Update on H3L Errors

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How I combine errors for various components

- dN/dy and its errors
 - In region where we have measurement
 - Use bincontents and binerror (stat. /sys.)
 - To combine stat./sys. err in different bins from measured region, do sqrt(a*a+b*b);
 - Extrapolation to region where we have no measurement
 - Stat. Err calculated with the 68% confidence band returned by TFitResult
 - Sys. Err calculated with scaling method
 - Function fit on dN/dptdy rather than dN/dptdy * 1/pt, with option "I"
 - To combine stat. Err in measured and extrapolated region, do sqrt(a*a+b*b)
 - To combine sys. Err in measured and extrapolated region, do a+b

Centrality	dN/dy ± stat. <mark>+</mark> sys. up – sys. down	Extrapolation fraction
0-10	$4.03e-5 \pm 1.02e-5 + 4.40e-6$	0.56
10-20	2.12e-5 ± 8.30e-6 + 2.23e-6	0.56
20-40	$1.21e-5 \pm 3.78e-6 \stackrel{+}{-} \stackrel{1.43e-7}{1.48e-6}$	0.62
40-80	2.08e-6 ± 8.86e-7 + 2.62e-7 - 2.77e-7	0.64

Centrality	dN/dy \pm stat. $+$ sys. up – sys. down	Extrapolation fraction
0-10	4.03e-5 ± 7.76e-6 + 3.96e-6 - 3.12e-6	0.56
10-20	$2.12e-5 \pm 7.02e-6 \stackrel{+}{-} \stackrel{2.18e-6}{1.79e-6}$	0.56
20-40	1.21e-5 ± 2.70e-6 + 1.58e-7 - 1.16e-6	0.62
40-80	$2.08e-6 \pm 8.09e-7 - 3.09e-7$	0.64



Both calculated from the 68% confidence level band returned by TFitResult.

Old (fit dN/dptdy *1/pt with option "I") Whenever I need to combine errors, do a+b only.

New (fit dN/dptdy with option "I")

Do a+b only for scaling method. If correlation between a and b is not so clear, I will do sqrt(a*a+b*b) 2

- 3 methods to assign stat. error on the extrapolation component of dn/dy
 - Depend on stat. error from data and the fit performance
 - Confidence band method → Propagation method
 - Bootstrap method
 - ONLY depends on stat. error from data
 - Scaling method
- How I get the confidence band

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- By calling FitResult::GetConfidenceIntevals(unsigned int n, unsigned int stride1, unsigned int stride2, const double * x, double * ci, double cl, bool norm)
- double* x should be organized as a bunch of vectors, with stride1 and stride2 defines the index to access each component of each vector typically, stride1 = ndim, stride2 = 1

fitter→**G**etConfidenceIntervals(gBand[ifunc][icut][ichg][icent]→GetN(), 1, 1, gBand[ifunc][icut][ichg][icent]→GetX(), gBand[ifunc][icut][ichg][icent]→GetEY(), 0.682689492137, false);

- <u>https://root.cern/doc/v628/FitResult_8cxx_source.html#I00495</u> (Line 495 -- 570)
- Propagate errors for parameters to the function value F(x,par)
 - By calculating gradient and the covariance matrix w.r.t. the parameters
- Return 1-sigma band for F(x,par)
- Confidence band is not good for dN/dy calculation
 - We need 1-sigma band for [s(par) = integral of F(x,par)]
 - We can calculate gradient for [s(par) = integral of F(x,par)] and do the propagation by ourselves
 - Use [s(par+dpar)-s(par-dpar)]/(2 dpar) (central difference) to calculate gradient near the best fit on par
 - Use sqrt(g^TCg) to do the propagation
 - Mathematically it is very clear

- How I do bootstrap
 - For i-th point (xi,yi) on the original spectrum, the stat. err is eyi
 - We get many other spectra by resampling the i-th point with Gaussian distribution (mean = yi, sigma = eyi)
 - Fit each resampling spectrum to get a dNdy in the extrapolated region, they form a distribution
 - Fit the resampling dN/dy distribution with a Gaussian to extract stat. err
 - Potential issue: the fit sometimes not good, how to extract stat. err? Do we use sigma from gaussian fit or use standard deviation of the resampling distribution?
- How I do scaling
 - Fit the spectrum
 - Calculate dNdy_mea and dNdy_ex, dNdy = dNdy_mea + dNdy_ex
 - We assume f = err_dNdy_ex / dNdy_ex = err_dNdy_mea / dNdy_mea
 - Then err_dN/dy = f * dNdy
 - Potential issue: I use an assumption; f might have fluctuation?
 - If we use scaling on systematic error estimation, we face similar problem?





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 - Fit each resampling spectrum to get a dNdy in the extrapolated region, they form a distribution
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- Compare 3 different methods on calculating stat. error for extrapolated dNdy
 - For bootstrap, we report gaus mean (mean of resampling distribution), gaus sigma (standard deviation of resampling distribution)
 - Confidence band method will estimate error larger than propagation
 - Scaling method will give much smaller error compared with other methods
 - Bootstrap will give dNdy and its error similar to propagation method, if we use mean and sigma of the resampling distribution rather than fitting a gaussian to get them.

0-10%	Extrapolated dNdy	lts stat. error	10-20%	Extrapolated dNdy	lts stat. error
Confidence band	2.267e-5	7.465e-6	Confidence band	1.182e-5	6.821e-6
Propagation	2.267e-5	6.393e-6	Propagation	1.182e-5	5.927e-6
Bootstrap	2.234e-5 (2.255e-5)	5.325e-6 (6.023e-6)	Bootstrap	1.334e-5 (1.171e-5)	3.186e-6 (5.141e-6)
Scaling	2.267e-5	2.709e-6	Scaling	1.182e-5	2.107e-6

20-40%	Extrapolated dNdy	lts stat. error	40-80%	Extrapolated dNdy	lts stat. error
Confidence band	7.466e-6	2.615e-6	Confidence band	1.332e-6	7.967e-7
Propagation	7.466e-6	2.452e-6	Propagation	1.332e-6	7.577e-7
Bootstrap	7.238e-6 (7.373e-6)	2.263e-6 (2.596e-6)	Bootstrap	1.263e-6 (1.366e-6)	5.682e-7 (7.099e-7)
Scaling	7.466e-6	1.094e-6	Scaling	1.332e-6	2.541e-7