

### Vindhyawasini Prasad

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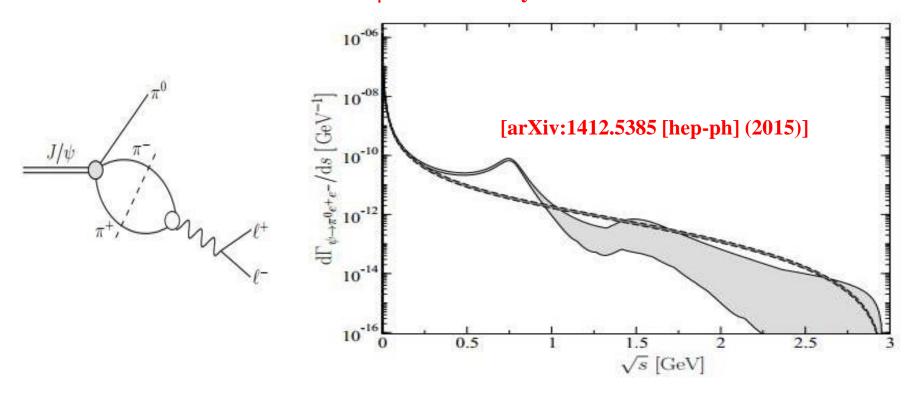
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### **Motivation**

 $J/\psi \rightarrow e^+e^-\pi^0$  decay



	Exp. data	this work	VMD prediction [13]	
$\psi \to \pi^0 e^+ e^-$	$0.0756 \pm 0.0141$	$0.1191 \pm 0.0138$	$0.0389^{+0.0037}_{-0.0033}$	
$\psi \to \eta e^+ e^-$	$1.16\pm0.09$	$1.16\pm0.08$	$1.21\pm0.04$	
$\psi \to \eta^{'} e^+ e^-$	$5.81 \pm 0.35$	$5.76 \pm 0.16$	$5.66 \pm 0.16$	
		I.	[arXiv:1411.1159 [hep-ph] (2014	<b>4)]</b>

# **Event reconstruction and selection**

- Select the events of interests with exactly two charged tracks and at least two photons.
- q Good charged tracks  $|V_r| < 1.0 \text{ cm}, |V_z| < 10 \text{ cm}$  and  $|cos\theta| \le 0.93$

Good photons

Barrel region ( $\cos\theta_{\gamma} < 0.8$ ):  $E_{\gamma} > 25 \text{ MeV}$ End-cap region ( $0.86 < \cos\theta_{\gamma} < 0.92$ ):  $E_{\gamma} > 50 \text{ MeV}$ EMC timing: [0,14]×(50) ns,  $\theta_{\gamma,x} \pm > 10$  degrees.

Cos<sup>0<sup>heli</sup></sup>

- > Perform a 4C kinematic fit with two charged tracks and at least two good photon candidates.
- > The  $\chi^2$  from 4C kinematic fit is required to be less than 100.

The two charged tracks are required to be identified as electrons using the PID based on dE/dx, TOF and EMC
 prob of e<sup>-</sup> > prob of π<sup>-</sup>
 Prob of e<sup>-</sup> > prob of K<sup>-</sup>
 δ<sub>xy</sub> < 2 cm</li>
 Cosθ<sub>heli</sub> < 0.8</li>

## **Event selection**

 $\blacktriangleright$  Improve further the purity of electrons while requiring the E/p distributions of both the tracks to be greater than 0.8c for  $e^{\pm}$  momentum to be greater than 0.25 GeV/c.

Ep\_fit\_P {ep\_EOP < 0}

7000 6000 5000

4000 3000

2000

1000

Entries

Mean

PMS

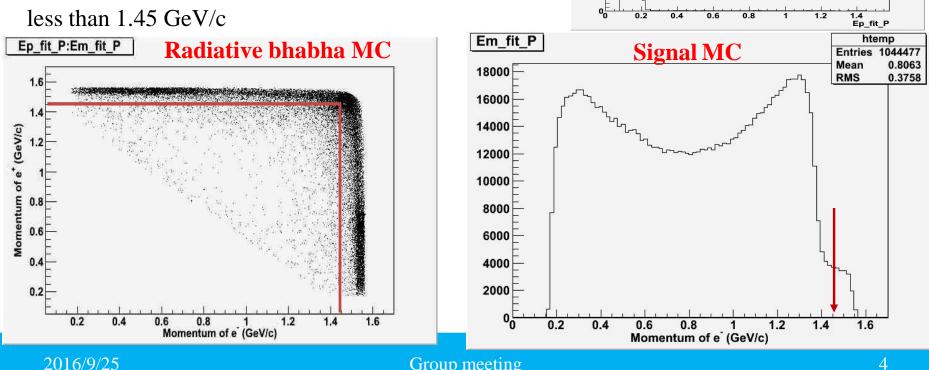
41162

0.1807

0.1698

No m<sub>ee</sub> cut.  $\succ$ 

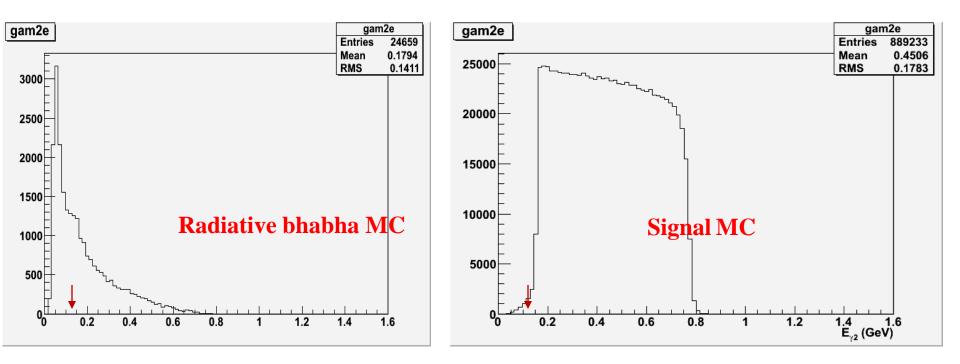
Radiative bhabha related events are while requiring suppressed the momentum of both the tracks to be less than 1.45 GeV/c



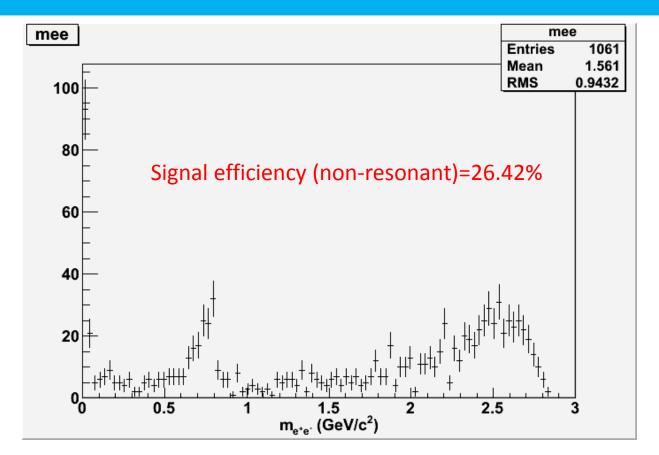
Group meeting

### **Event selection**

Energy of second photon used for  $\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$  is required to be larger than 0.14 GeV.



# **Di-electron invariant mass distribution**



#### Peaking backgrounds:

- ► J/ $\psi \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$  (78.29 events determined using exclusive MC sample)
- >  $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma \pi^0$  (2.37 event determined using exclusive MC sample)

### ML fit to di-electron invariant mass distribution

#### Gounaris-Sakurai lineshape PDF

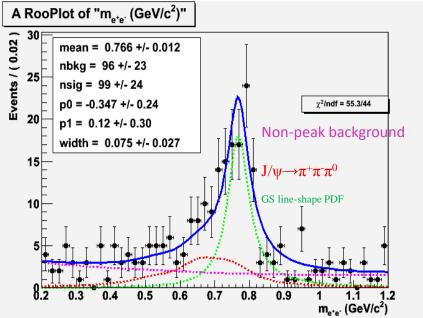
$$GS(m; m_0, \Gamma_0, J, R) = \frac{(1 + d \cdot \Gamma_0 / m_0)^2}{(m^2 - m_0^2 - f(m^2))^2 + m_0^2 \Gamma^2(m)},$$

where

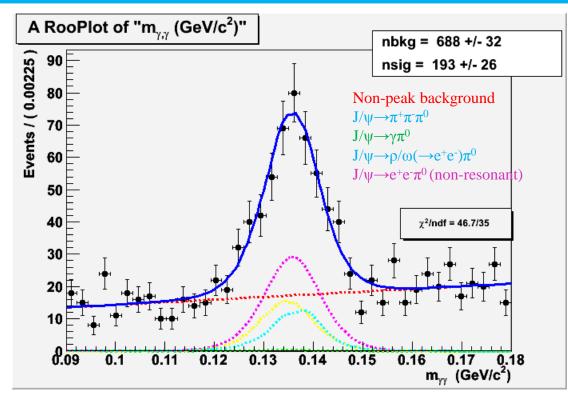
$$\begin{split} f(s) &= \Gamma_0 \frac{m_0^2}{k^3(m_0)} \left[ k^2(m) [h(s) - h(m_0^2)] + (m_0^2 - s) k^2(m_0) dh/ds |_{s=m_0^2} \right], \\ h(s) &= \frac{2k(m)}{\pi \sqrt{(s)}} \ln \left( \frac{\sqrt{s} + 2k(m)}{2m_\pi} \right), \\ dh/ds |_{s=m_0^2} &= h(m_0^2) \left[ (8k^2(m_0))^{-1} - (2m_0^2)^{-1} \right] + (2\pi m_0^2)^{-1}, \end{split}$$

$$d = \frac{3m_{\pi}^2}{\pi k^2(m_0)} \ln\left(\frac{m_0 + 2k(m_0)}{2m_{\pi}}\right) + \frac{m_0}{2\pi k(m_0)} - \frac{m_{\pi}^2 m_0}{\pi k^3(m_0)},$$
  

$$\Gamma(m) = \Gamma_0 \frac{m_0}{m} \left(\frac{k(m)}{k(m_0)}\right)^{2J+1},$$



### ML fit to di-photon invariant mass distribution



 $Br(J/\psi \rightarrow e^+e^-\pi^0)$  (non-resonant) = (5.64 ± 0.76)×10^{-7}

#### To do list:

- Will generate the MC sample for resonant + non-resonant contributions of  $J/\psi \rightarrow e^+e^-\pi^0$  to compute the final branching fraction number.
- ➢ Will finalize the systematic uncertainties.
- > Will produce a memo for a review.