# (Anti-)H3L Yield in Isobar Collisions at 200 GeV

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## Outline

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- Signal Extraction
- Embedding Tuning and Checks
- Efficiency, Yield and Particle Ratios
- Summary and Outlook

### Introduction

- Hypernuclei production mechanism is not well understood
  - Thermal model
  - Coalescence
- Multiplicity dependence of S3 may help distinguish different models(behavior in peripheral cases are very crucial)
  - $S_3 = \frac{{}^{3}_{\Lambda}H/{}^{3}He}{\Lambda/p}$
  - Lack of statistics for ALICE results
- Isobar data with high statistics offers an opportunity
  - ~4 billion events available



### Data Set, Event and Track Selection

- Data set: Run18 Isobar (Ru+Ru & Zr+Zr 200 GeV, SL20c)
- Trigger ID: 600001, 600011, 600021, 600031
- Official badrun list and centrality definition
- Decay channel:  ${}^{3}_{\Lambda}H \rightarrow \pi^{-} + {}^{3}He, \ {}^{3}_{\overline{\Lambda}}\overline{H} \rightarrow \pi^{+} + {}^{3}\overline{He}$
- Event selection cuts: -35 < Vz < 25 (cm), Vr < 2 cm
- Track selection cuts:
  - NHits  $\geq$  15, nHitsFit/nHitsPoss  $\geq$  0.52, 0.12  $\geq$  dEdxError  $\geq$  0.04
  - $p_{\rm T} \ge 0.1$ ,  $|\eta| \le 1.5$
  - PID:
    - He3: dEdx selection
      - 2.5-sigma for lower limit
      - 3-sigma for higher limit
    - Pion: |nsigma\_pi| < 3



- (Anti-)H3L is reconstructed in different centralities (0-10%, 10-20%, 20-40%, 40-80% and 0-80%) with the KFparticle package
- Topological cuts for (Anti-)H3L reconstruction
  - Chi2primary\_pi > 10, Chi2primary\_He3 < 2000
  - Chi2ndf < 5, Chi2topo <2
  - Decay length (I) > 3.4 cm, IdI > 3.5
  - He3 DCA <1, p > 2 GeV

Topo cuts from Junlin's anti-H4L analysis https://drupal.star.bnl.gov/STAR/system/files/Analysis\_note\_for\_anti\_HyperH4\_ver4.pdf

- Background reconstruction (Mix Event):
  - Mix current event with 5 similar events (within same centrality bin) in buffer
  - ~10 times statistics
  - ME describes the background well





## Signal Extraction



- (Anti-)H3L acceptance and selected phase space (red line)
  - |y| < 0.8 && 2.2 < pT < 4.2 for (Anti-)H3L
- pT windows for bin counting:
  - designed to be consistent with Yun's He3 results (pT/m binning matched)
  - bins with significance less than 2-sigma are not included

# **Embedding Tuning and Checks**



- To calculate efficiency, tune the embedding to match data:
  - Target: consistent distribution of topological variables for reco data and embedding
  - Respectively apply weights on pT & y distribution in each centrality
- Iteration workflow
  - pT & y weights as output
  - Stabilized after 3-4 iterations
  - Need to check topological variables
  - Sometimes Fit() fails due to lack of statistics (then apply weights of nearby centrality)
  - Temperatures in Boltzmann function for different centralities are summarized

Cent. T(GeV)	0-80%	0-10%	10-20%	20-40%	40-80%
T(H3L)	0.41	0.45	0.43	0.42	0.42
T(Anti-H3L)	0.39	0.47	0.43	0.39	0.13

# **Embedding Tuning and Checks**





# **Embedding Tuning and Checks**



- Efficiency
  - From embedding: Tracking × Reconstruction efficiency
  - From PID: folded into the calculation as a weight
  - Higher efficiencies in the peripheral cases



- Corrected Yield for (Anti-)H3L
  - Corrected invariant yield =  $\frac{Raw Counts}{B.R. \times Efficiency \times 2\pi \times p_T^{center} \times \Delta p_T \times \Delta y}$
  - Compare with Yun's (Anti-)He3 results
  - Systematic uncertainties are not studied yet



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H3L/He3 & Anti-H3L/Anti-He3 ratios

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- Divide H3L yield (this work) by He3 yield (Yun) within same pT/m range: 0.7~1.2. For H3L, this corresponds to a pT range of 2.2~3.4
- dN\_ch/deta for corresponding centralities are not available for Isobar, the efficiency uncorrected TPC multiplicity is shown as a substitute
- Consistent with Junlin's all-refmult result
- Particle & anti-particle ratios consistent within uncertainties



 $dN_{ch}^{raw}/d\eta_{lnl<0.5}$ 

10<sup>2</sup>



- Numerator
  - Use a combined ratio of particle and anti-particle
- Denominator
  - Estimated with Au+Au 200 GeV results.
  - Lambda dNdy: PRL 98, 062301 (2007)
  - Proton dNdy: PRC 79, 034909 (2009)
- Large uncertainty on S3, no obvious dN\_ch/deta dependence
  - Lambda/p relative uncertainty comparable with H3L/He3
  - Planning to measure Lambda in Isobar (lack of embedding now)

Relative Uncertainty	1st(40-80%)	2nd(0-80%)	3rd(20-40%)	4th(10-20%)	5th(0-10%)
$\sigma(\Lambda/p)$	0.115	0.116	0.115	0.118	0.121
$\sigma(^{3}_{\Lambda}\text{H}/^{3}\text{He})$	0.267	0.093	0.140	0.179	0.127



10<sup>2</sup>

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 $dN_{ch}/d\eta_{|\eta|<0.5}$ 

10<sup>3</sup>

# Summary and Outlook

- Summary
  - We report the pT spectra of (Anti-)H3L in Isobar collisions at 200 GeV
  - Particle ratios including H3L/He3 and S3 are calculated. We observe no significant S3 dependence on dN\_ch/deta due to large uncertainty
- Outlook
  - Study systematic uncertainty of (Anti-)H3L yield
  - Measure Lambda yield in Isobar collisions and improve precision on S3

#### **BACK UP**



#### Lambda Reconstruction



~20% statistics

But we don't have Lambda embedding for Isobar now