ \to K_S^0 K^+$	Component 4	$D_{s}^{+}  ightarrow \pi^{+} \eta^{\prime}$ , $\eta^{\prime}  ightarrow \gamma  ho^{0}$ , $ ho^{0}  ightarrow \pi^{+} \pi^{-}$
$D_{S}^{+} \rightarrow K_{S}^{0}K^{+}$ $D_{S}^{+} \rightarrow \pi^{+}\eta', \eta' \rightarrow \pi^{+}\pi^{-}\eta$	Component 4 $D_s^+ \to K_S^0 K^+ \pi^0$	$\begin{split} D_s^+ &\to \pi^+ \eta', \eta' \to \gamma \rho^0, \rho^0 \to \pi^+ \pi^- \\ D_s^+ &\to K^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \end{split}$





### **IO Check**





	Result		
mean	$-0.1555 \pm 0.1666$		
sigma	${\bf 1.0401 \pm 0.1212}$		

## Summary and Next to do

- ✓ We have a preliminary result about  $\mathcal{B}(D_s^{+*} \rightarrow D_s^+ e^+ e^-) = (8.89 \pm 1.15) \times 10^{-3}$  using data at 4.180 GeV.
- $\checkmark$  IO Check of branching fraction has been finished.

	Results		Statistical Uncertainty(%)
This work	$(8.89 \pm 1.15)  imes 10^{-3}$	This work	12.94
CLEO-c	$\left(6.7^{+1.4}_{-1.2}\pm0.9 ight) imes10^{-3}$	CLEO-c	18~21

- $\succ$  Next to do:
- ➤ Using 2D fitting to get a correct statistical uncertainty (almost done).
- $\succ$  Try the method to extract the form factor (almost done).
- ➤ Add more data at 4.190 4.200, 4.210, 4.220, 4.230.
- Systematic uncertainty

### **Thanks!**